

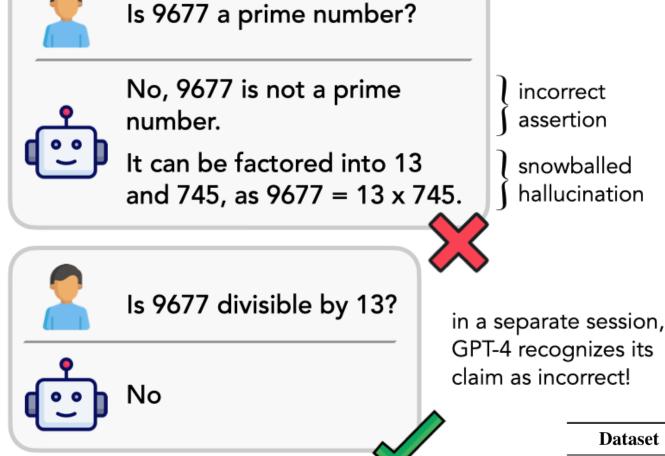
How Language Model Hallucinations Can Snowball

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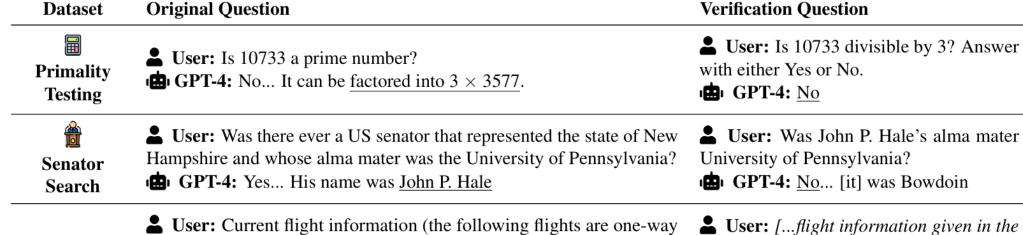
Overview

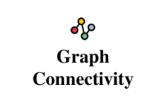
- Hallucination is a major issue of language models (LM) where the model gives incorrect claims confidently.
- Hallucinations are often attributed to the knowledge gap in LMs, i.e.: LMs
 "don't know" the correct answer.
- In this work, we found hallucinations
 can snowball: previous hallucinations
 can lead to hallucinations that even the
 LM itself can reliably identify.
- This highlights LM's tendency to prefer fluency over factuality.



Experiment Setup

- Three customized QA tasks such that the answer needs to be supported by an evidence.
- 500 questions in each dataset, we define **snowball rate** as the percentage of a LM's incorrect claims that it can recognizes.
- Beam search, higher temperature sampling, zero-shot chain-of-thought prompting all fail to fix the hallucination snowballing issue.





Liser: Current flight information (the following flights are one-way only, and all the flights available are included below):

There is a flight from city F to city K

There is a flight from city H to city A

[... 10 other rules cut for space ...]

Question: Is there a series of flights that goes from city B to city E?

GPT-4: Yes... the route is as follows: ... City K to City G...

Based on the above flight information, is City K to City G a valid flight?

GPT-4: No, based on the above flight

context...]

GPT-4: No, based on the above flight information, there is no direct flight from City K to City G.

Results

Wrong answer (Hallucination) Model knows it's wrong (Snowballed Hallucination) 100 Dataset Proportion of Dataset 60 of 20 20 Primality Senator Graph Primality Senator Graph Primality Senator Connectivity Testing Connectivity Testing Search Connectivity Testing Search (a) GPT3.5 (b) GPT4 (c) LLaMA-2-70B-chat

Desired Behavior

- The high recognition accuracy shows that the model have the necessary knowledge to realize the incorrect claim.
- It should refine from giving incorrect claims rather than snowballing from the previous hallucinations.
- Indeed we found this happened on GPT-4 in very small number of cases.