

DeepMind

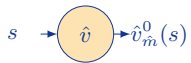
Model-Value Inconsistency

Angelos Filos*, Eszter Vértés*, **Zita Marinho***, Gregory Farquhar, Diana Borsa,
Abram Friesen, Feryal Behbahani, Tom Schaul, André Barreto, Simon Osindero

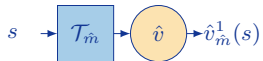
ICML 2022



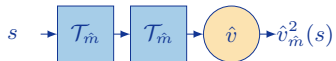
Key Observation



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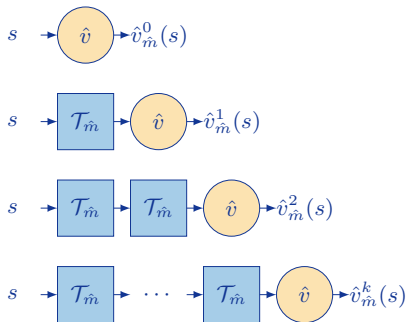


Figure 1: Ensemble value predictions from a single model \hat{m} and value function \hat{v} .

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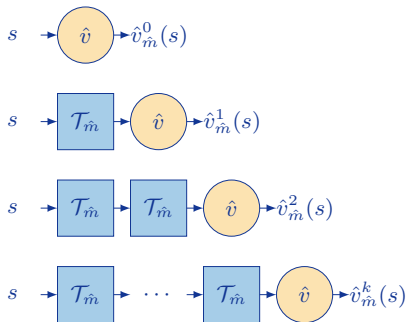


Figure 1: Ensemble value predictions from a single model \hat{m} and value function \hat{v} .

Implicit Value Ensemble (IVE)

$$\{\hat{v}_{\hat{m}}^i\}_{i=0}^k \triangleq \underbrace{\{\hat{v}, \mathcal{T}_{\hat{m}}^{\pi} \hat{v}, \dots, (\mathcal{T}_{\hat{m}}^{\pi})^k \hat{v}\}}_{k+1 \text{ value predictions}}$$

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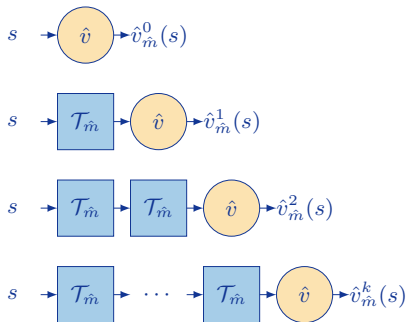


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Model-Value Inconsistency

Implicit Value Ensemble disagreement, e.g.,

$$\sigma\text{-IVE}(k) \triangleq \text{std}\{\hat{v}_{\hat{m}}^i\}_{i=0}^k$$

tl;dr

Research Goal

Determine how effective model-value inconsistency is as a signal for epistemic uncertainty.

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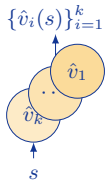
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Key Takeaway

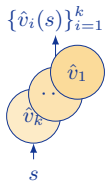
"Your model-based agent is secretly a performing ensemble of value functions"

Value Uncertainty Quantification

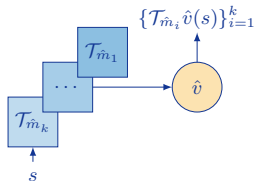


(a) Value Ensemble (EVE)

Value Uncertainty Quantification

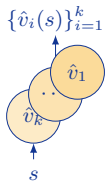


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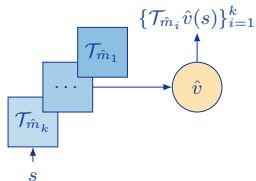


(b) Model Ensemble (EMVE)

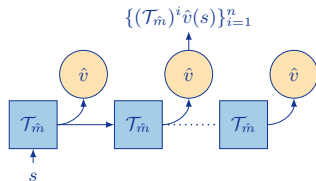
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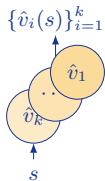
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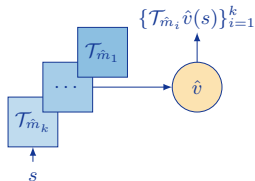
(c) Implicit Value Ensemble (IVE)

Figure 2: Value uncertainty quantification in scalable epistemic uncertainty-aware RL agents.

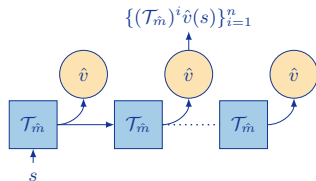
Value Uncertainty Quantification



(a) Value Ensemble (EVE)



(b) Model Ensemble (EMVE)



(c) Implicit Value Ensemble (IVE)

Figure 2: Value uncertainty quantification in scalable epistemic uncertainty-aware RL agents.

Key Difference

IVE relies on single point estimates of a learned model \hat{m} and a value function \hat{v} .

IVE as proxy for Epistemic Uncertainty

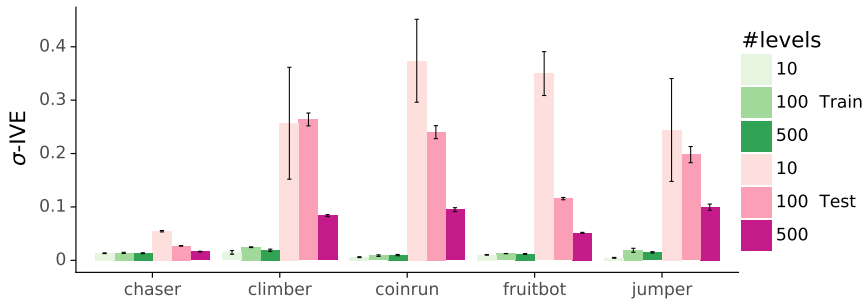


Figure 3: σ -IVE(5) computed using the model of the Muesli agent while evaluating on both training (green) and unseen test levels (pink). Bars, error-bars show mean and ste across 3 seeds.



Conclusion

Investigate the qualitative and quantitative properties of IVE:

- Disagreement among IVE members is an effective signal for epistemic uncertainty
- it is a good signal to guide exploration
- IVEs can robustify value-based planning, and help deal with distribution shifts.

Thank you!

This is joint work with these wonderful collaborators.



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