

Heewon Park, Miru Kim and Minhae Kwon

{heewon012, 48r1aal\_fm}@soongsil.ac.kr, minhae@ssu.ac.kr

Soongsil University, Seoul, Republic of Korea

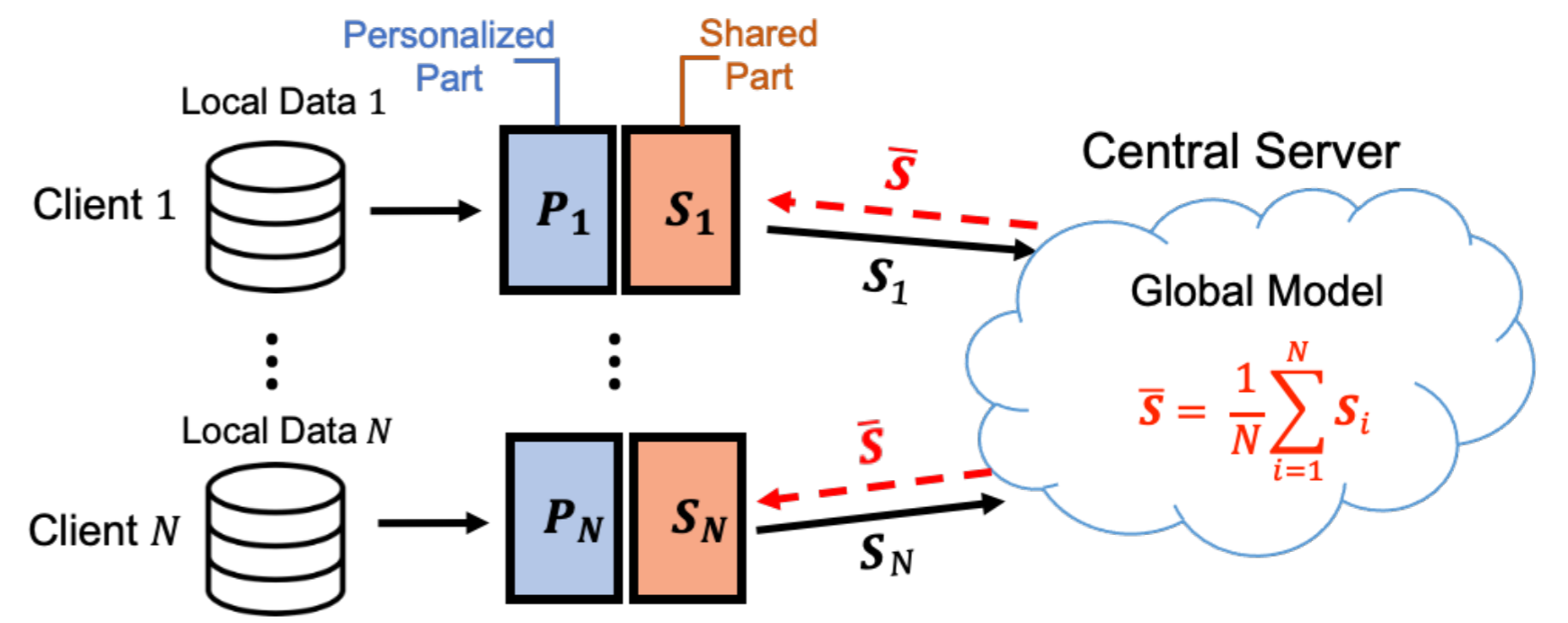
## Motivation & Objectives

**Federated learning** offers a privacy-preserving solution by training models across multiple devices without exchanging raw data [1]

- Limitation1: **The heterogeneous client data distribution** hinders the generation of local models optimized for individual data
- Limitation2: Vanilla FL is **vulnerable to attacks** because it operates under the assumption that all clients are trustworthy

→ We propose an algorithm that **localizes the partial model** and updates local models in **two steps**

## Partial Sharing Federated Learning



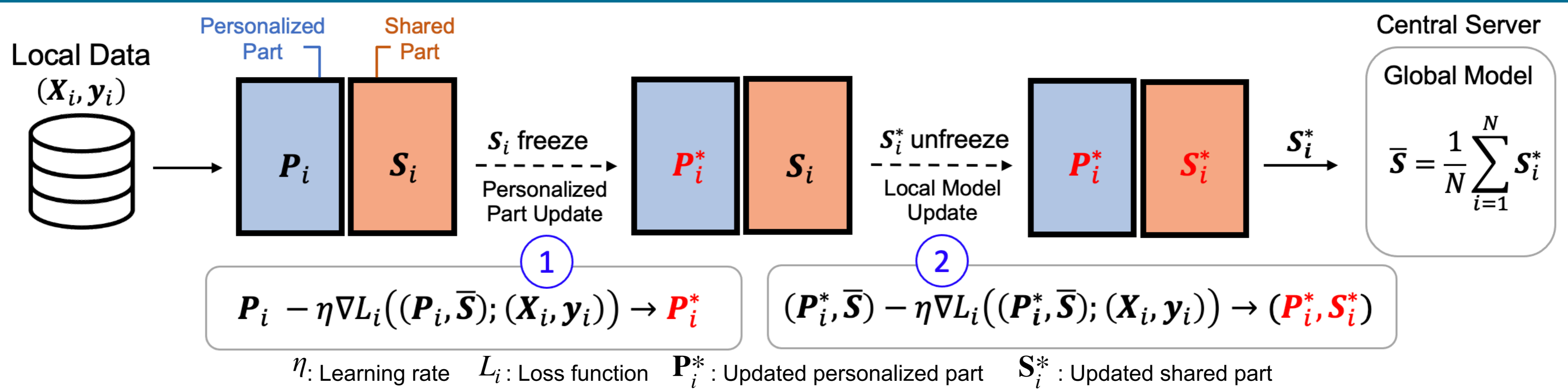
Devide local model into two parts: **personalized-shared part** [2]

**Goal: Increase Performance of Personalization (PoP)**

$$PoP = \frac{1}{N} \frac{1}{T_{total}} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{k=1}^K T_{k,i} q_{k,i}$$

$q_{k,i}$  : The proportion of k-th label data of i-th client  
 $T_{total}$  : # total test set  
 $T_{k,i}$  : # correct prediction of k-th label predicted by i-th client

## Proposed Partial Sharing Algorithm: pFedFrz



### Key Point

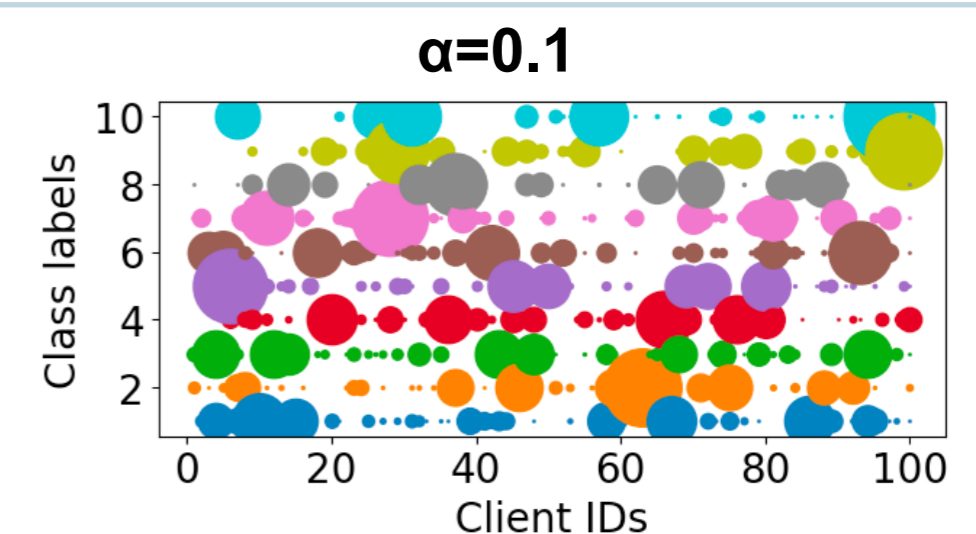
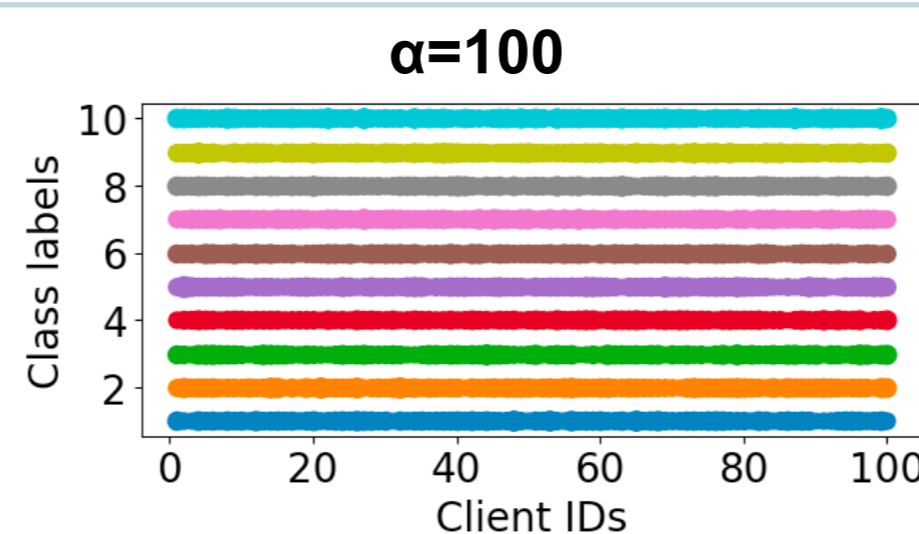
Updates local model in **two steps**

- ①: Update **only the personalized part** → Increase compatibility between personalized-shared parts
- ②: Update both personalized and shared parts → **Generate a local model optimized to local data**

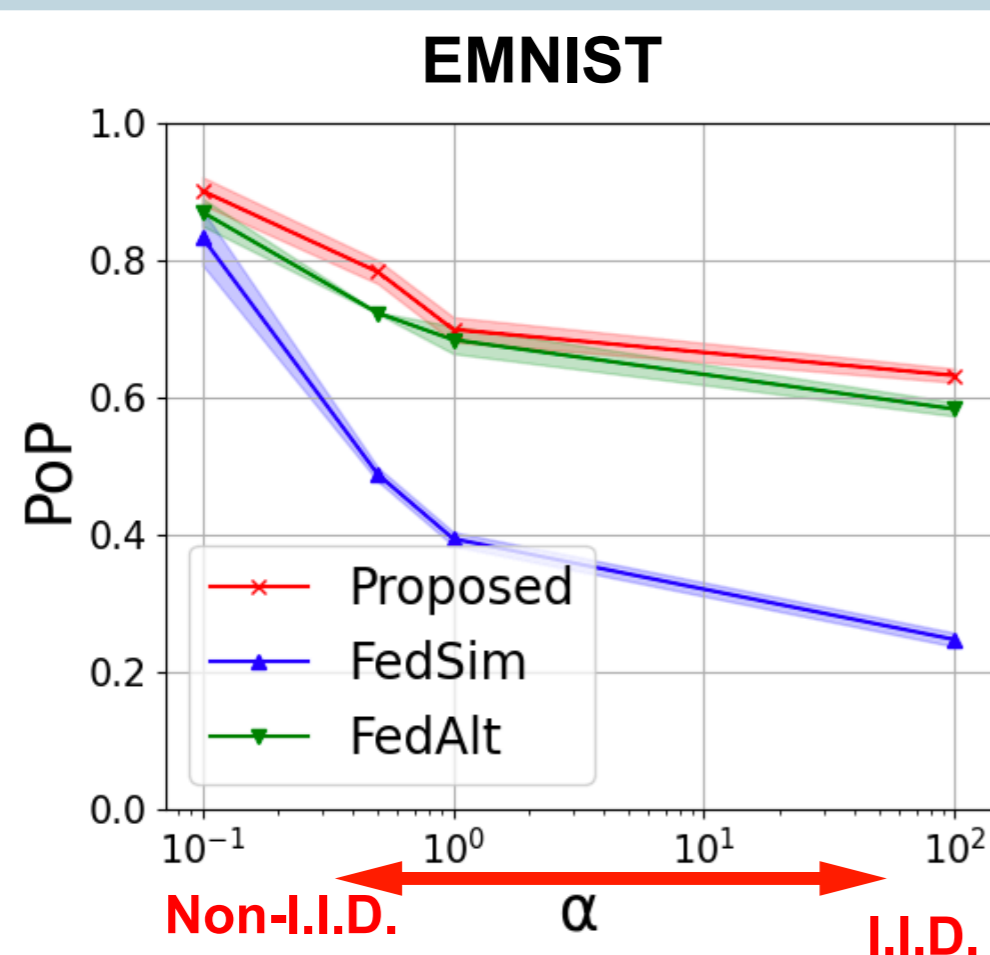
## Simulation Results

### Simulation Setup

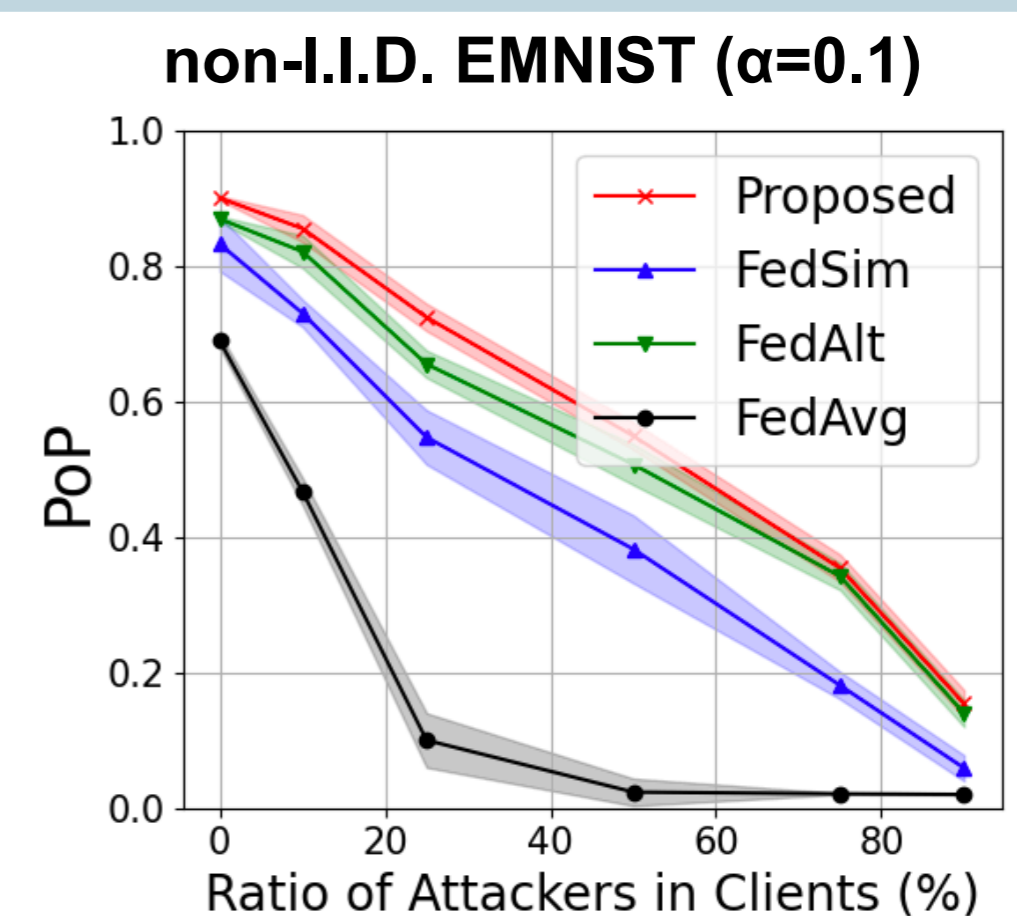
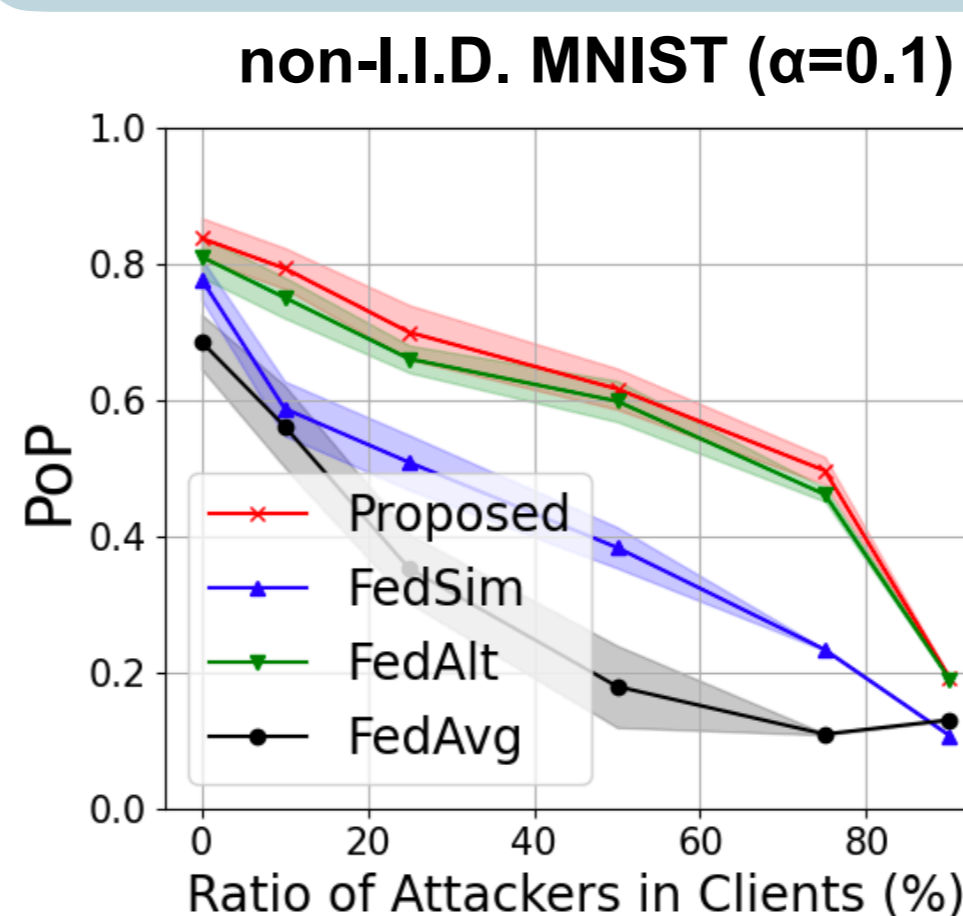
- Dataset: MNIST, EMNIST
- Attacker: **Gradient Sign Flip Attack**
- **Heterogeneous** setting with **Dirichlet Distribution**



### Performance of Personalization



### Robustness against Gradient Sign Flip Attack



### Performance Comparison

The proposed solution outperforms other solutions in non-I.I.D. settings

## Conclusion

- We propose pFedFrz for local update in partial sharing federated learning that trains local model in two steps
- The proposed solution generates local models optimized to individual datasets in non-I.I.D. setting
- The proposed solution builds robust local models against attackers

[1]B. McMahan, et al., "Communication-efficient learning of deep networks from decentralized data," AISTATS 2017.

[2]K. Pillutla, et al., "Federated Learning with Partial Model Personalization," ICML 2023.