XAI for Transformers:

Better Explanations through Conservative Propagation

Speaker: Thomas Schnake







Authors:

Ameen Ali, Thomas Schnake, Oliver Eberle, Grégoire Montavon, Klaus-Robert Müller, Lior Wolf.

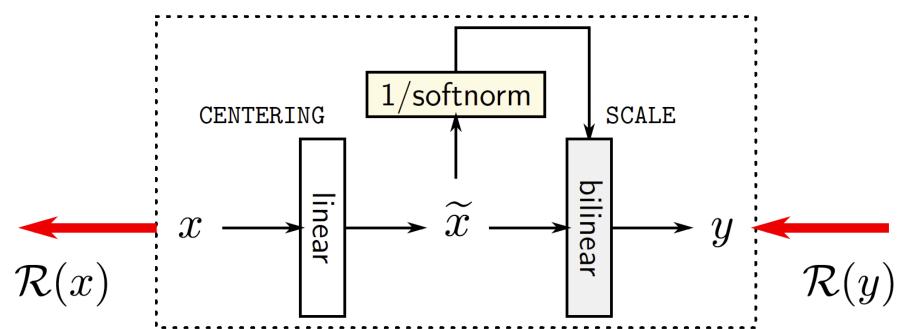
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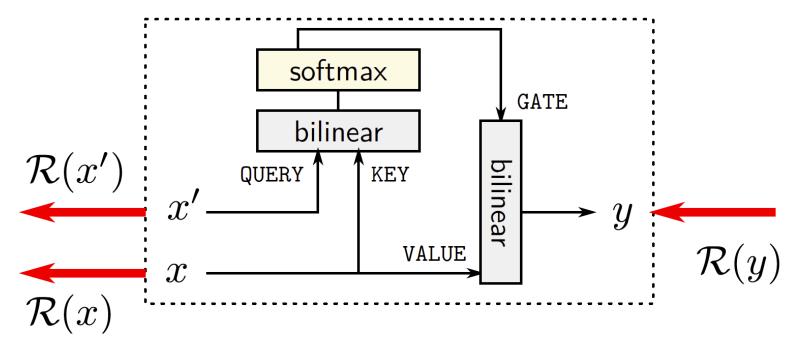
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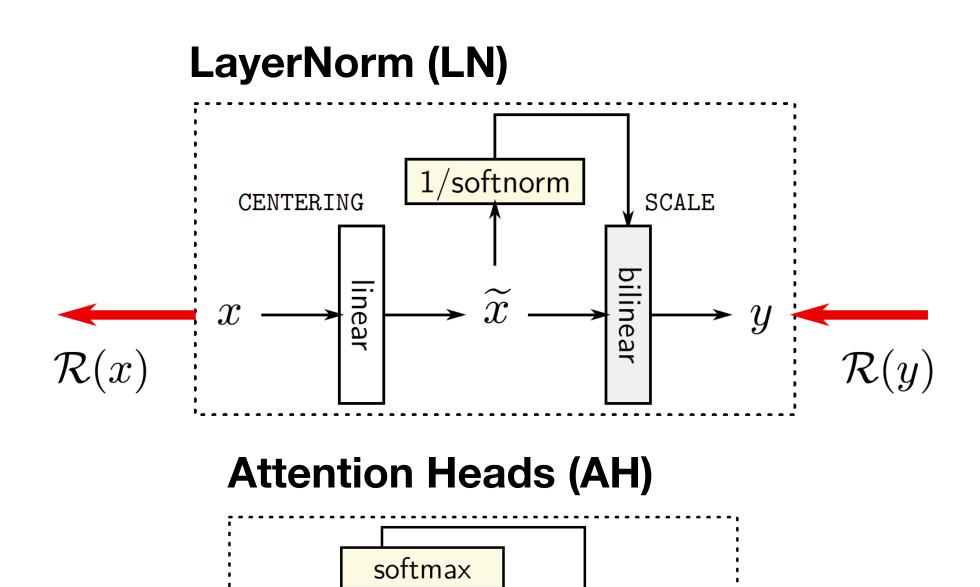
LayerNorm (LN)



Attention Heads (AH)



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VALUE

bilinear

 $\mathcal{R}(x')$

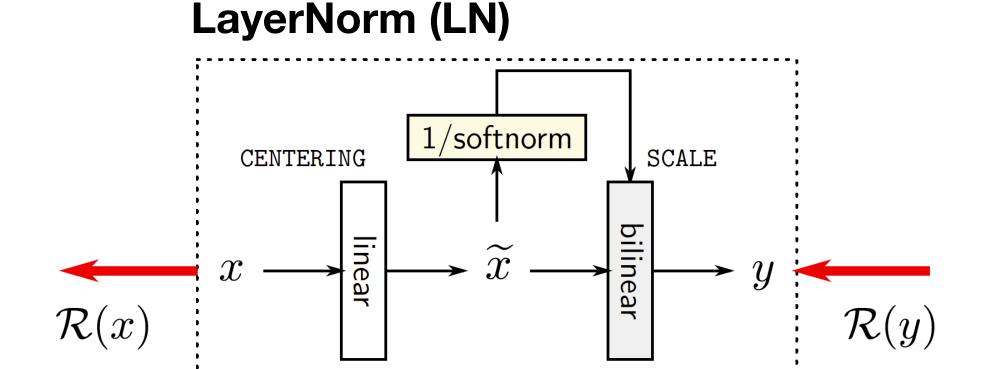
 $\mathcal{R}(x)$

GATE

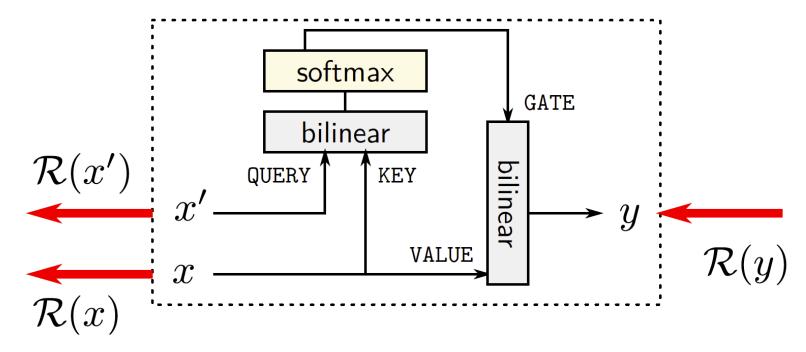
 $\mathcal{R}(y)$

Methodology - LRP as a diagnostic tool

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Attention Heads (AH)

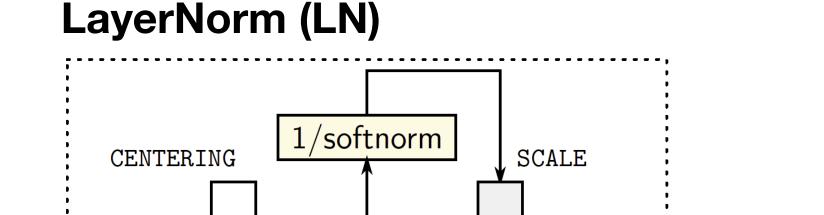


Methodology - LRP as a diagnostic tool

Chain rule

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} = \sum_j \frac{\partial y_j}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial f}{\partial y_j}$$

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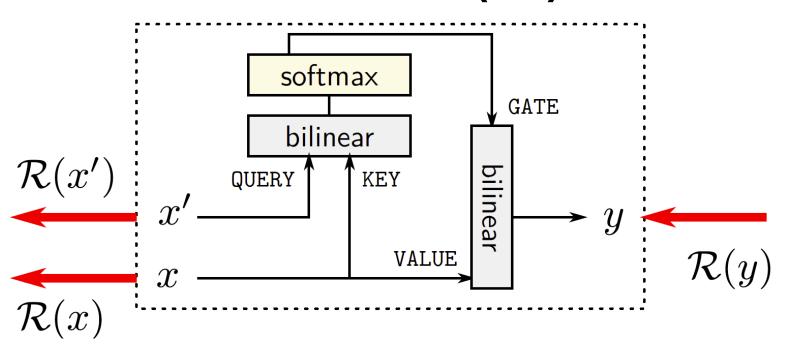


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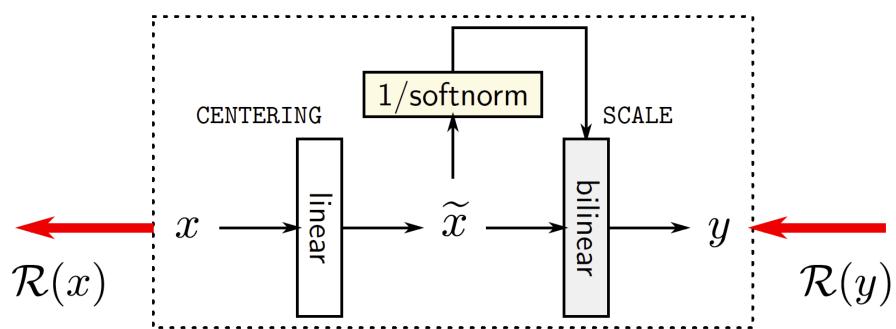
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LRP view on GI

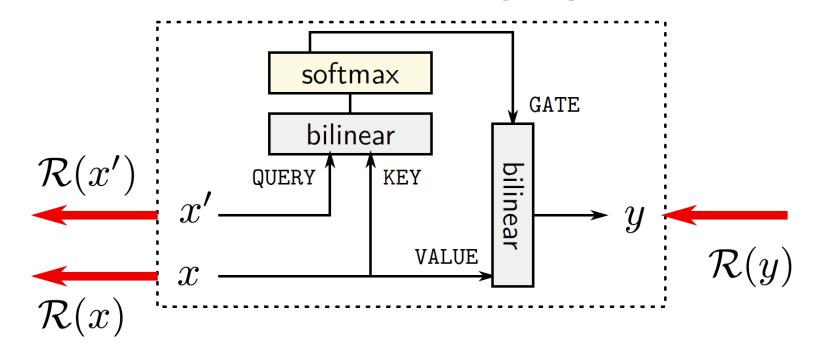
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Attention Heads (AH)



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LRP view on GI

$$\mathcal{R}(x_i) = \sum_{j} \frac{\partial y_j}{\partial x_i} \frac{x_i}{y_j} \mathcal{R}(y_j)$$

For conservation, test whether

$$\sum_{i} \mathcal{R}(x_i) = \sum_{j} \mathcal{R}(y_j)$$

Conservation Test - AH

$$\sum_{i} \mathcal{R}(x_i) + \sum_{j} \mathcal{R}(x'_j) = \sum_{i} \mathcal{R}(y_i) + \delta(x, x', y)$$

Alternative back-propagation

$$\mathcal{R}(x_i) = \sum_{j} \frac{x_i p_{ij}}{\sum_{i'} x_{i'} p_{i'j}} \mathcal{R}(y_j)$$

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Implementation Trick - AH

Forward pass

Before:
$$y_j = \sum_i x_i p(x_i, x'_j)$$

After:
$$y_j = \sum_i x_i [p(x_i, x'_j)]. detach()$$

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Implementation Trick - LN

Forward pass

Before:
$$y_i = \frac{x_i - \mathbb{E}[x]}{\sqrt{\epsilon + \mathrm{Var}[x]}}$$

After:
$$y_i = \frac{x_i - \mathbb{E}[x]}{\sqrt{\epsilon + \mathrm{Var}[x]}].\mathrm{detach}()}$$

Conservation Test - AH

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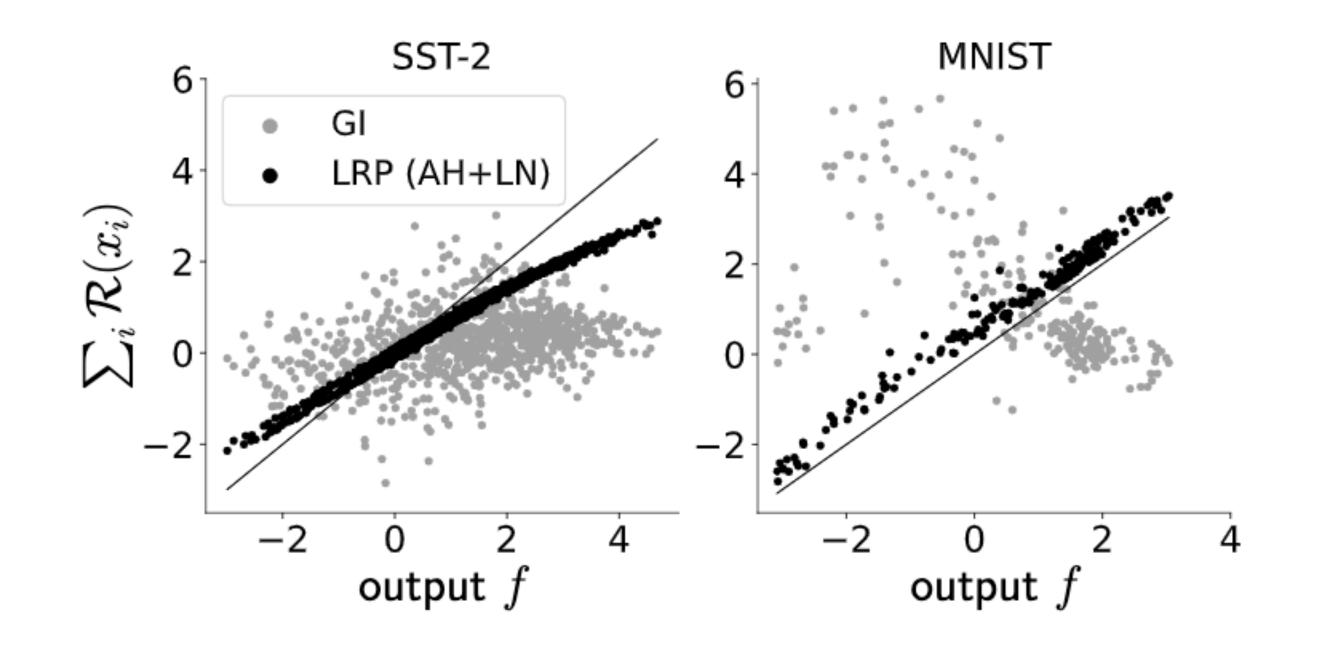
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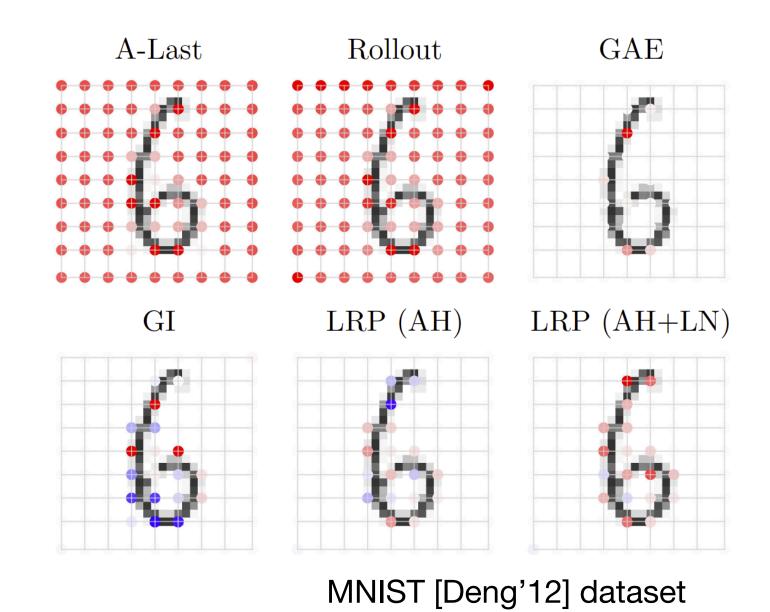
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Evaluation

Qualitative



Evaluation

| A-last | [CLS] has a lot of the virtues of eastwood at his best. [SEP] |
|-------------|--|
| A-Flow | [CLS] has a lot of the virtues of eastwood at his best. [SEP] |
| Rollout | [CLS] has a lot of the virtues of eastwood at his best. [SEP] |
| GAE | [CLS] has a lot of the <mark>virtues</mark> of eastwood at his <mark>best</mark> . [SEP] |
| GI | [CLS] has a lot of the <mark>virtues</mark> of eastwood at his best. [SEP] |
| LRP (AH) | [CLS] has a lot of the <mark>virtues</mark> of eastwood at his <mark>best</mark> . [SEP] |
| LRP (AH+LN) | [CLS] has a lot of the virtues of eastwood at his best. [SEP] |
| , , | SST-2 [Socher'13] dataset |

Qualitative

A-Last Rollout GAE GI LRP (AH) LRP (AH+LN) MNIST [Deng'12] dataset

Evaluation



Area under the activation curve (AUAC)

| Method | IMDB | SST-2 | BACE | MNIST | T-Emotions | T-Hate | T-Sentimen | Meld-S | Semaine |
|------------|------|-------|------|-------|------------|--------|------------|--------|---------|
| Random | .673 | .664 | .624 | .324 | .516 | .640 | .484 | .460 | .432 |
| A-Last | .708 | .712 | .620 | .862 | .542 | .663 | .515 | .483 | .451 |
| A-Flow | - | .711 | .637 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Rollout | .738 | .713 | .653 | .358 | .554 | .659 | .520 | .489 | .441 |
| GAE | .872 | .821 | .675 | .426 | .675 | .762 | .611 | .548 | .532 |
| GI | .920 | .847 | .646 | .942 | .652 | .772 | .651 | .591 | .529 |
| LRP(AH) | .911 | .855 | .645 | .942 | .675 | .797 | .668 | .594 | .544 |
| LRP (LN) | .935 | .907 | .702 | .947 | .735 | .829 | .710 | .632 | .593 |
| LRP(AH+LN) | .939 | .908 | .707 | .948 | .750 | .838 | .713 | .635 | .606 |

Bias of names on the SST-Task

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