



Agent-Guided De Novo Design of Nanobody Binders Against a Novel Cancer Target

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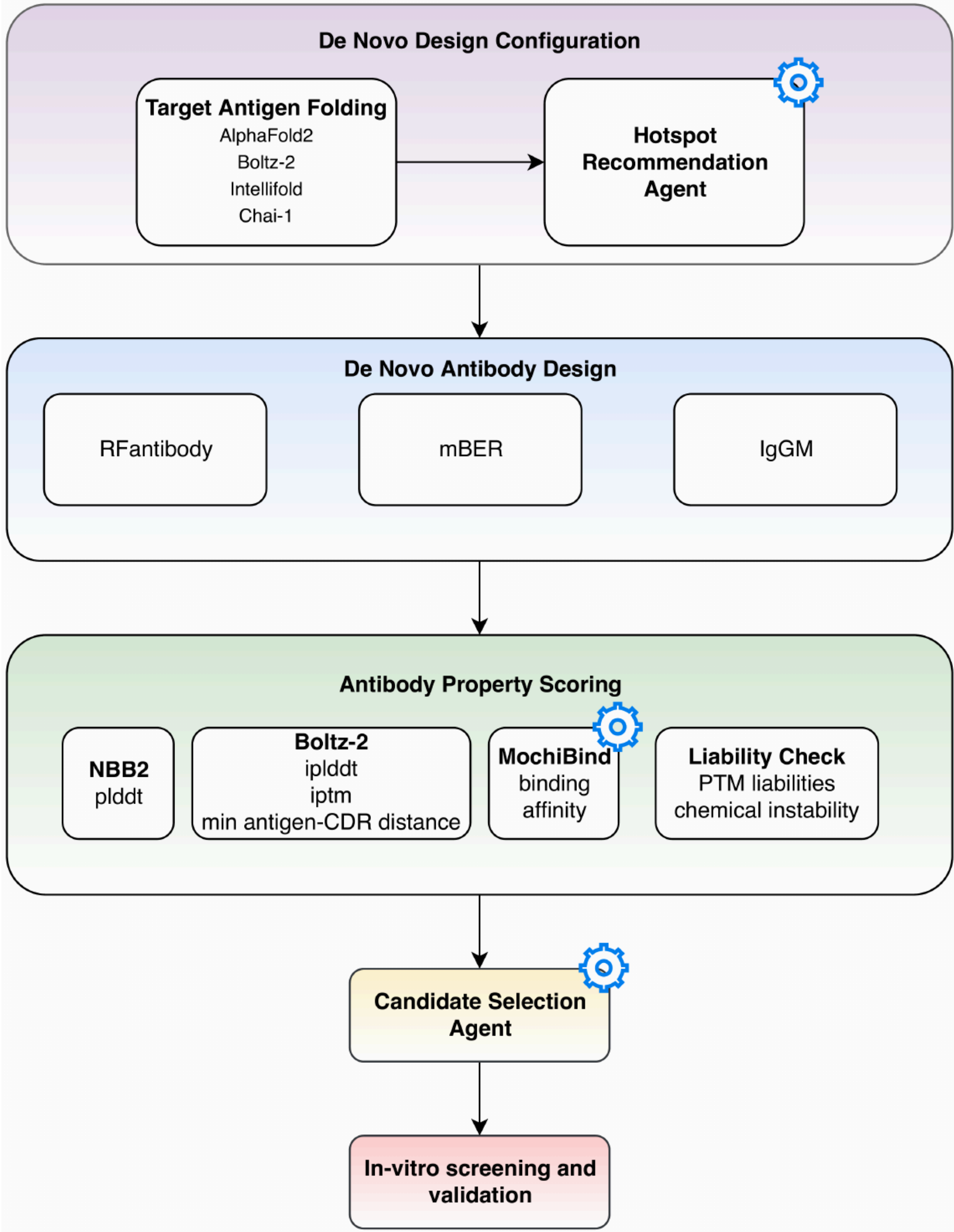


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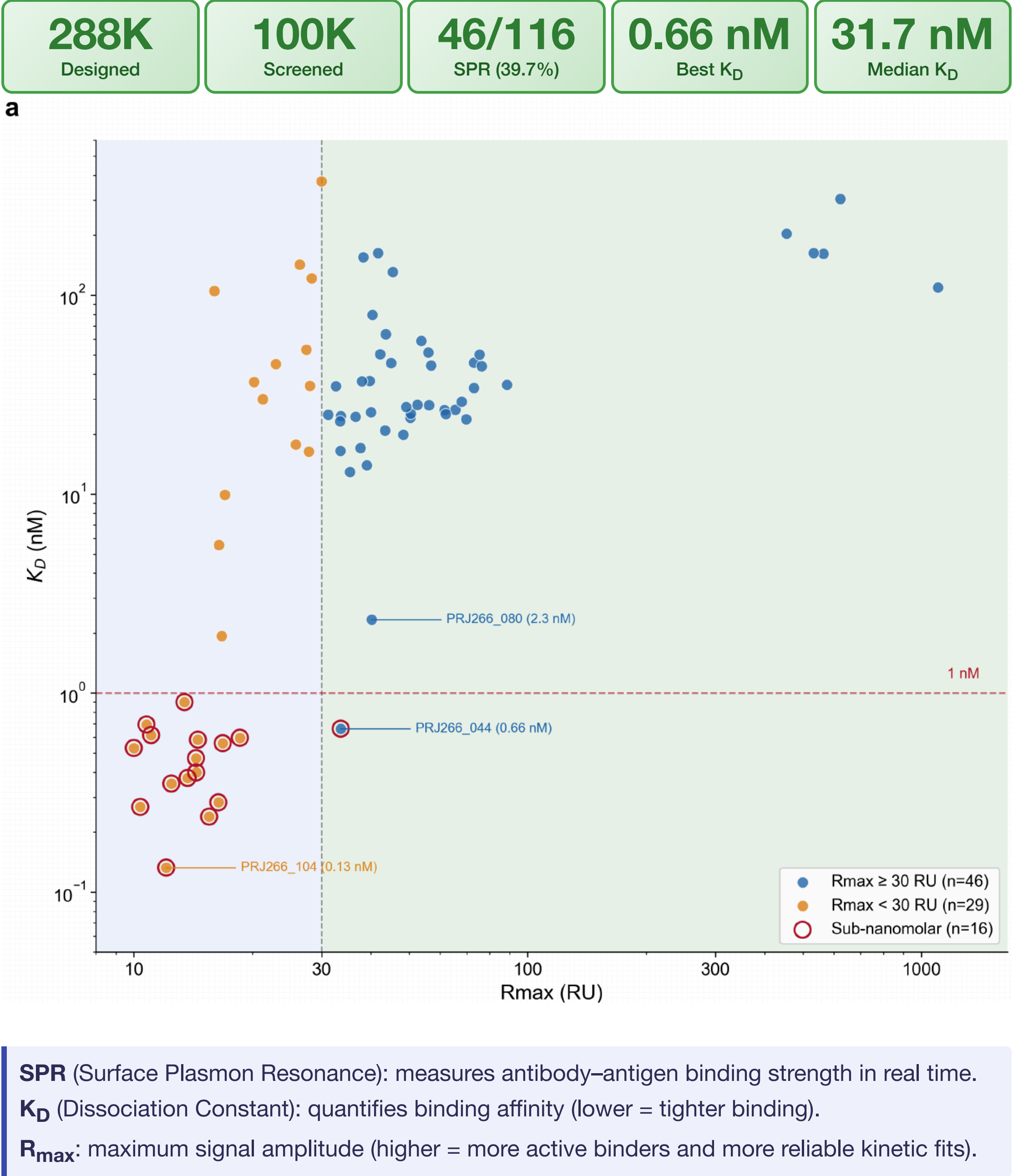
Motivation & Approach

- Traditional antibody discovery: **6–12 months**, limited epitope control
- Novel DSRCT cancer target (identified at MSK) — **no structure, no prior antibodies**
- We test whether **generalized priors from PDB complexes** can design functional binders against an unseen surface
- Fully computational, agent-guided workflow with **evidence-grounded epitope control**

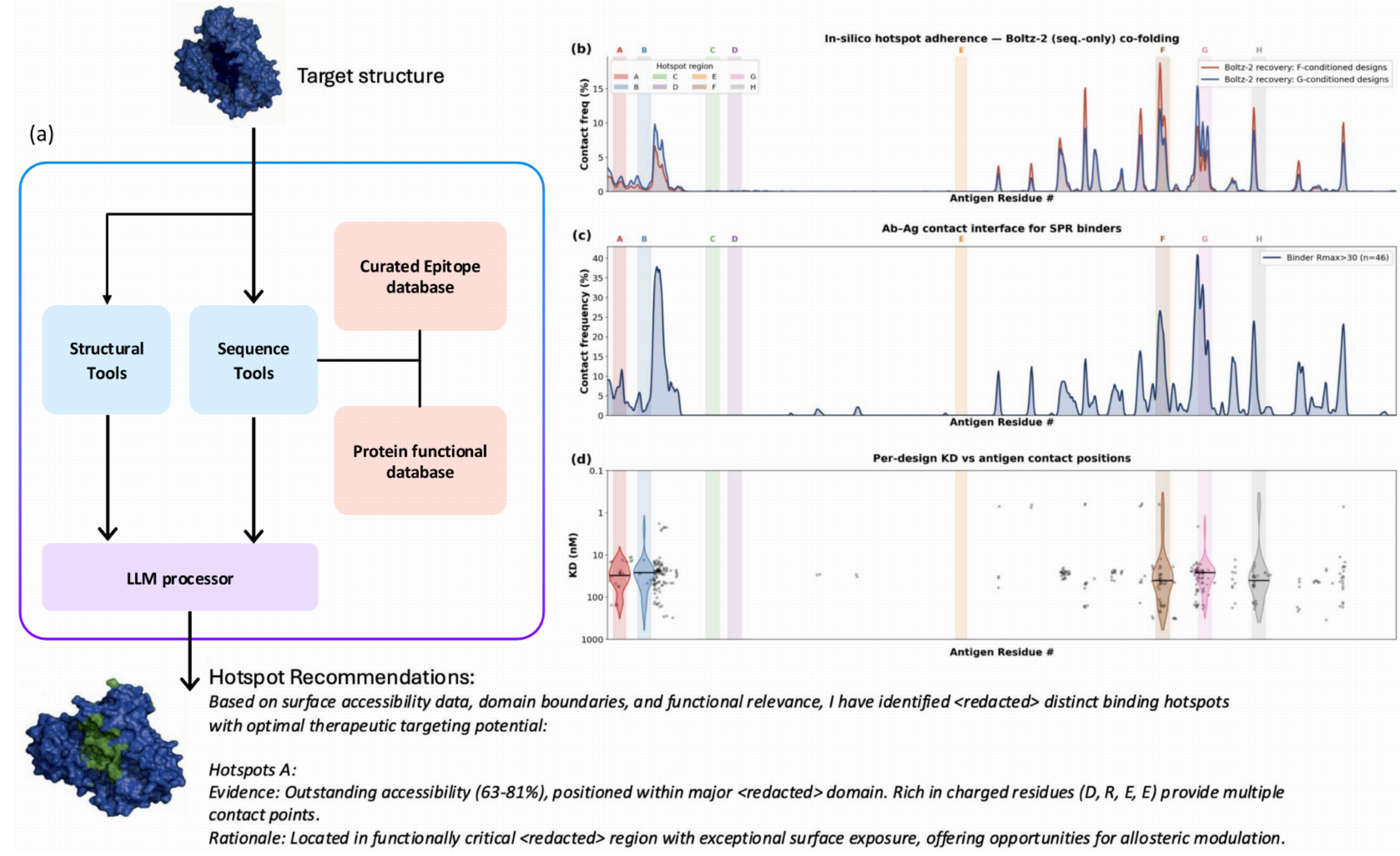
De novo Nanobody Design Pipeline



Key Experimental Results



Hotspot Recommendation Agent



- LLM-orchestrated agent integrates **7 bioinformatics tools** and **2 databases**
- Proposes **8 distinct hotspot regions** with physical & functional rationale
- ~80% top-5 accuracy** on curated holdout (n=76)
- Grounded in verifiable tool outputs — no hallucinated epitopes

Takeaways & Next Steps

- Fully computational, agent-guided workflow yields **nanomolar–sub-nM binders** against a novel target with no structure or prior antibody data.
- Grounding the LLM in **deterministic tool outputs** constrains epitopes to evidence.
- Bottleneck shifts from experimental throughput to **model & scoring quality**; in-silico folding metrics correlate weakly with binding.
- Next:** DBTL cycle 1 complete (116 SPR-characterized) → developability profiling → target-specific ML for directed evolution.