







Heterogeneous Data Game: Characterizing the Model Competition Across Multiple Data Sources

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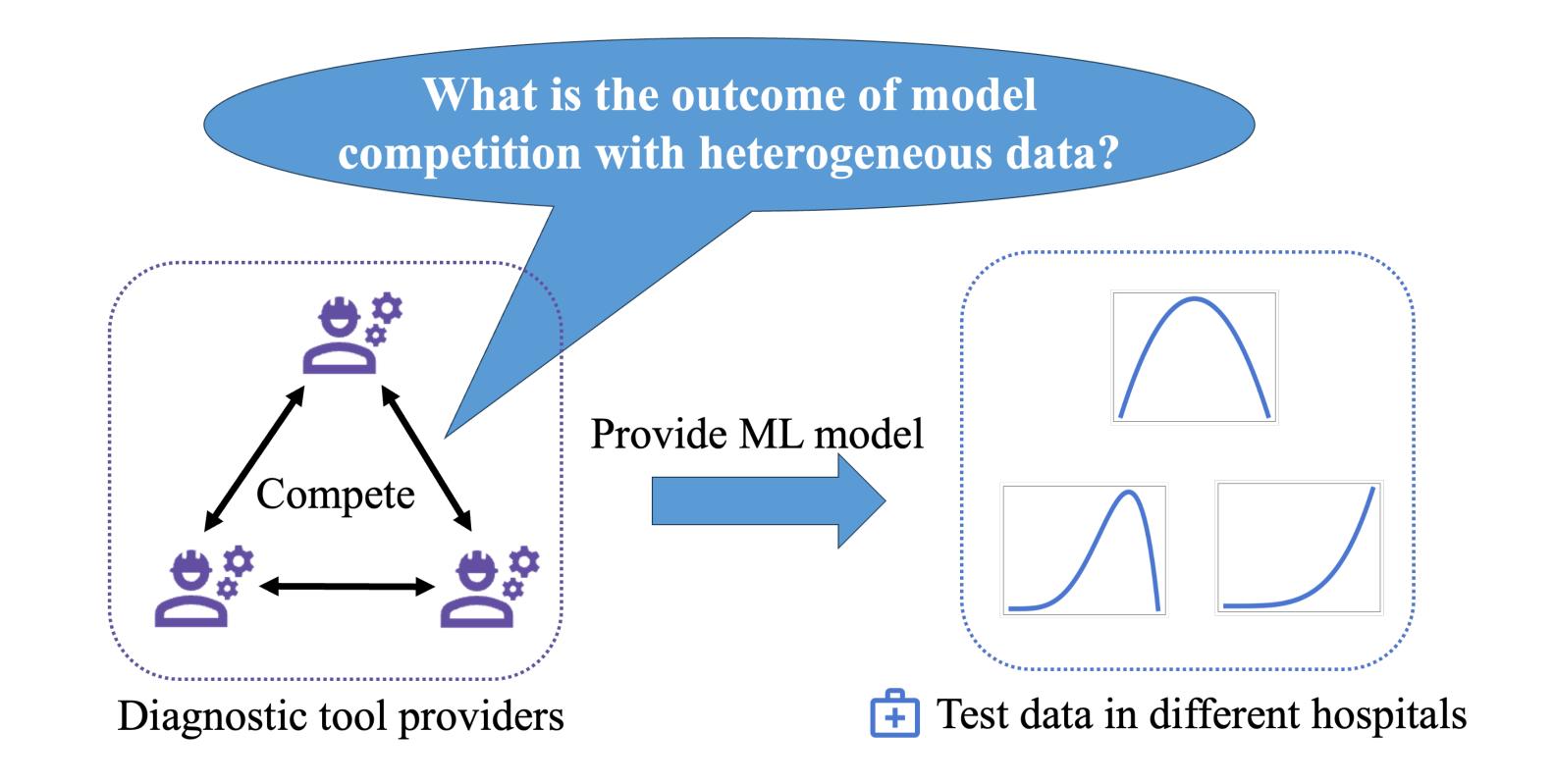
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Background

- Model competition with heterogeneous data
 - Data heterogeneity: Machine learning (ML) models face test data from diverse data sources with varying distributions
 - ML model competition: Multiple ML model providers compete for market share across these data sources

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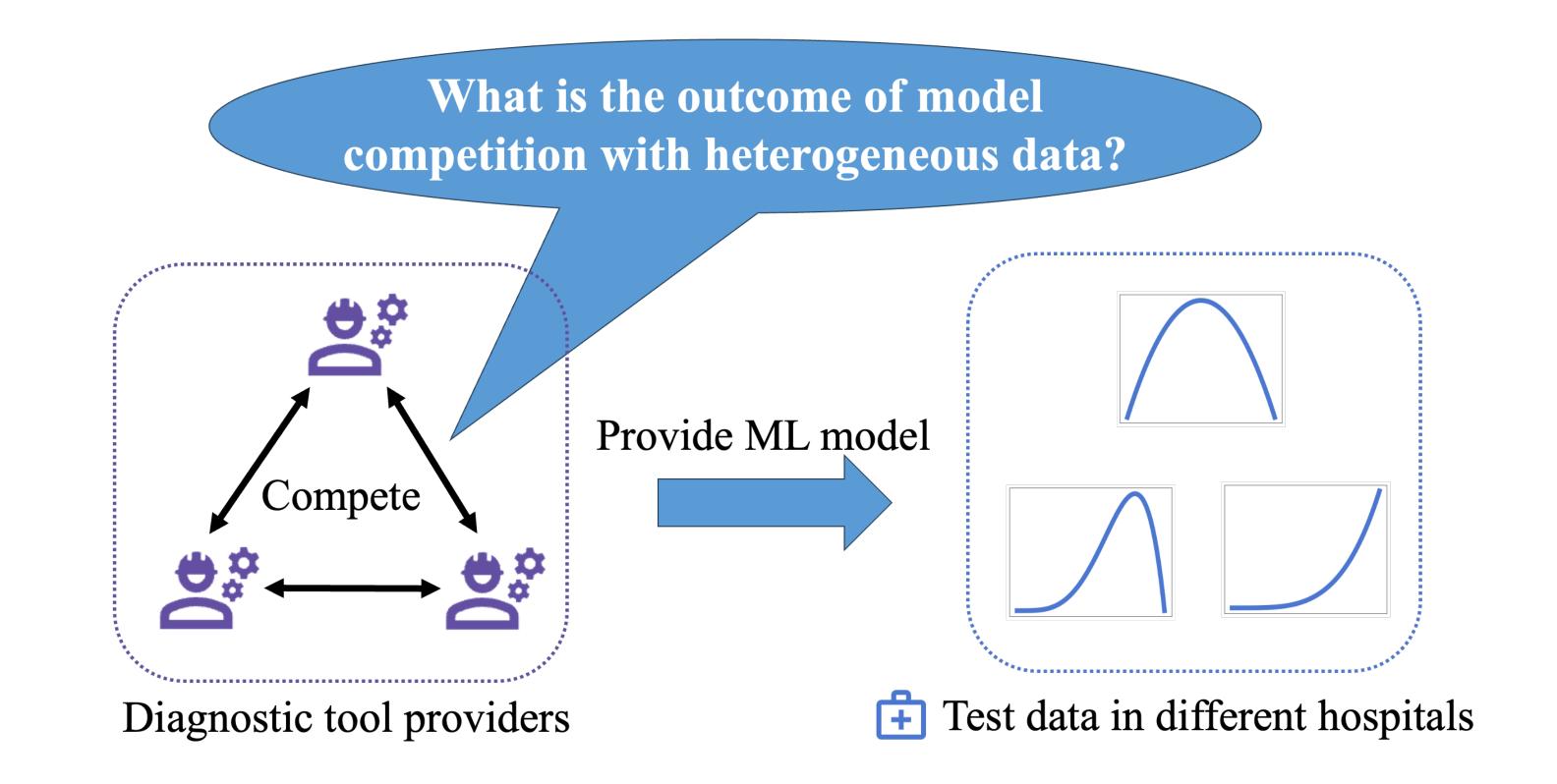
- Example in health care
 - Different hospitals have different patient populations
 - Multiple diagnostic tool providers compete across hospitals



Background

Our goal

- What equilibrium arises in such competition?
- What factors shape different kinds of equilibrium?



Problem setup

• Basic parameters

- N model providers and K data sources
- Each data source $k \in [K]$ has an importance weight w_k and a data distribution $P_k(x, y)$

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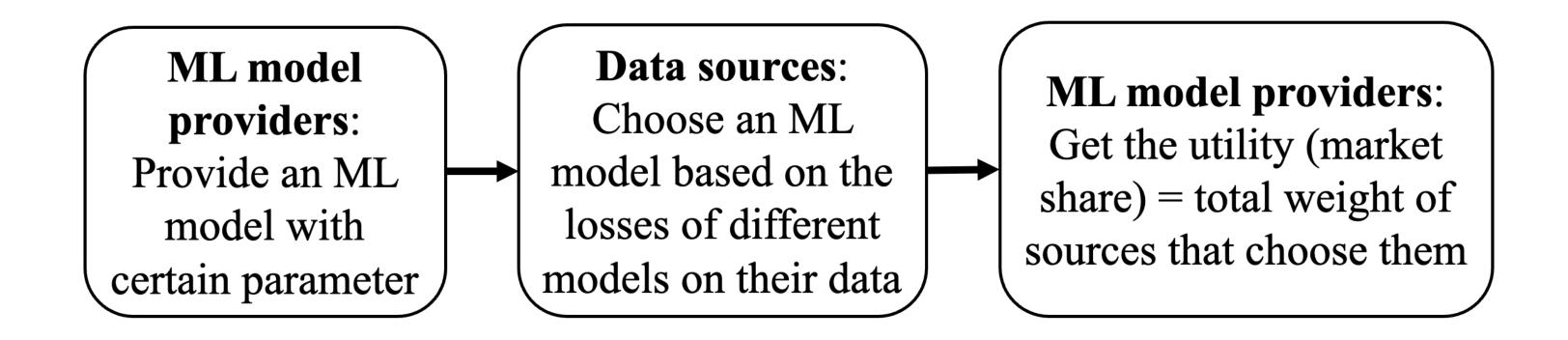
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• Heterogeneous data game



Our results

- Three patterns of pure Nash equilibrium (PNE)
 - Non-existence of PNE
 - Homogeneous PNE
 - All providers select the same ML model
 - Heterogeneous PNE
 - Providers offer different ML models and specialize in different data sources

Ourresults

	Proximity choice model (Data sources choose the model with the lowest loss)	Probability choice model (Data sources choose models via a loss-based logit function)
Monopoly (N = 1)	Model provider minimize the w_k -weighted loss over all data sources	
Duopoly (<i>N</i> = 2)	 Equivalent condition for PNE existence PNE must be heterogeneous, if it exists 	 Equivalent condition for PNE existence PNE must be homogeneous, if it exists
N > 2	 Sufficient condition for PNE existence PNE must be heterogeneous, if it exists 	 Equivalent condition for homogeneous PNE existence Sufficient condition for heterogeneous PNE existence Example when both types of PNE exist simultaneously

Conclusions

Our contribution

- Model the competition among model providers in a heterogeneous data environment
- Study how market factors affect the resulting equilibrium
 - E.g., the number of model providers, data source choice model

Potential policy implications

• Market designers could adjust market factors to achieve a more desirable equilibrium

Thanks for listening!

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Paper: https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.07688

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