Estimating and Penalizing Induced Preference Shifts in Recommender Systems

Micah Carroll, Anca Dragan, Stuart Russell, Dylan Hadfield-Menell



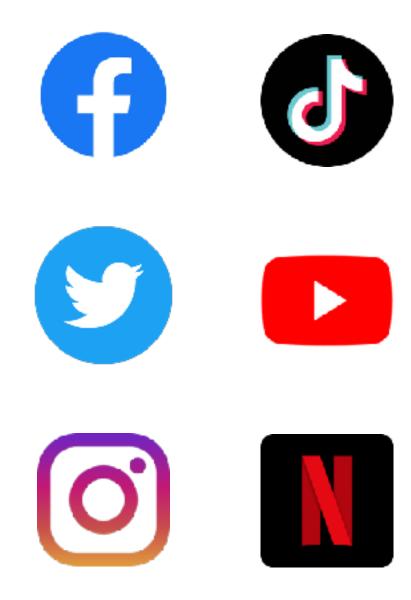


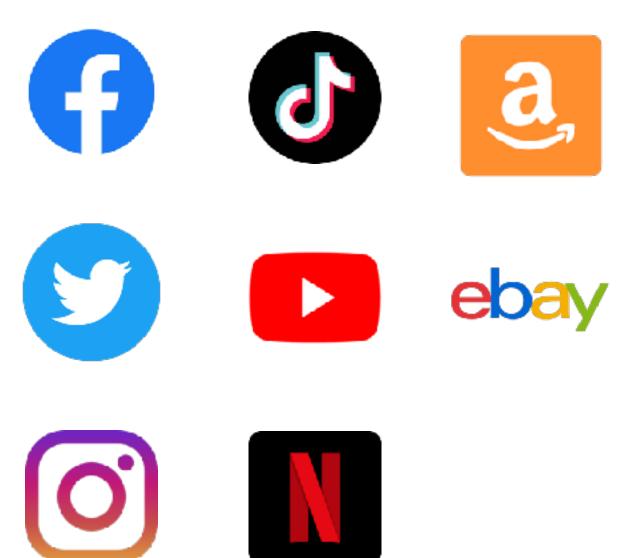






















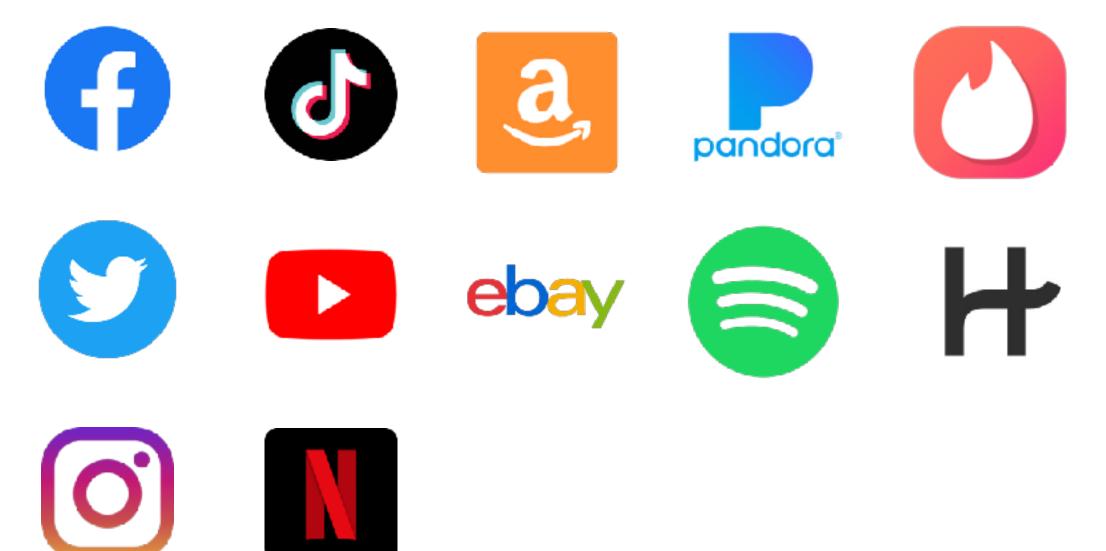


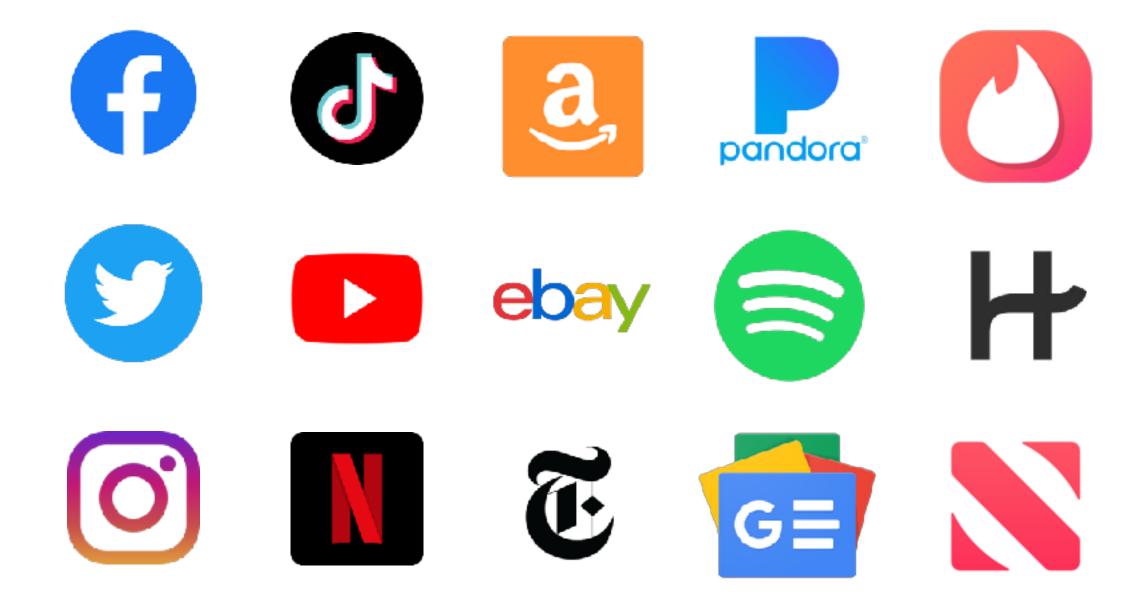


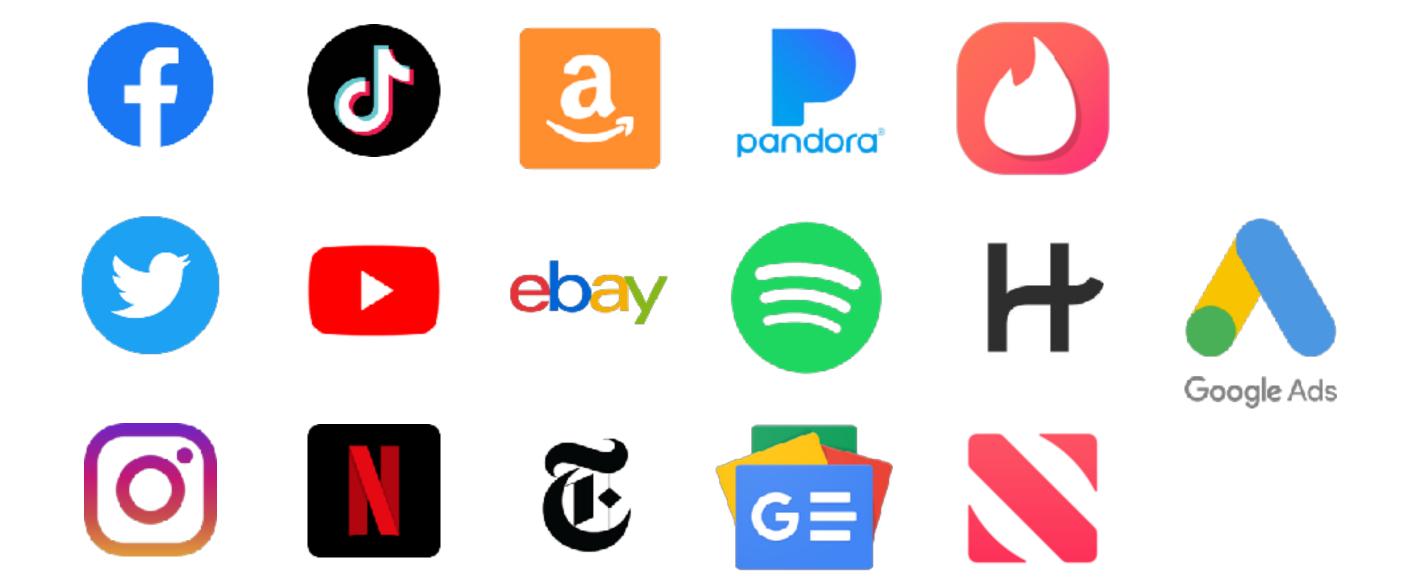


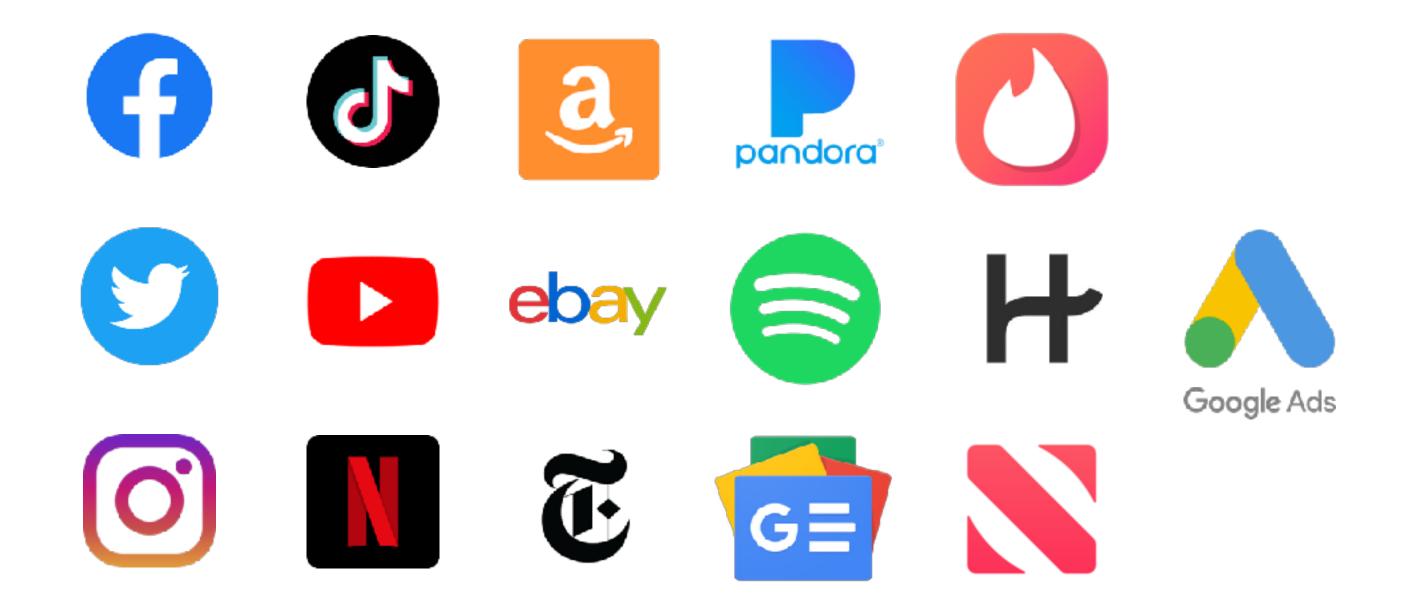




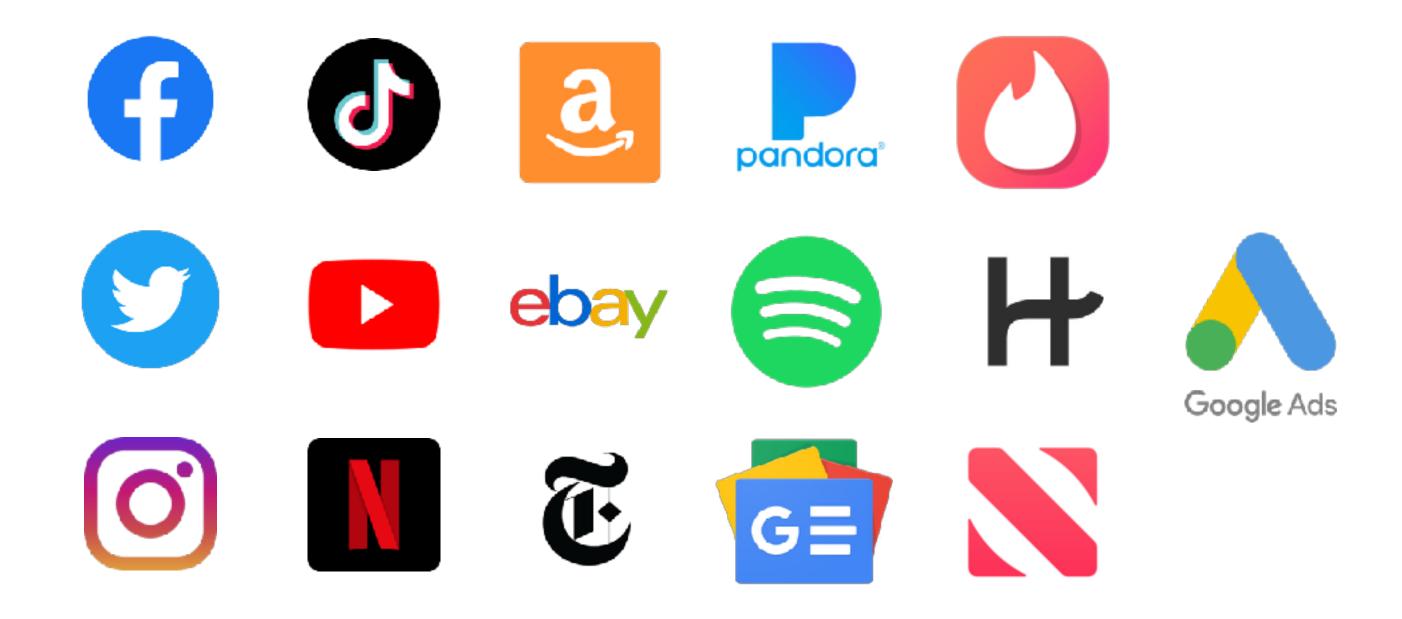






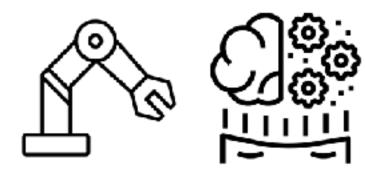


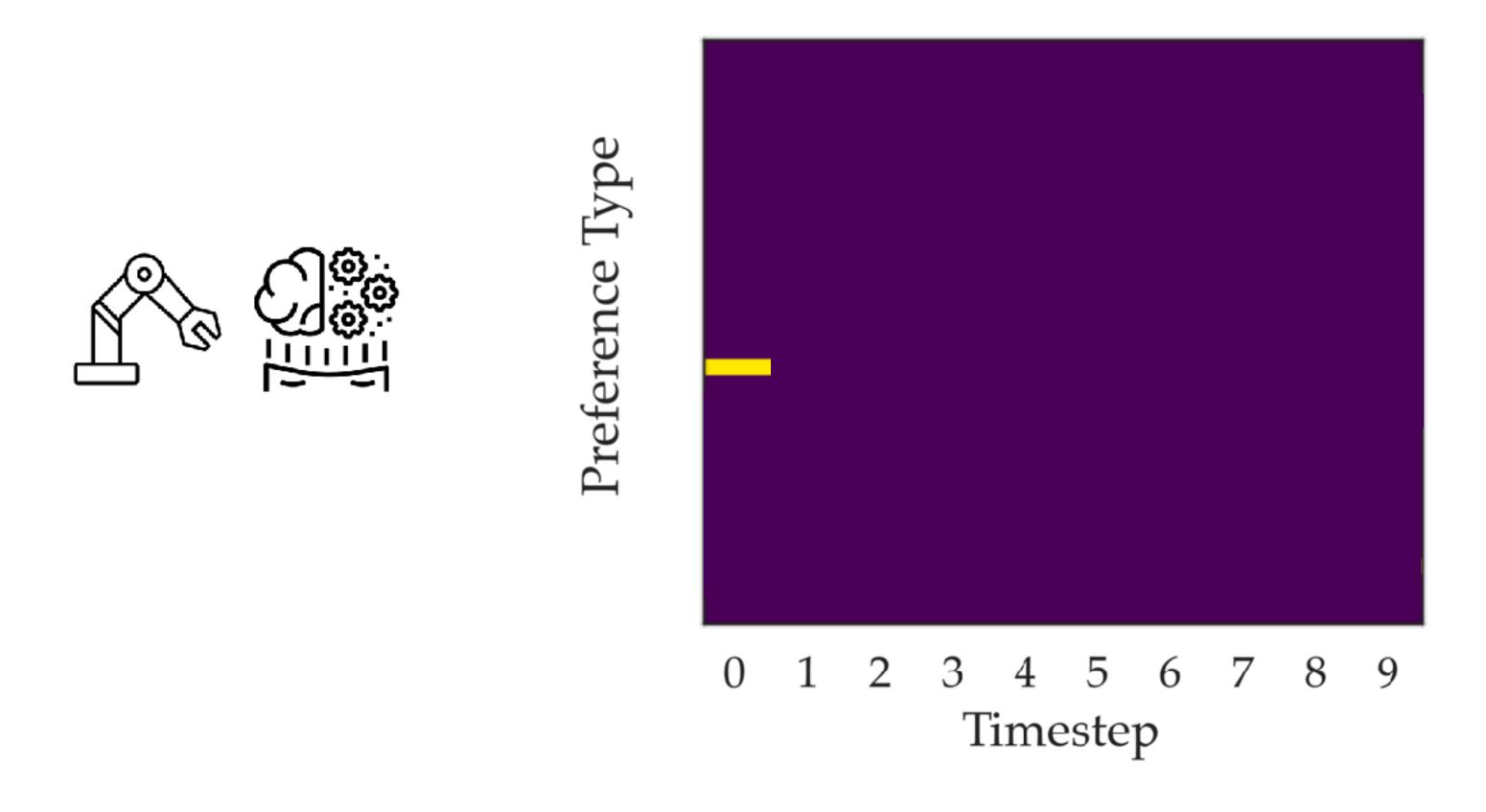
User preferences change

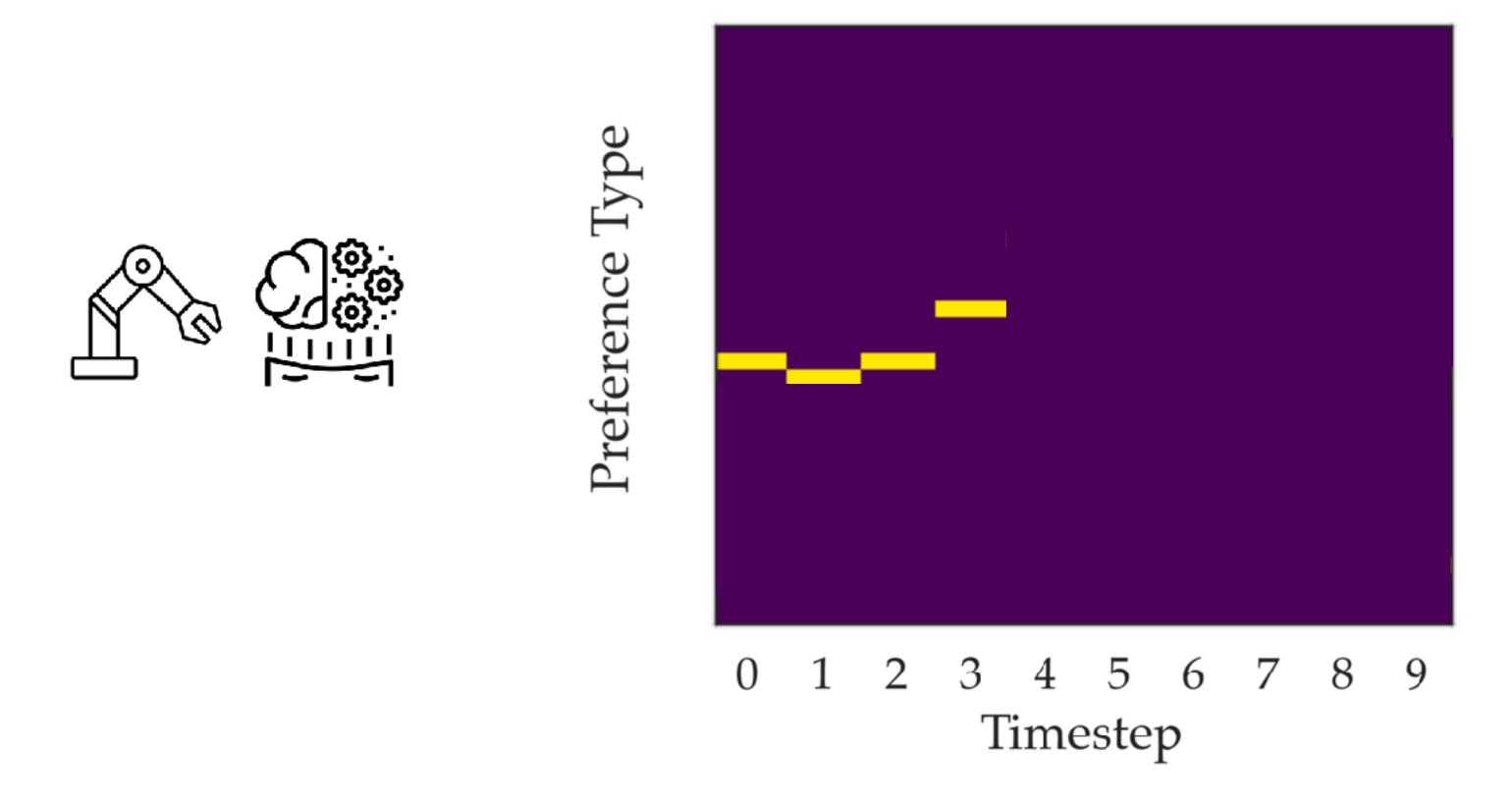


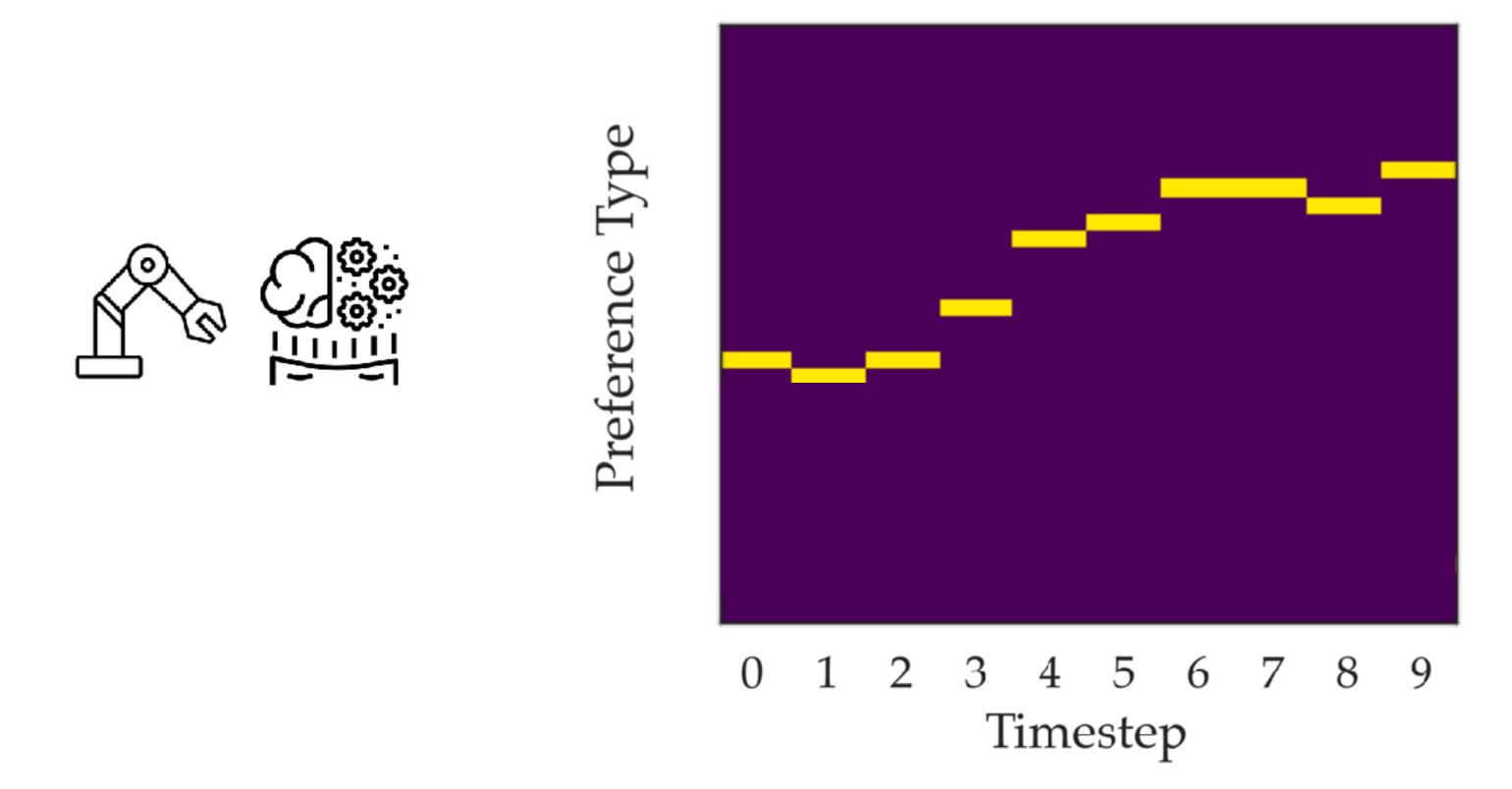
User preferences change, and recommenders will affect them

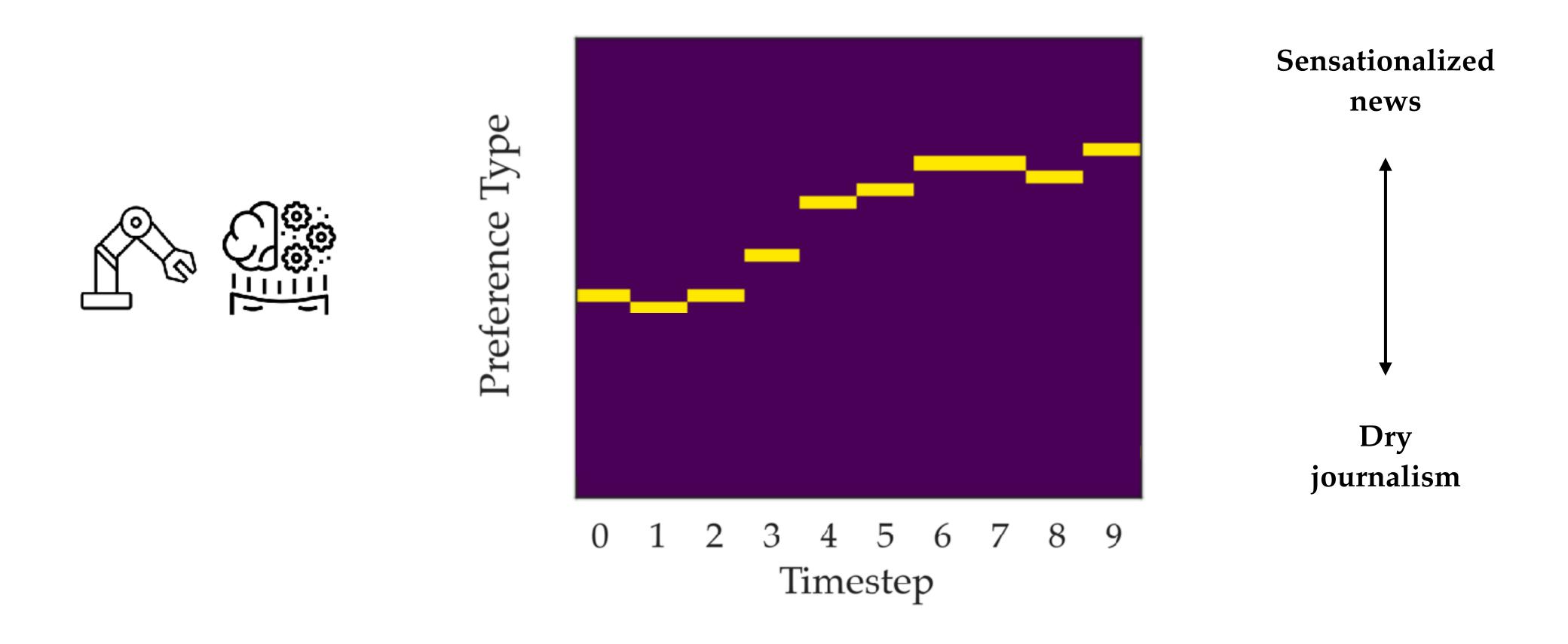


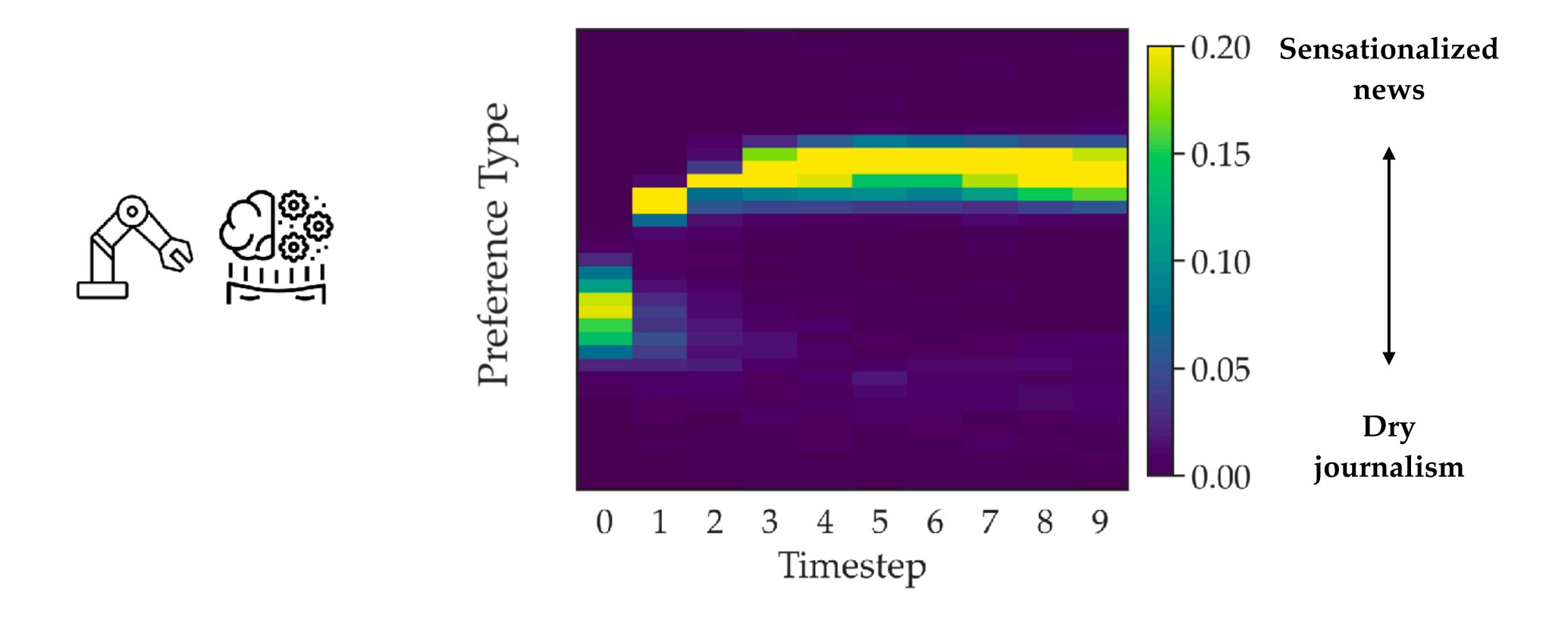




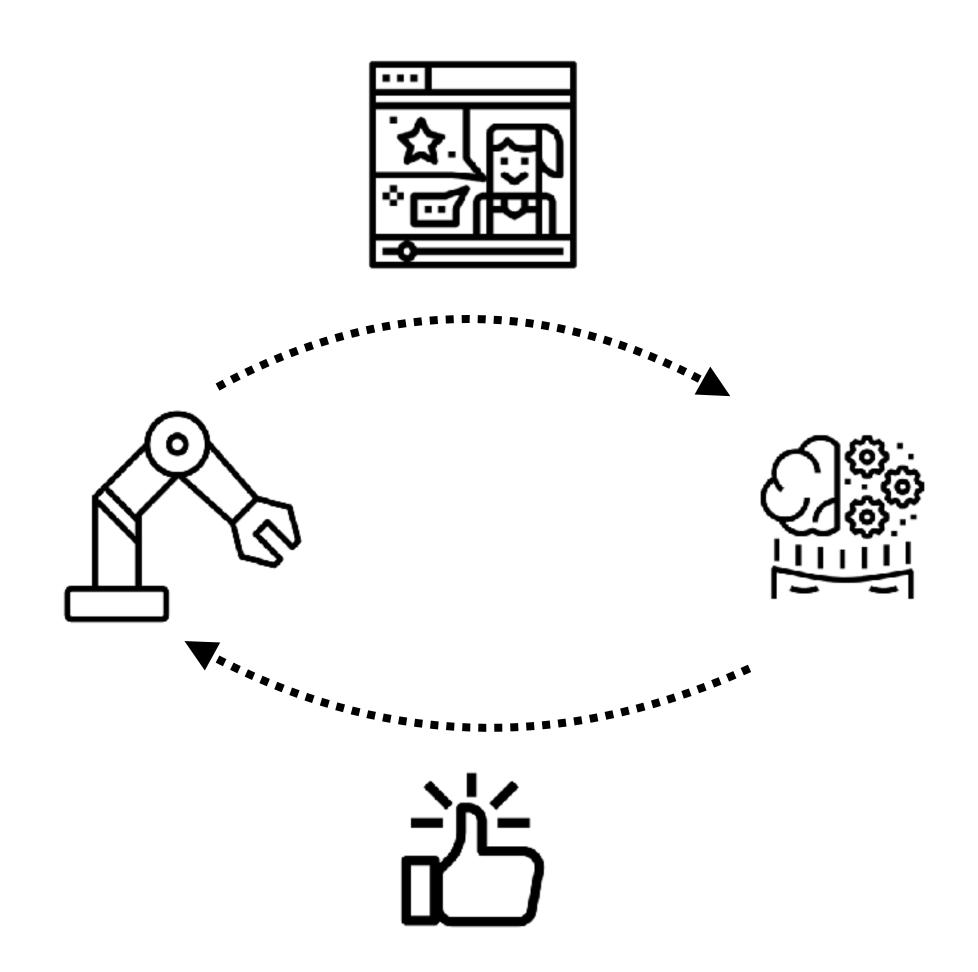






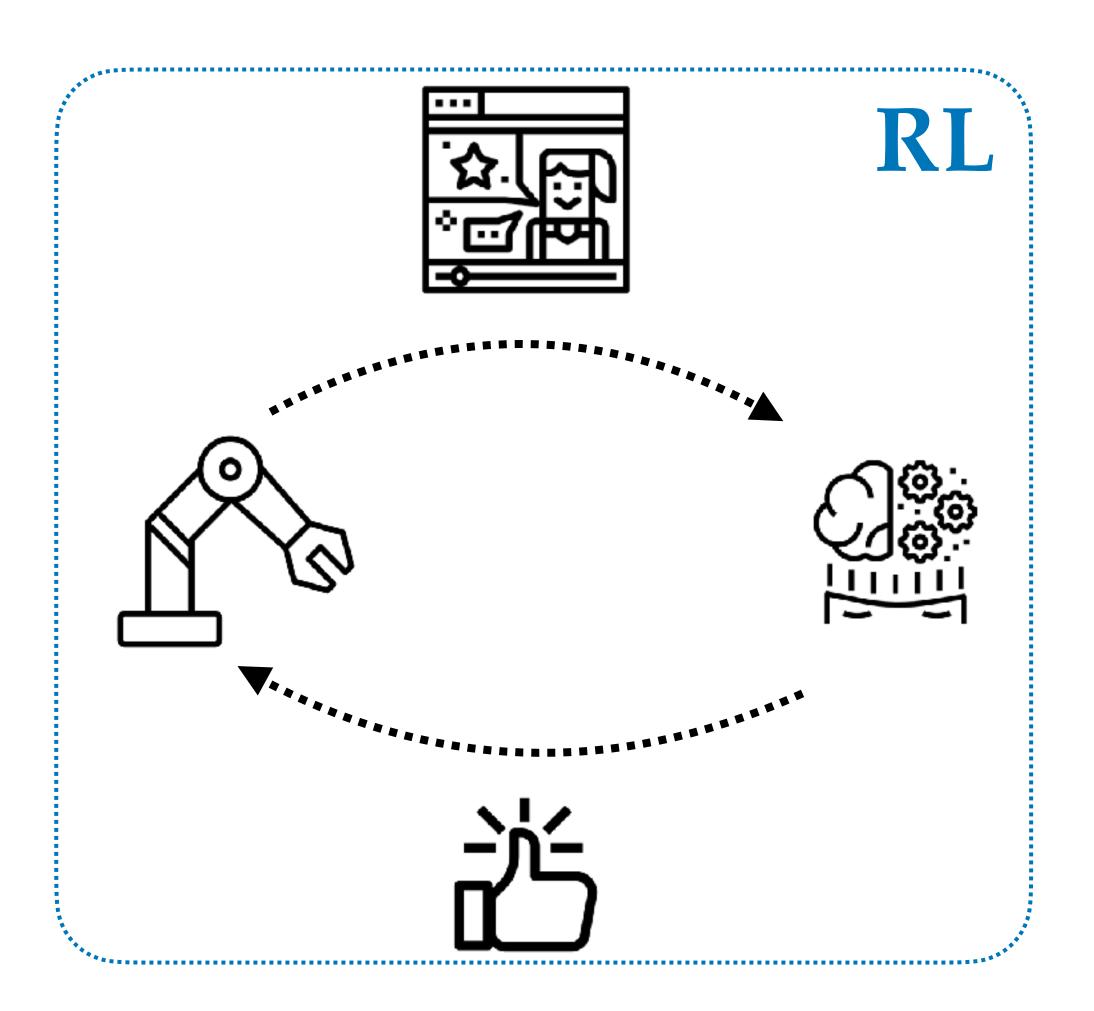


Incentives for user manipulation



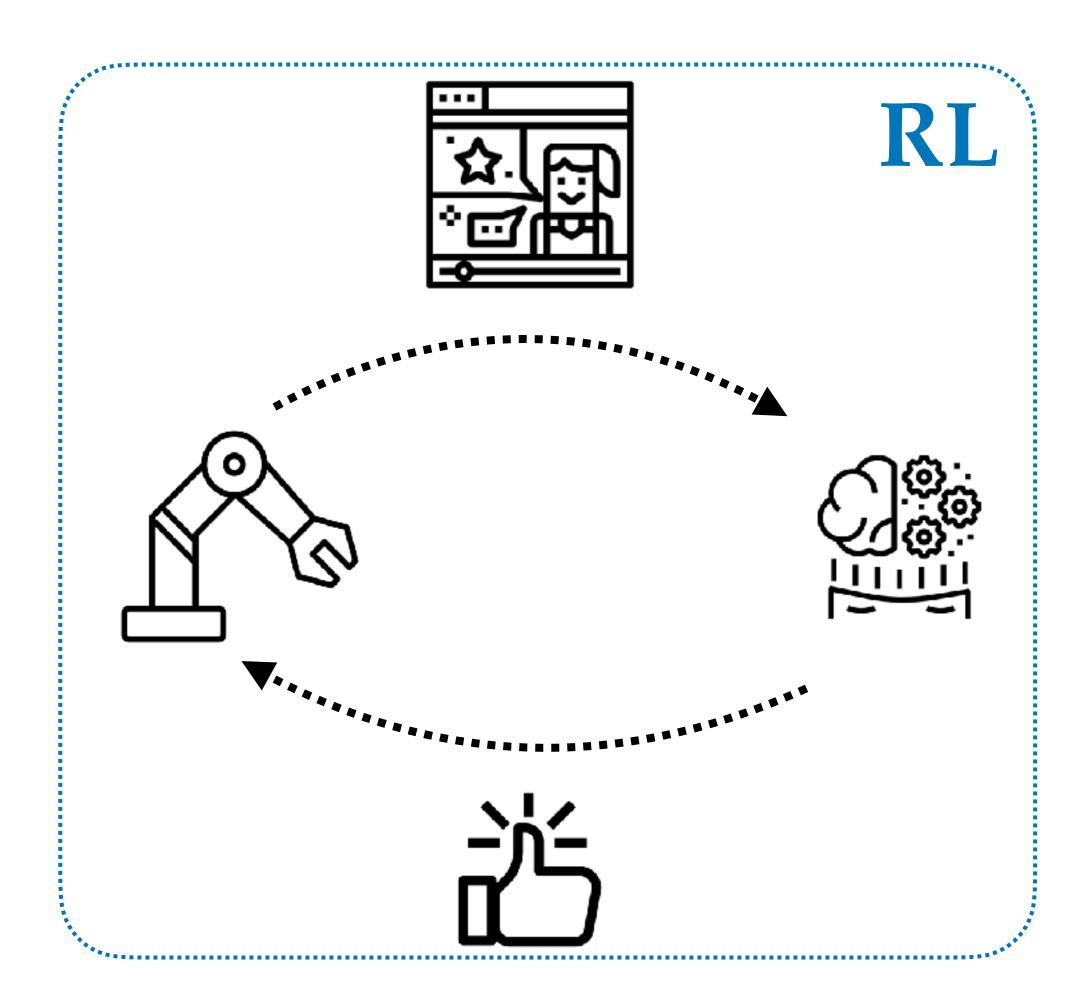
[Krueger et. al, 2020] Hidden Incentives for Auto-Induced Distributional Shift [Carroll et. al, 2021] Estimating and Penalizing Induced Preference Shifts in Recommender Systems [Evans et. al, 2021] User Tampering in Reinforcement Learning Recommender Systems [Farquhar, Carey, Everitt, 2022] Path-Specific Objectives for Safer Agent Incentives

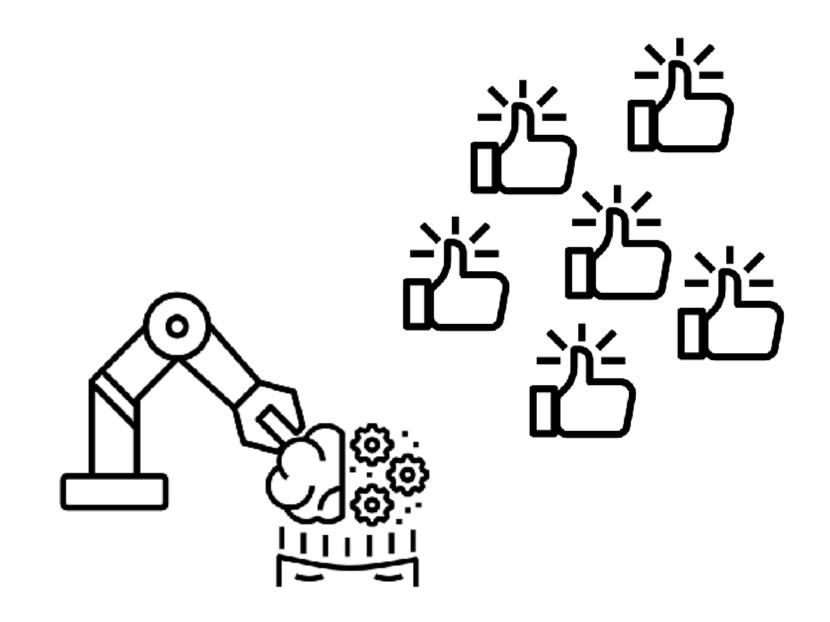
Incentives for user manipulation



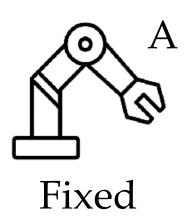
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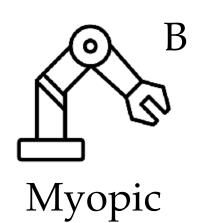
Incentives for user manipulation

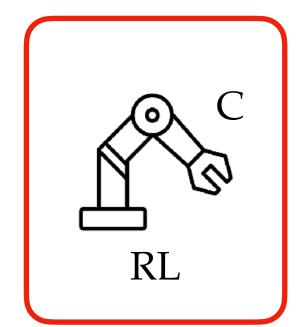


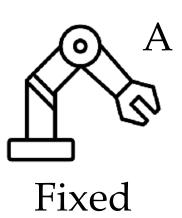


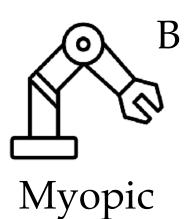
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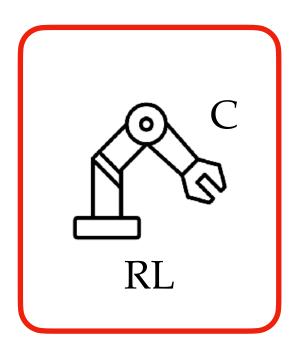


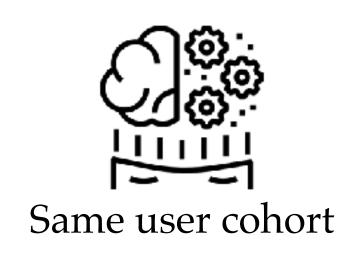


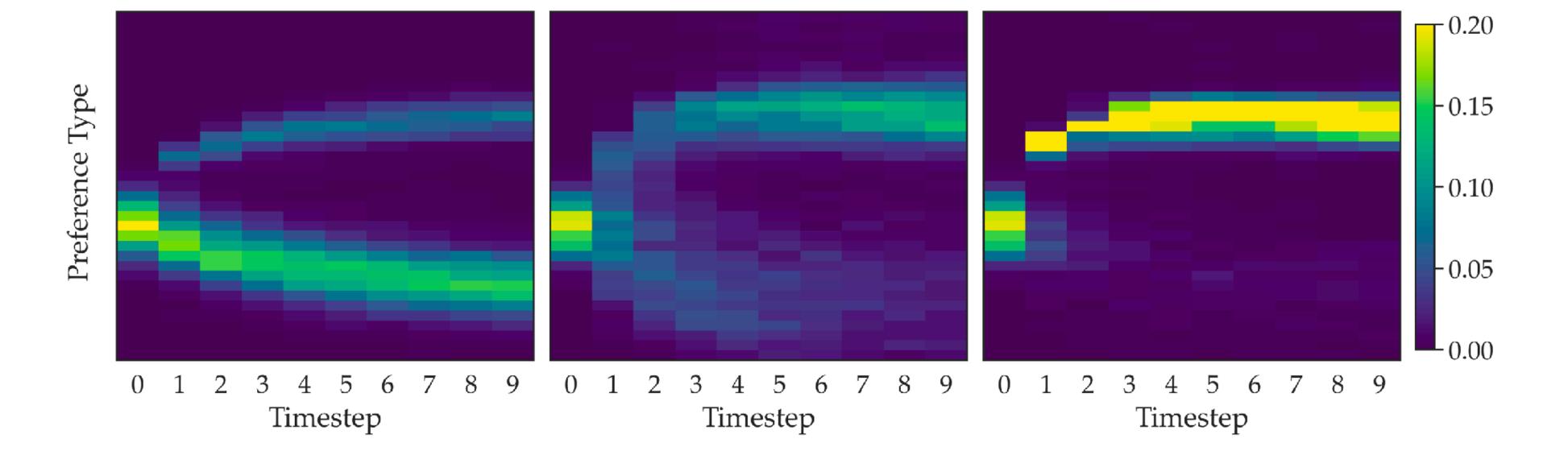


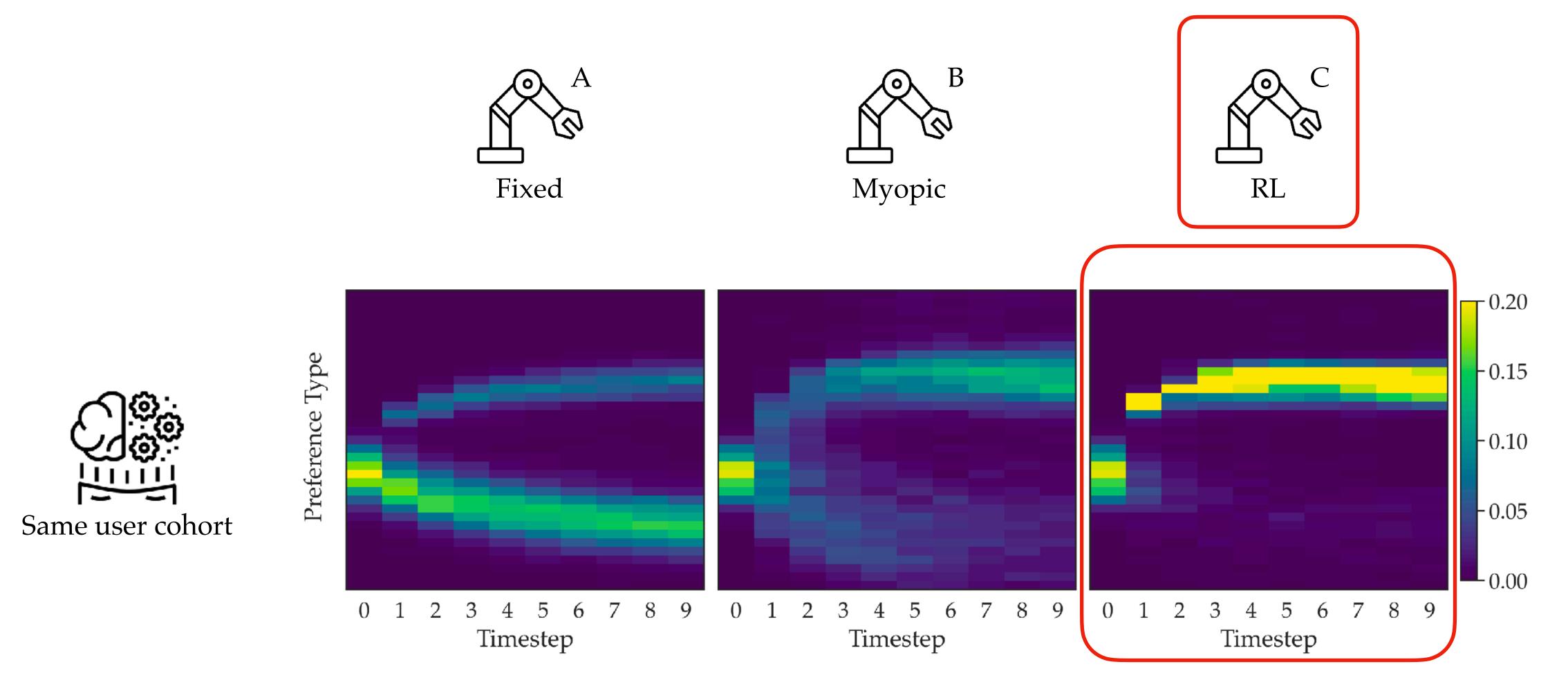


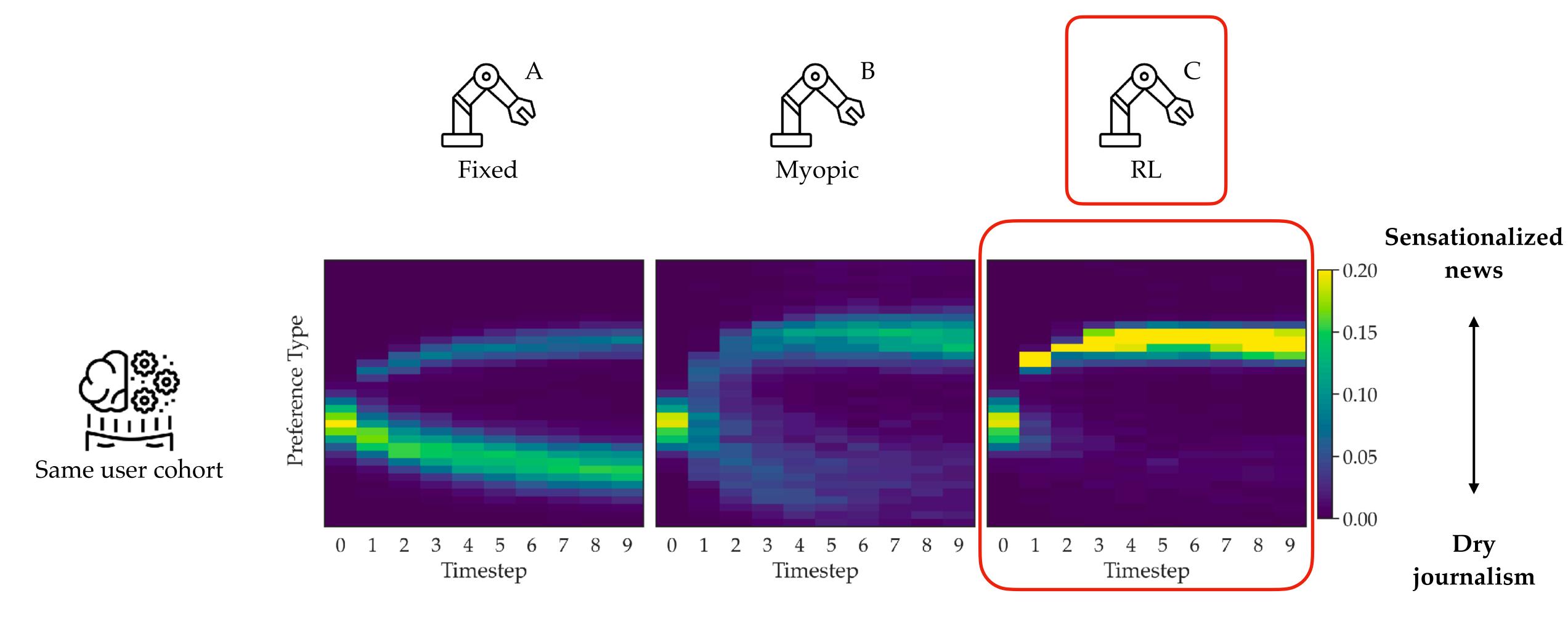












1) Monitoring: estimating preference-shifts

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2) Quantifying: flagging unwanted preference-shifts

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2) Quantifying: flagging unwanted preference-shifts

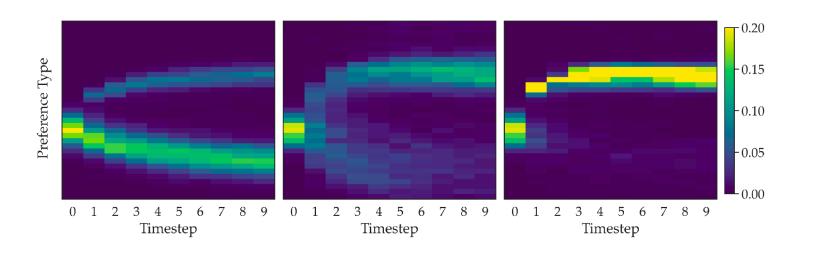
3) Optimizing: penalizing unwanted preference-shifts

1) Monitoring: estimating preference-shifts

2) Quantifying: flagging unwanted preference-shifts

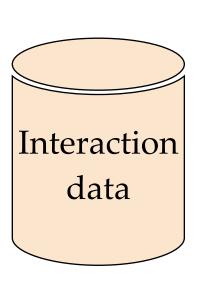
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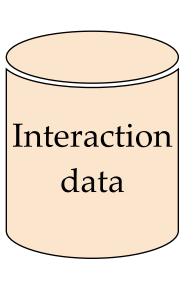


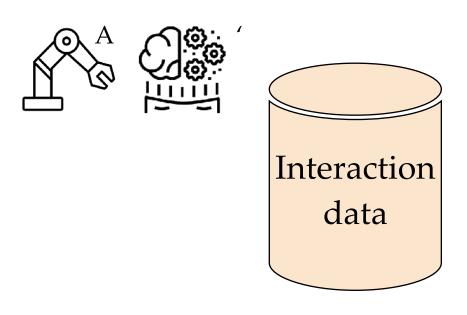
2) Quantifying: flagging unwanted preference-shifts

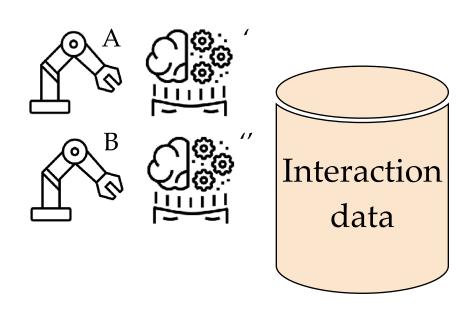
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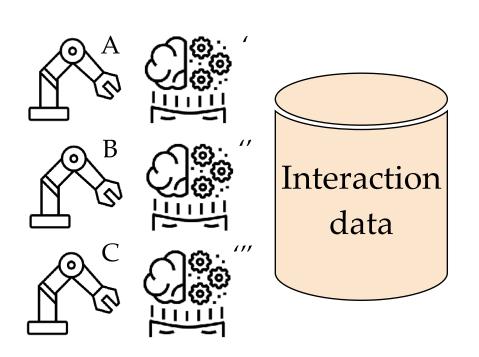


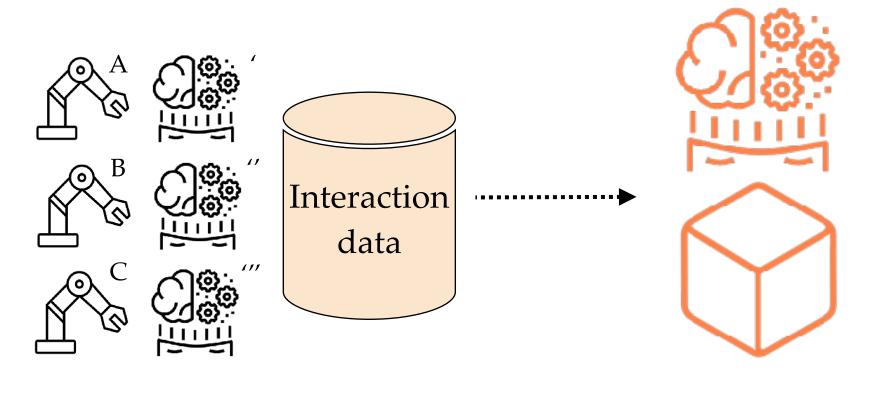




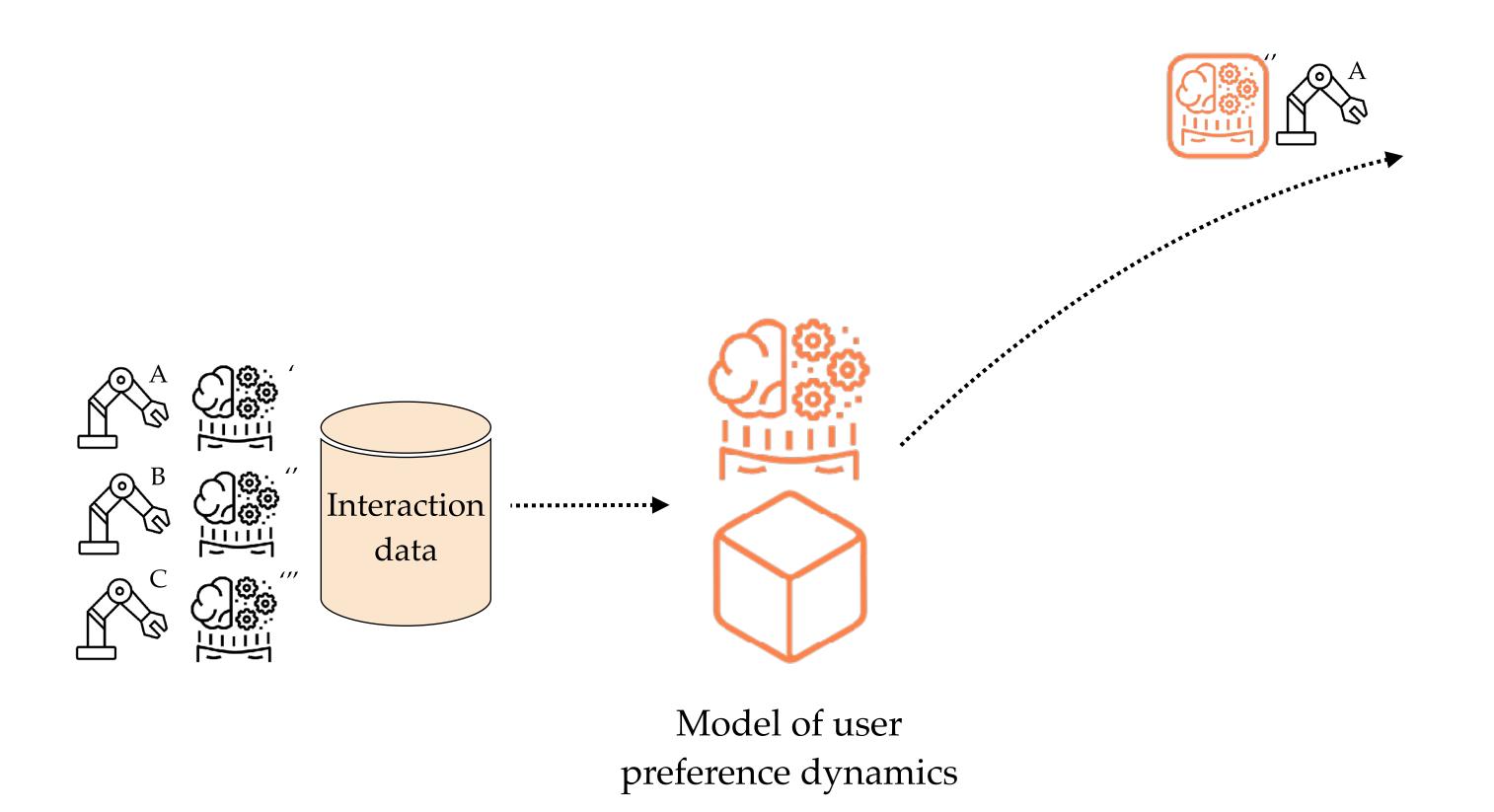


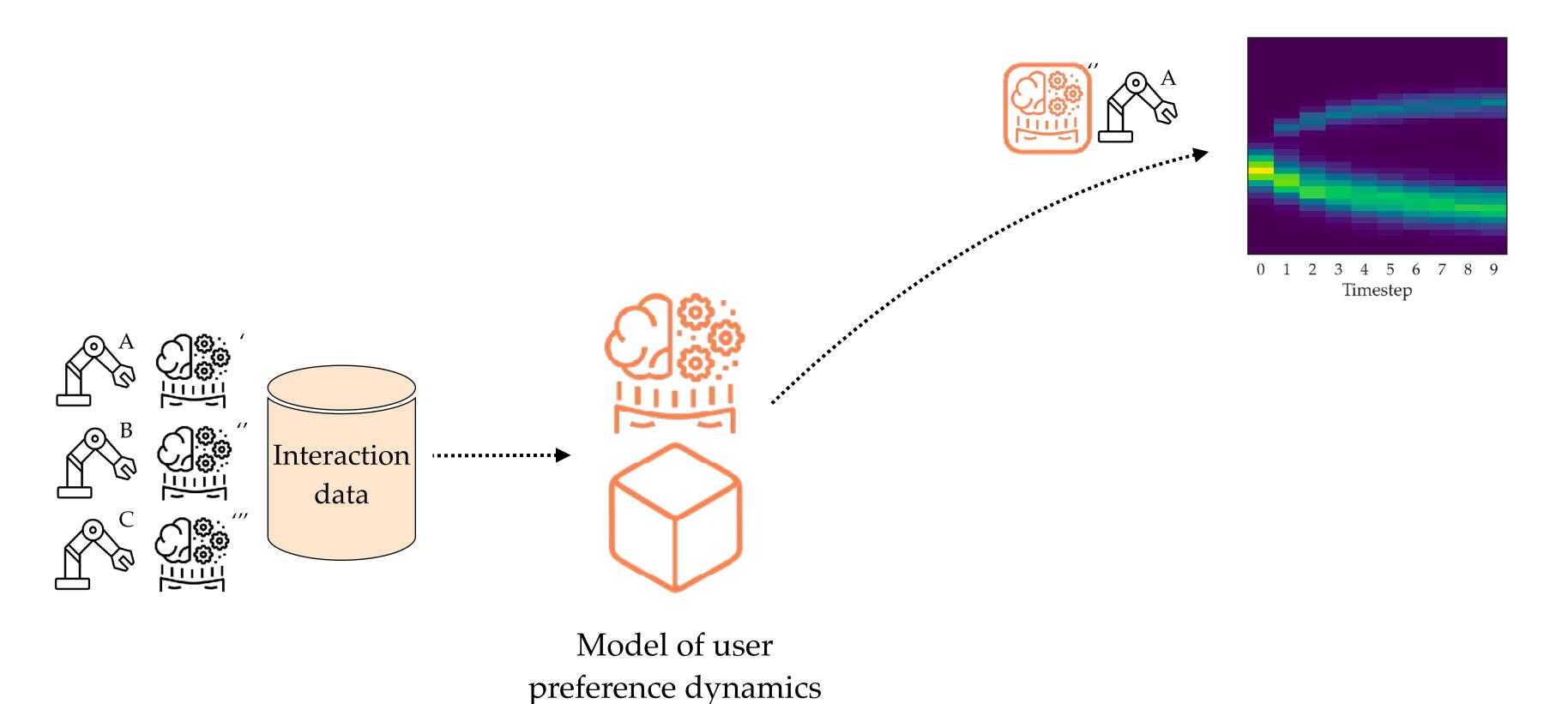


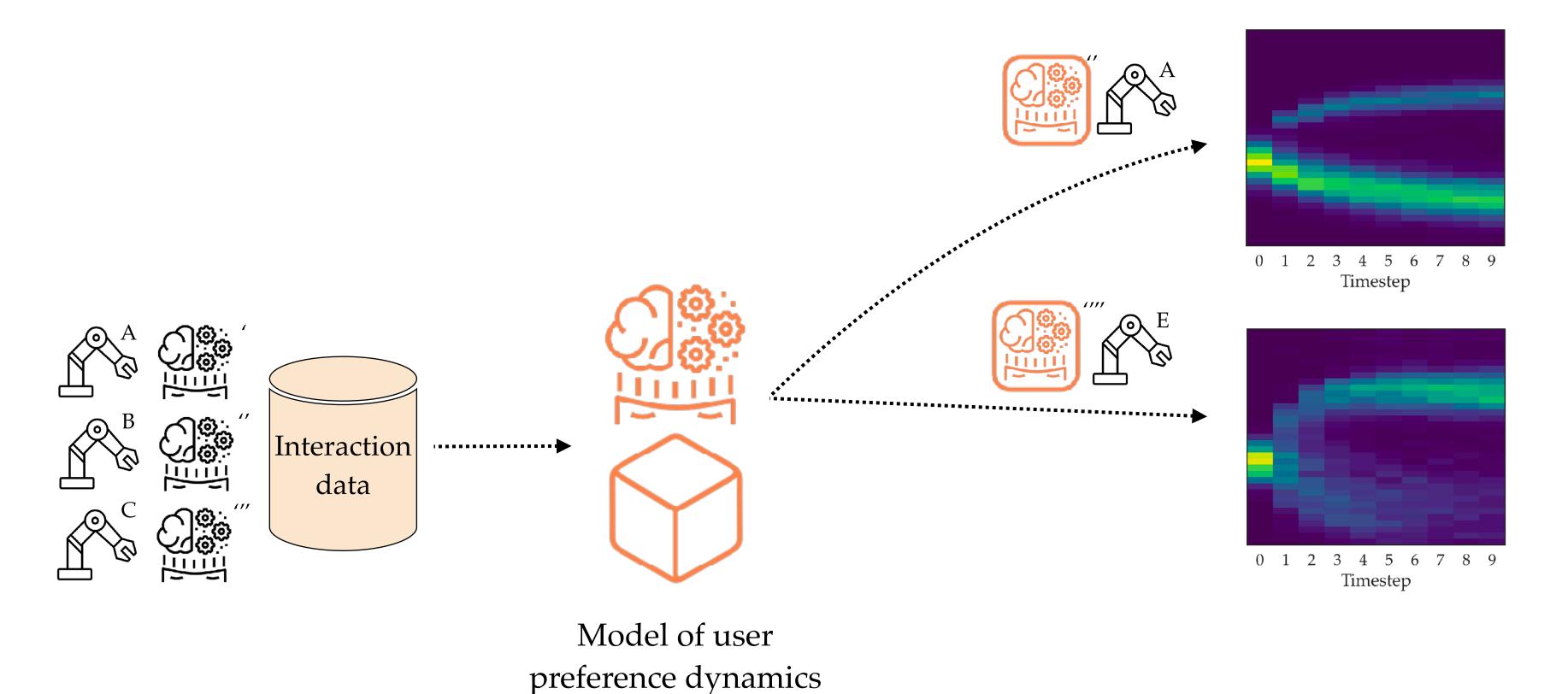


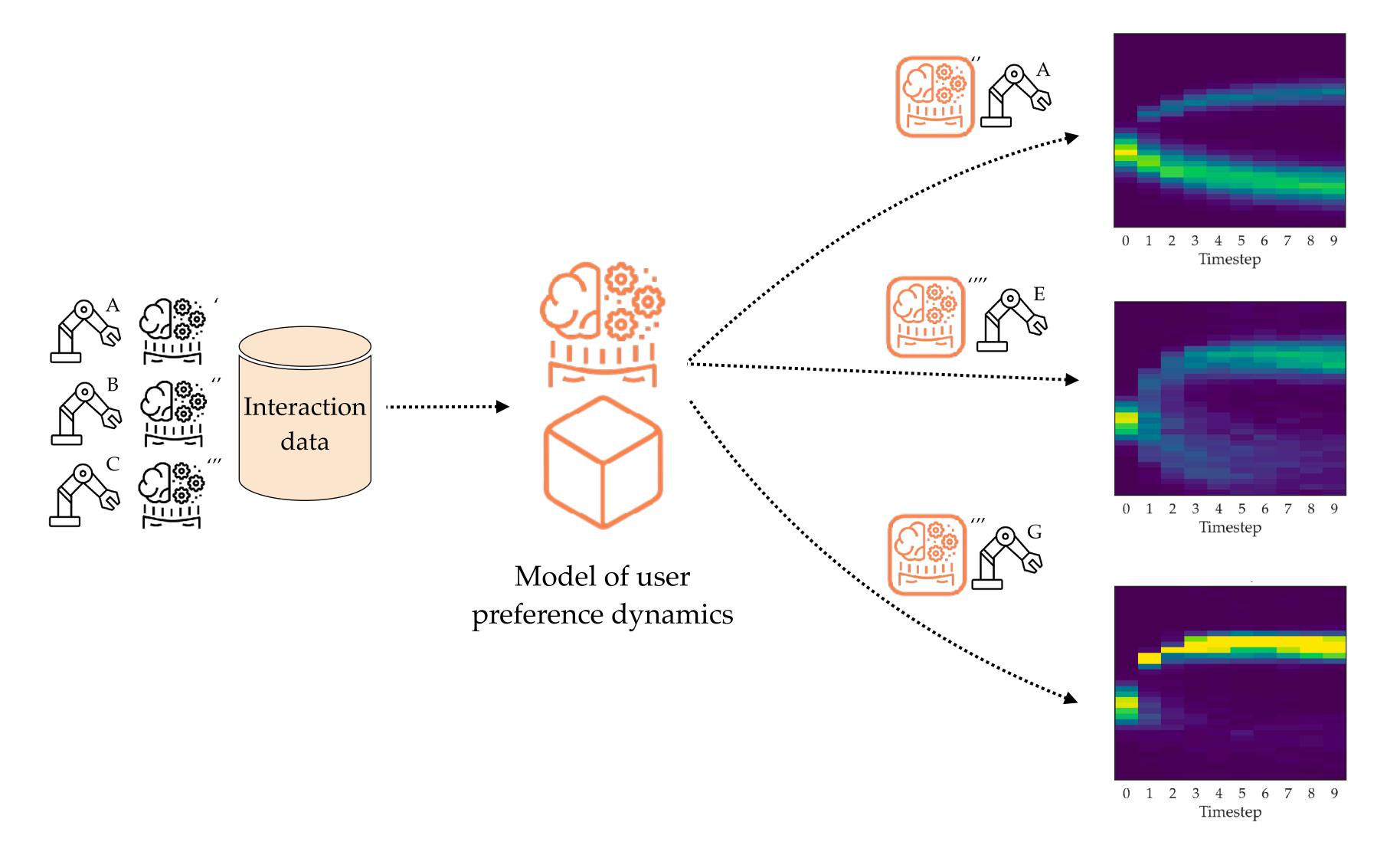


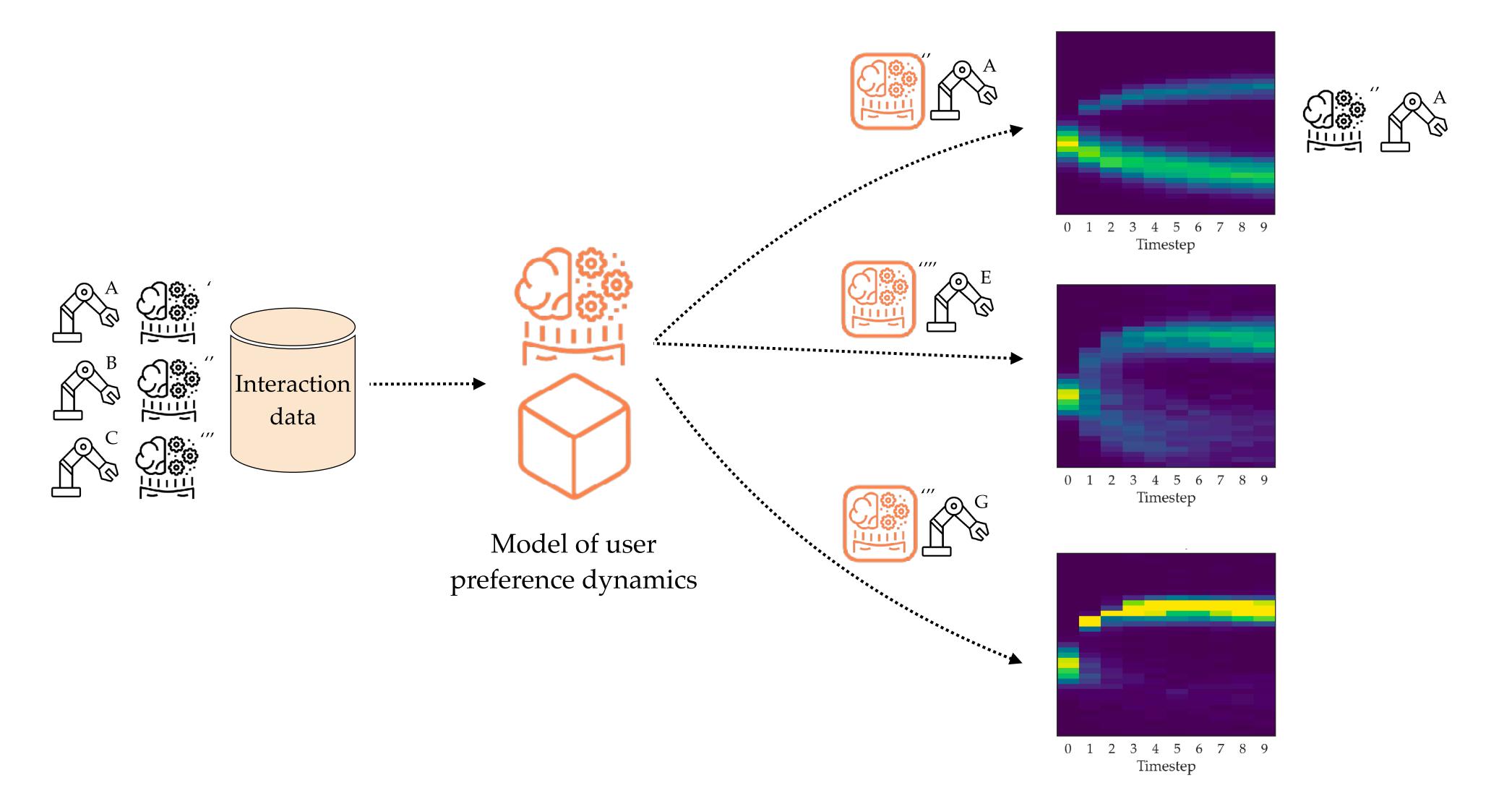
Model of user preference dynamics

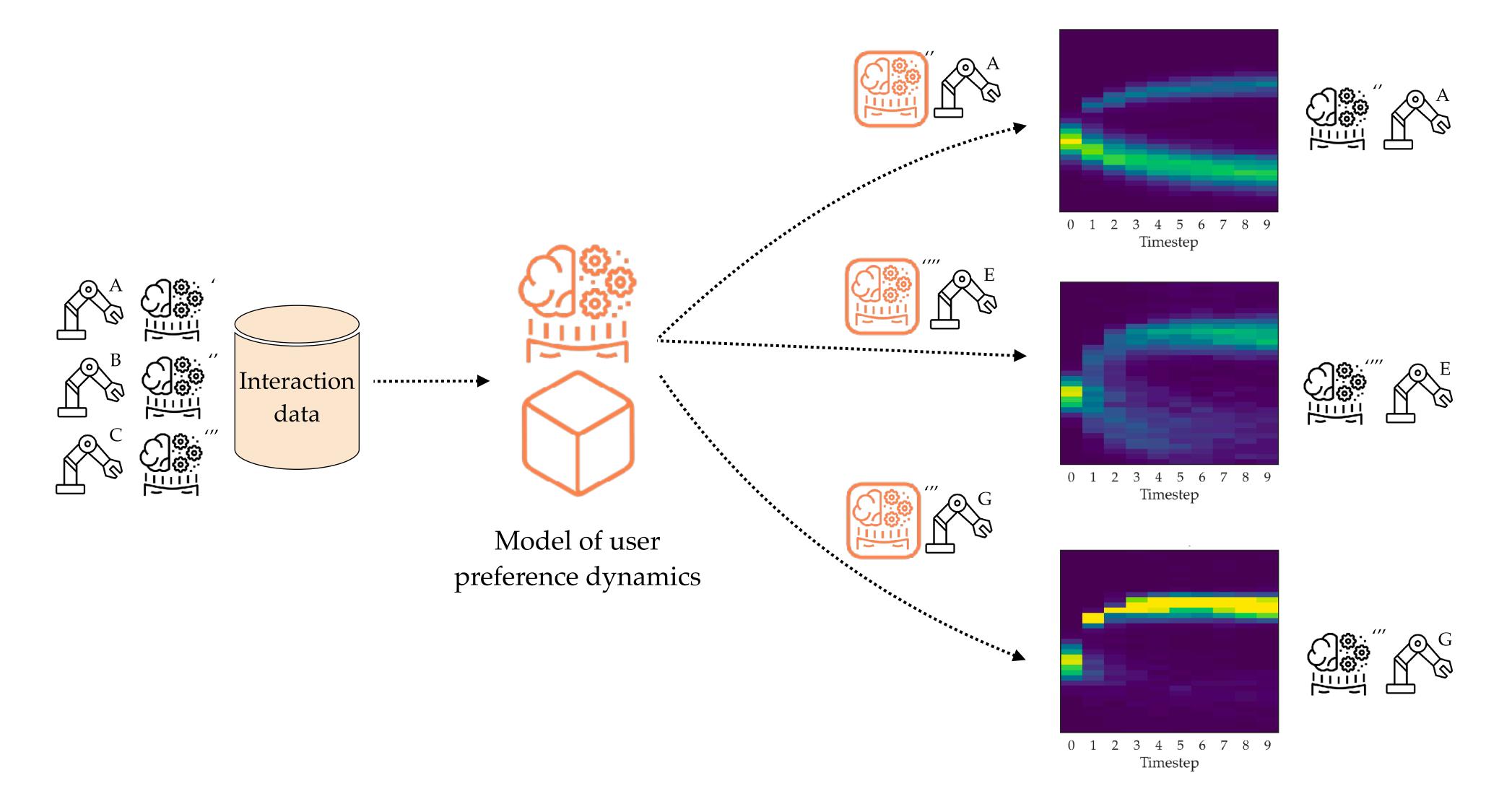


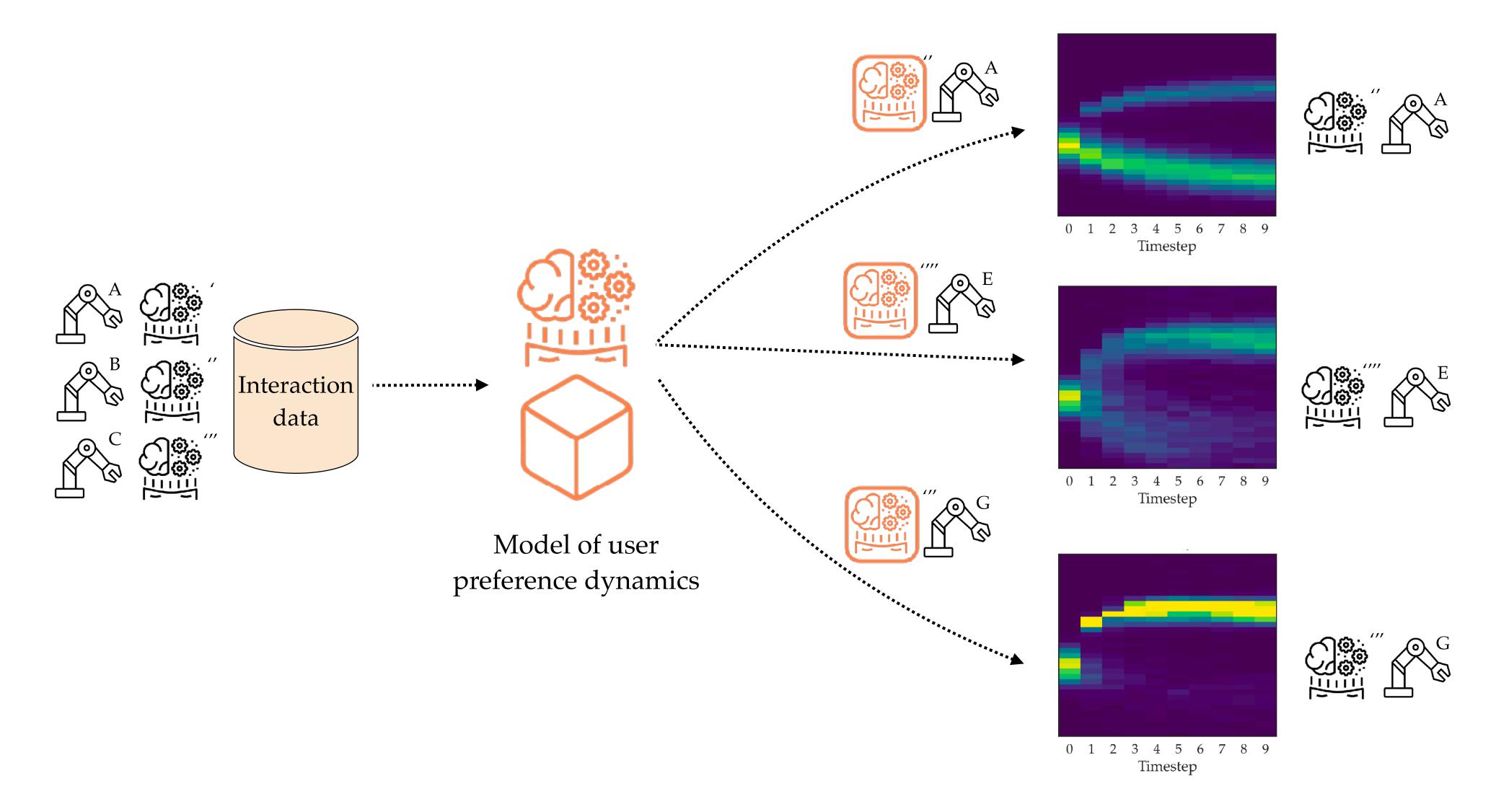








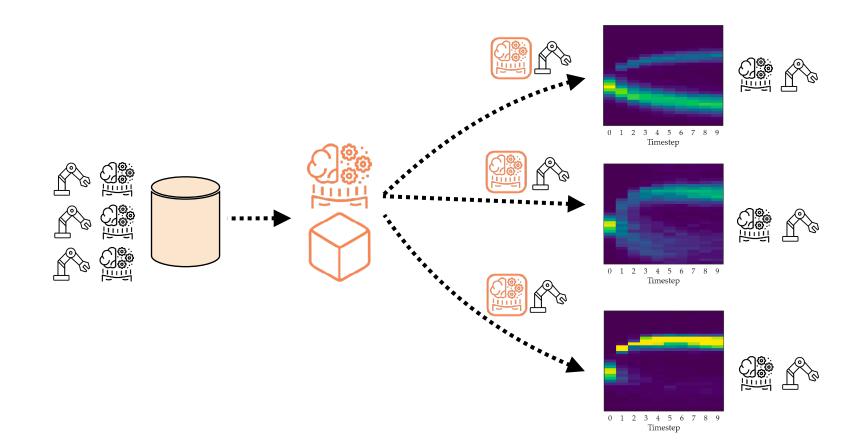




Estimate the effects of recommenders on user's preferences before deployment

1) Monitoring: estimating preference-shifts

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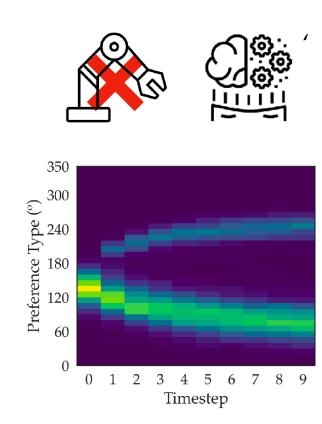
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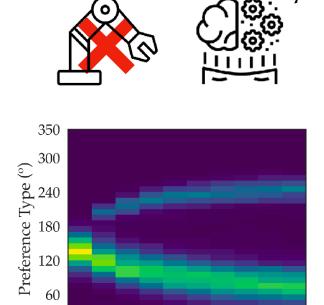




1) Monitoring: estimating preference-shifts



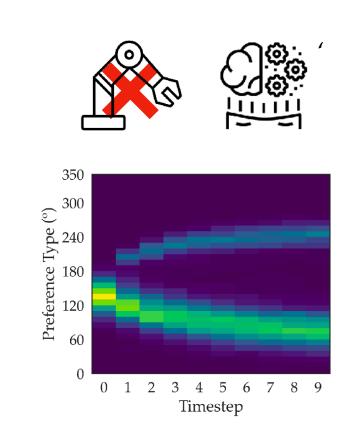
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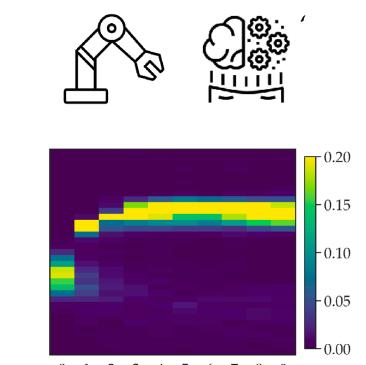




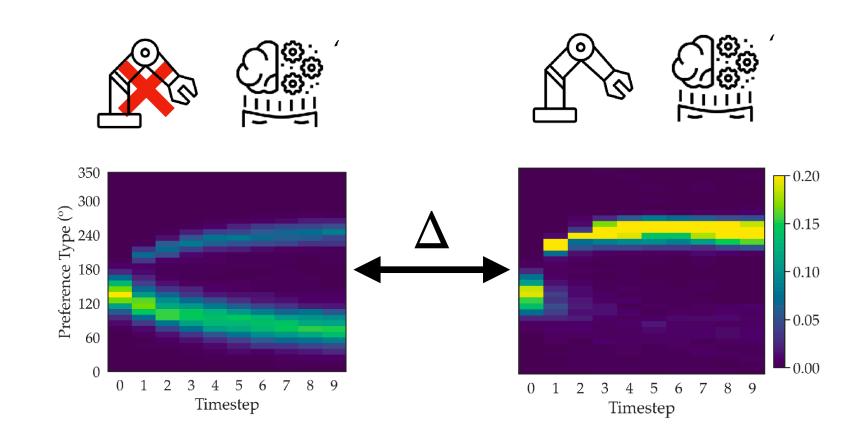


1) Monitoring: estimating preference-shifts





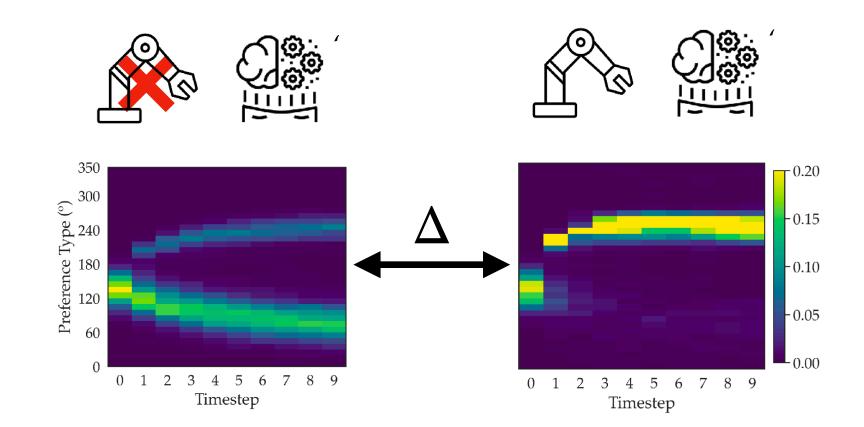
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3) Optimizing: penalizing unwanted preference-shifts









See the paper for more details!

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Abstract

The content that a recommender system (RS) shows to users influences them. Therefore, when choosing a recommender to deploy, one is implicitly also choosing to induce specific internal states

of changes in users' internal states: simple changes in the content displayed to users can affect their behavior (Wilhelm et al., 2018; Hohnhold et al., 2015), mood (Kramer et al., 2014), beliefs (Allcott et al., 2020), and preferences (Adomavicius et al., 2013; Epstein & Robertson, 2015).

