

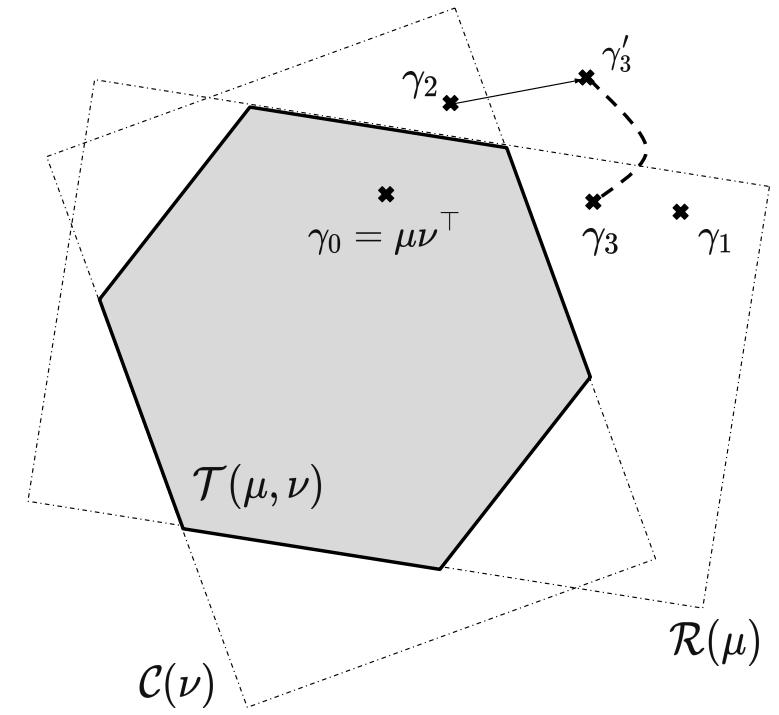
Mirror Sinkhorn: Fast Online Optimization on Transport Polytopes



M. Ballu
(U. of Cambridge)



Q. Berthet
(Google DeepMind)



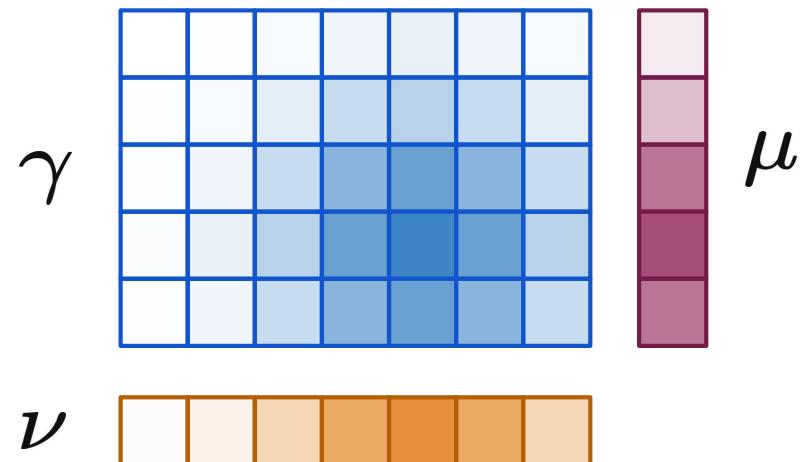
International Conference on Machine Learning 2023

Optimization over the transport polytope

Optimization of **convex** function f over **transport polytope** $\mathcal{T}(\mu, \nu)$.

$$\min_{\gamma \in \mathcal{T}(\mu, \nu)} f(\gamma)$$

- Variable γ : $m \times n$ probability matrix.
- Marginal constraints:
probability vectors μ and ν



Domain of **optimal transport** (OT) problem, and entropic-regularized (Cuturi, 13).

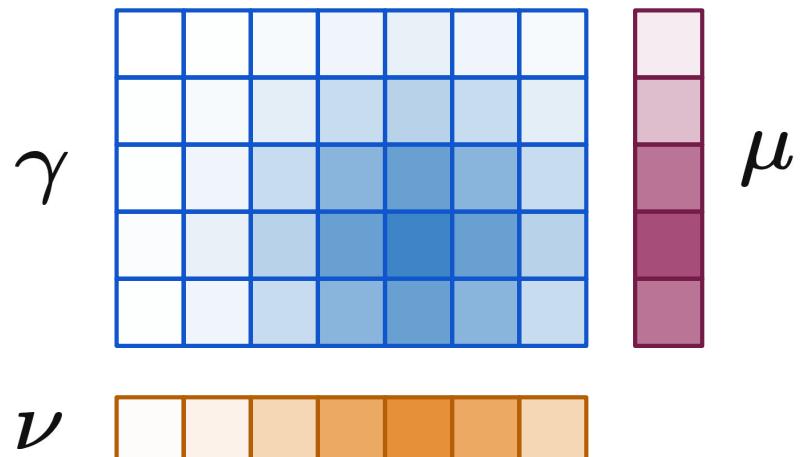
$$\min_{\gamma \in \mathcal{T}(\mu, \nu)} \langle C, \gamma \rangle .$$

- Special case, linear objective, solved with Sinkhorn algorithm. (Sinkhorn, 64)

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$$\min_{\gamma \in \mathcal{T}(\mu, \nu)} \langle C, \gamma \rangle - \alpha H(\gamma) .$$

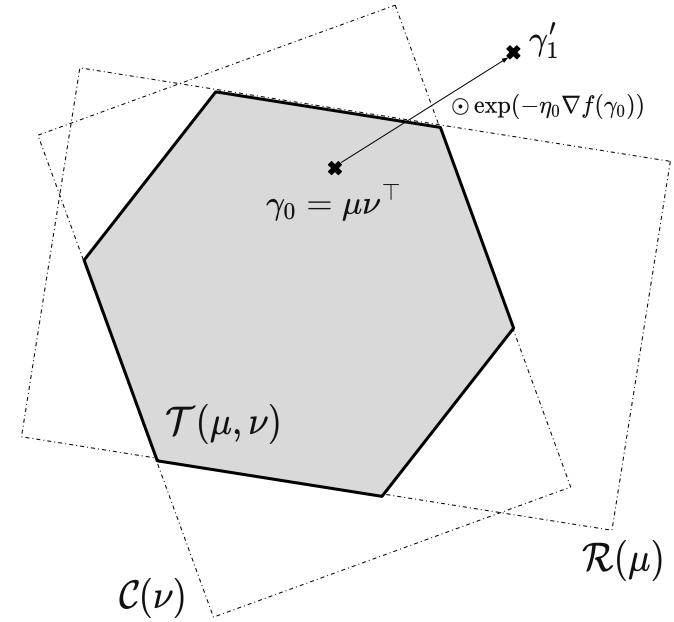
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Mirror Sinkhorn algorithm

Mirror descent steps equivalent to regularized OT problem

$$\gamma_{t+1} = \operatorname{argmin}_{\gamma \in \mathcal{T}(\mu, \nu)} \left\{ \langle \gamma, \nabla f(\gamma_t) \rangle + \frac{D_{\text{KL}}(\gamma, \gamma_t)}{\eta_t} \right\}$$

- Updates require several steps of Sinkhorn algorithm (**nested loop**).
- Replaced by **closed form**, alternating normalization (**single loop**).



Mirror Sinkhorn

- Gradient update:
- Alternating **row**/column normalization:

$$\gamma'_{t+1} = \gamma_t \odot \exp(-\eta_t \nabla f(\gamma_t))$$

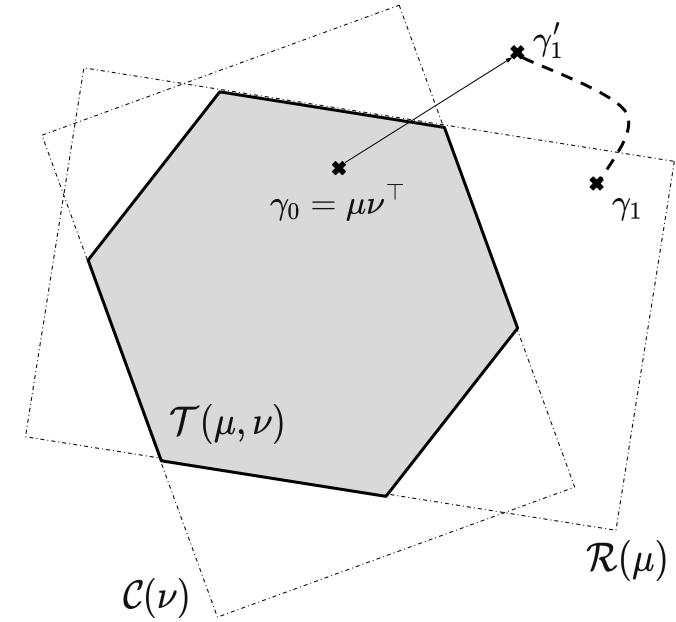
$$\gamma_{t+1} = \gamma'_{t+1} \operatorname{Diag}\left(\frac{\nu}{(\gamma'_{t+1})^\top 1_m}\right)$$

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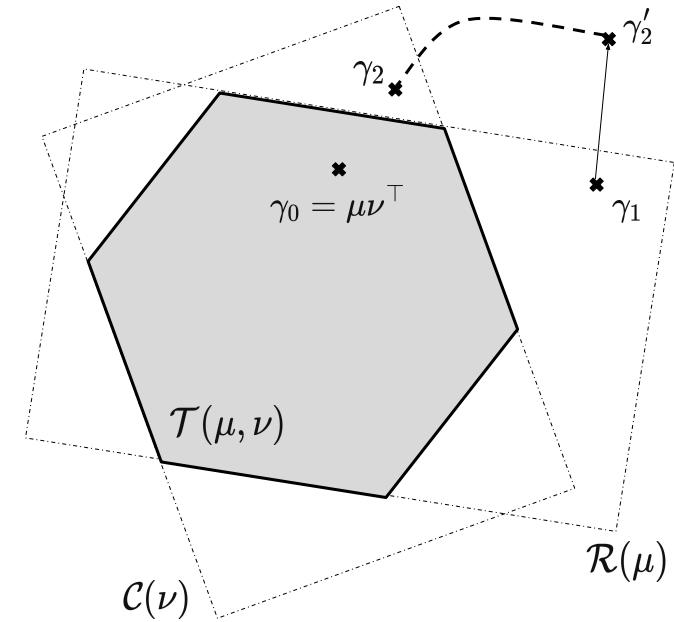
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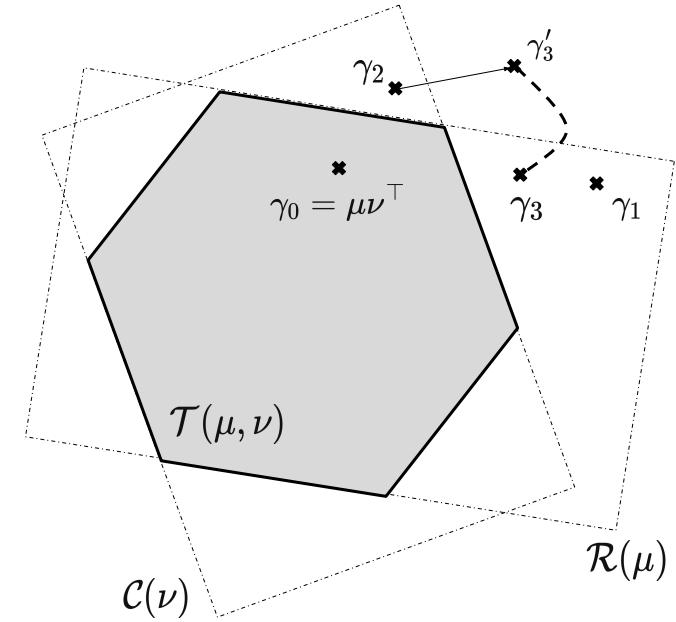
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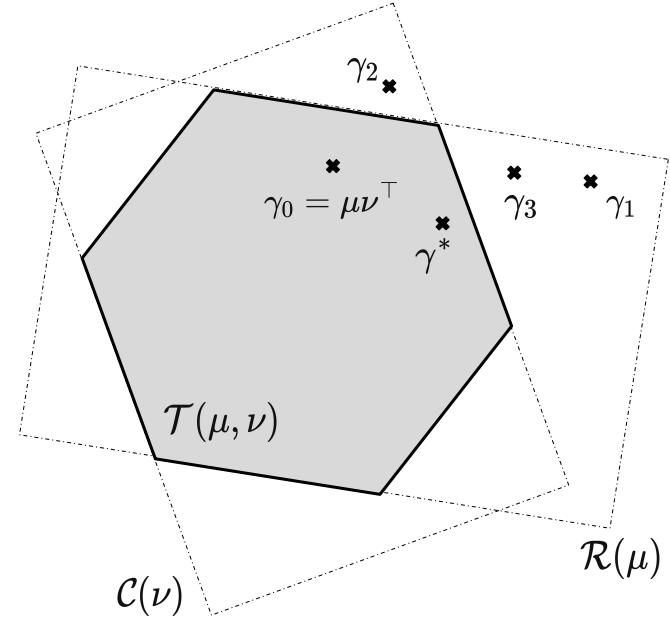
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Results - convex optimization

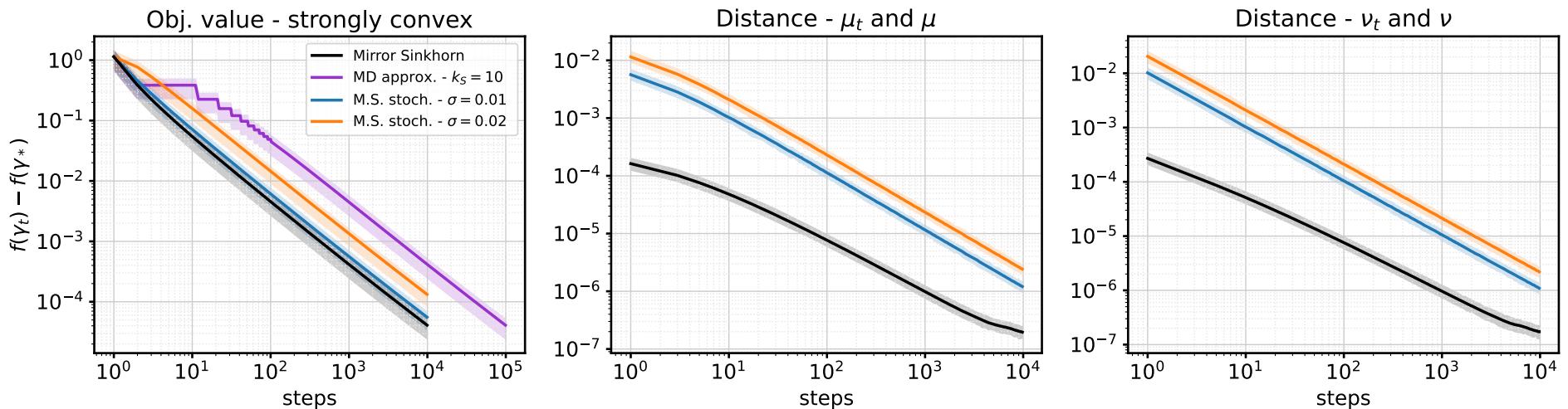
- Smooth f , σ -stochastic gradients:

$$\mathbf{E}[f(\tilde{\gamma}_T) - f(\gamma^*)] \leq \frac{\kappa_\sigma \log(T)}{\sqrt{T}}$$

- Strongly convex setting, averaging:

$$f(\bar{\gamma}_T) - f(\gamma^*) \leq \frac{\kappa \log(T)}{T}$$

Experiments - simulated data



Results - convex optimization

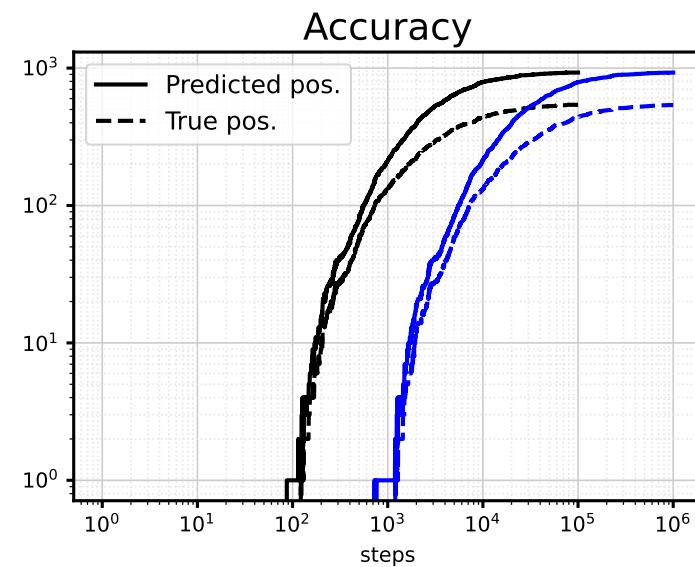
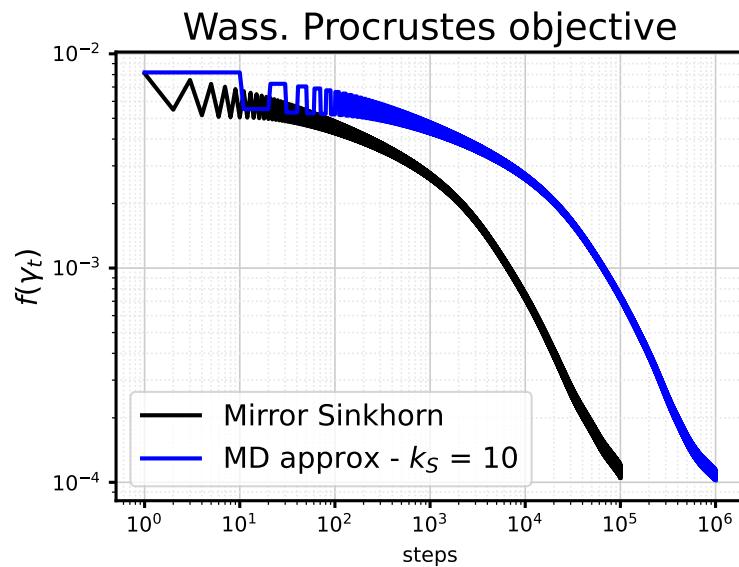
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Experiments - SNARE-seq data, WP objective (Demetci et al., 20; Grave et al., 19)



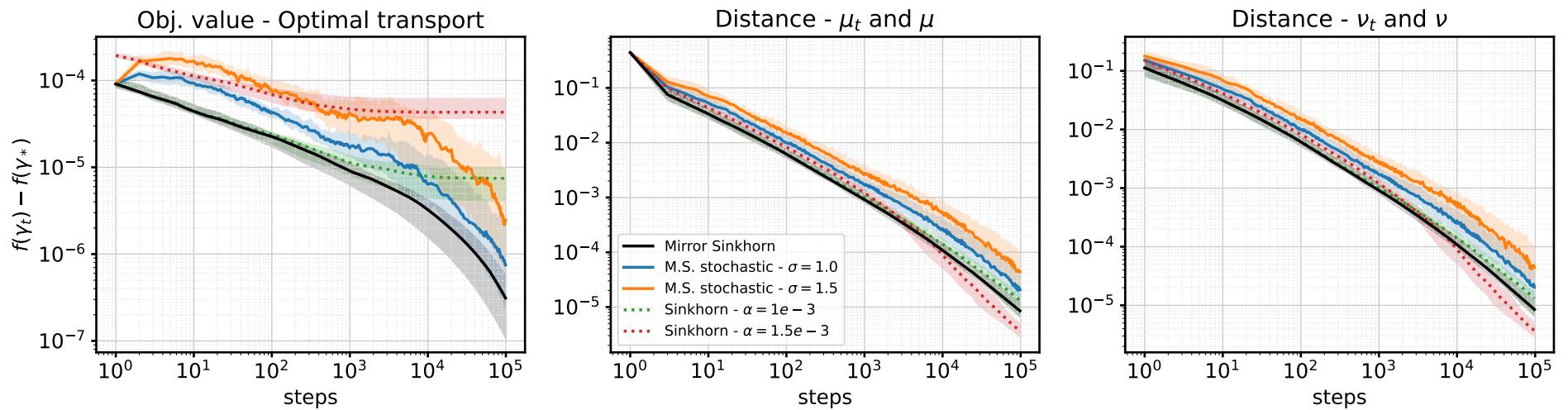
Results - Optimal transport

- OT - linear objective:

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- No regularization bias, online algorithm, stochastic access to cost matrix C .

Experiments - simulated data



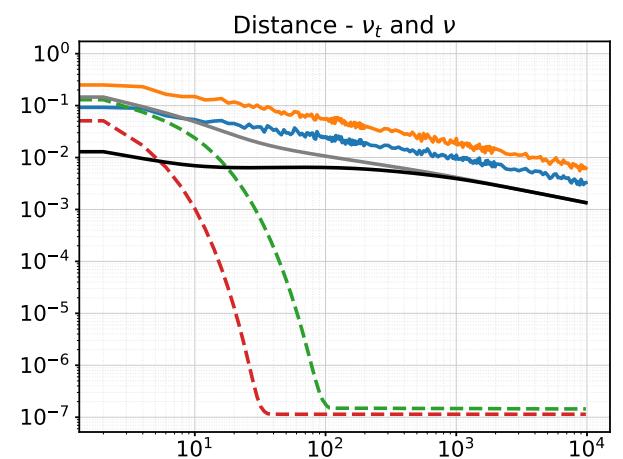
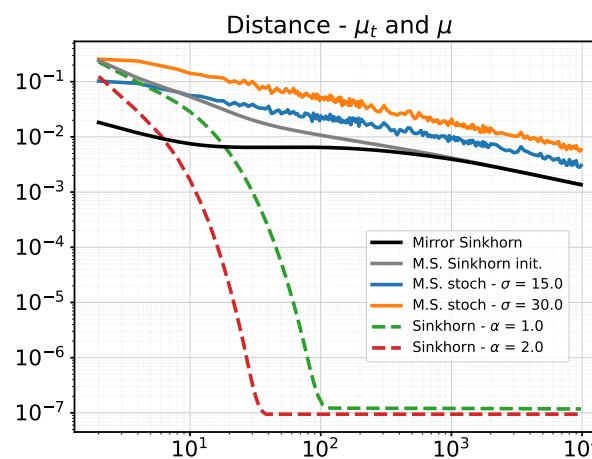
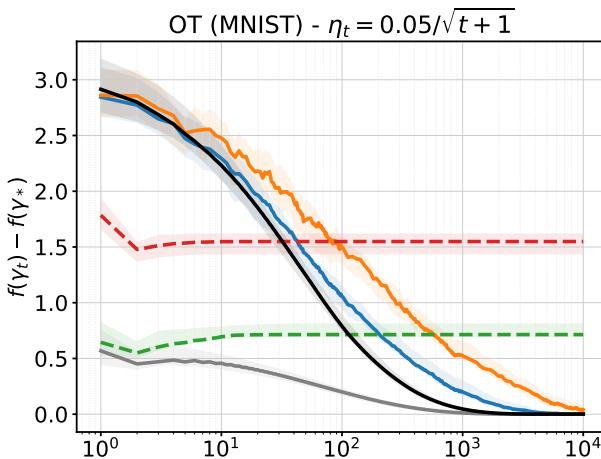
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Experiments - MNIST data (Altschuler et al., 17)



Wednesday July 26th, Session 4

Poster #131