

# Hermite Polynomial Features for Private Data Generation

by Mohammad-Amin Charusaie



Margarita Vinaroz  
@ MPI-IS



Frederik Harder  
@ MPI-IS



Kamil Adamczewski  
@ MPI-IS



Mijung Park  
@ UBC

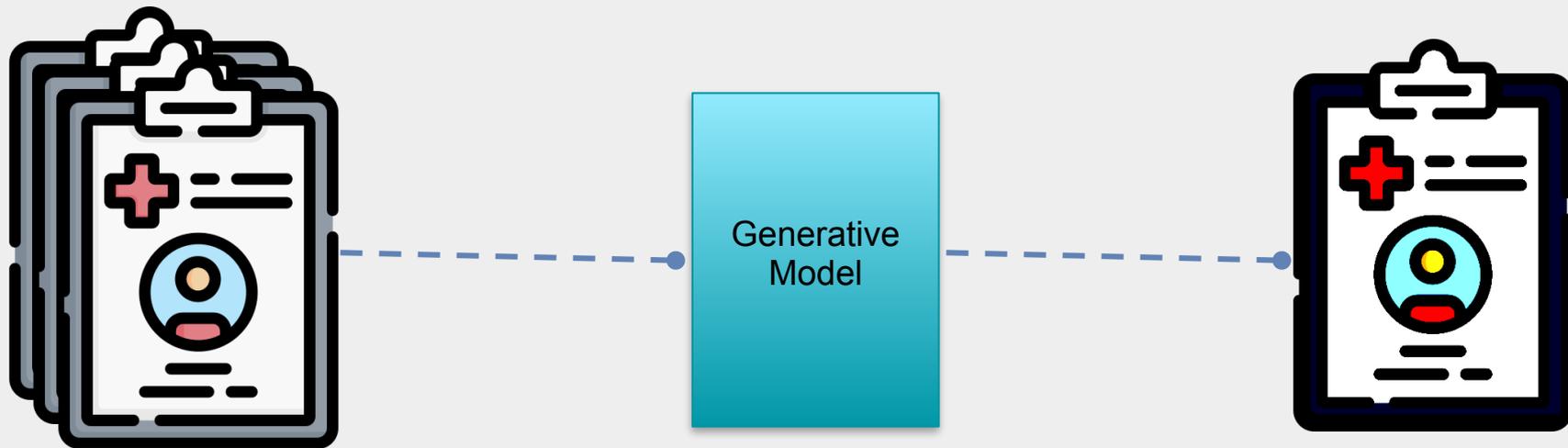
# Data Release



Smoking  
causes  
cancer?

Information Leakage

# Synthetic Data Generation

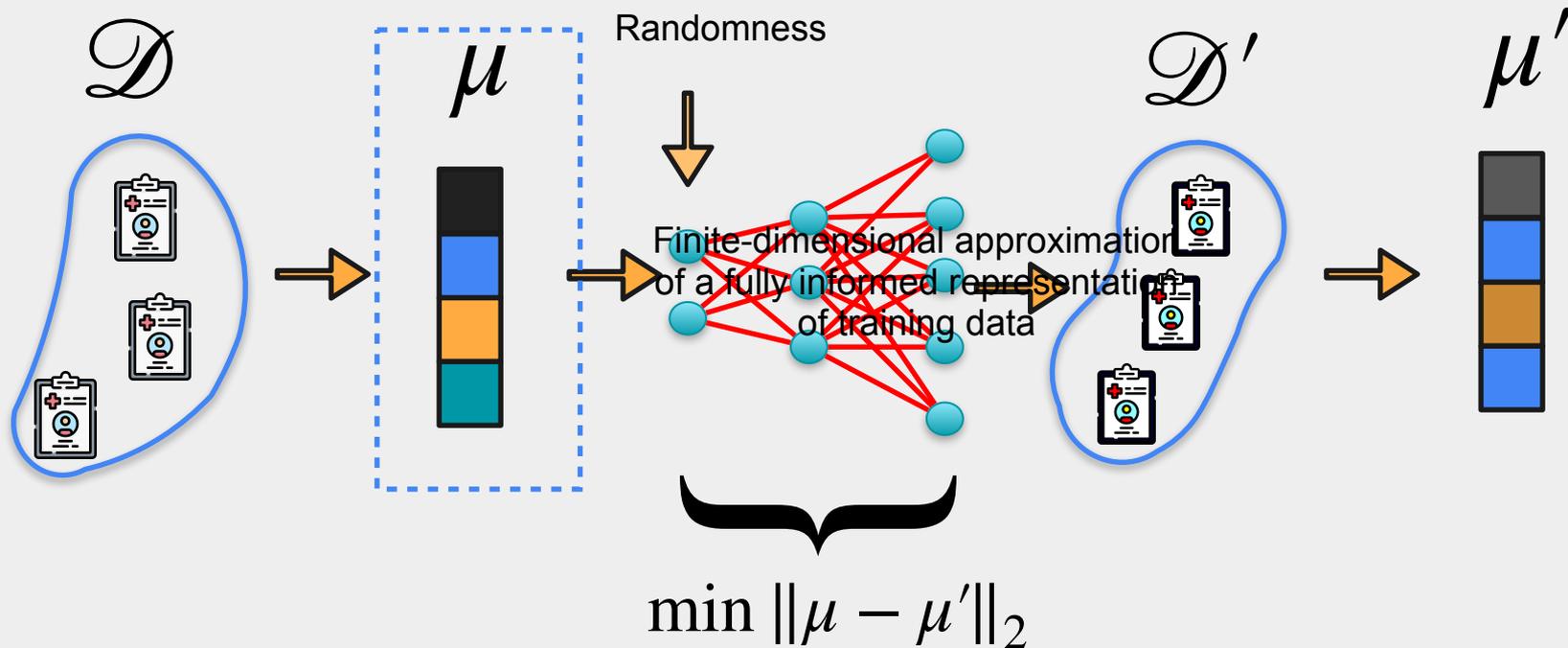


# Differential Privacy

$$\frac{P(\text{stack of 3 light blue clipboards} \mid \text{stack of 3 dark blue clipboards})}{P(\text{stack of 3 light blue clipboards} \mid \text{stack of 3 light blue clipboards})} \leq e^\epsilon$$

# Data Generation via Kernel Mean Embedding

Privatization via perturbation



# Approximations of Gaussian Kernel

1. **Random Features** (Harder et al. 2021):  $k(x, y) \simeq \frac{1}{d} \sum_{i=1}^d \cos(\omega_i x) \cos(\omega_i y)$  for

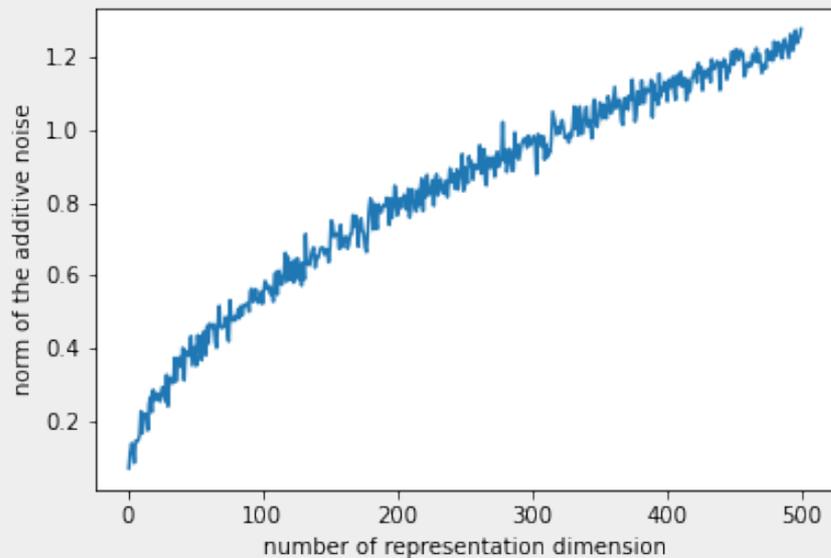
$$\omega_i \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1) \quad \mu = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{D}} [\cos(\omega_1 x), \dots, \cos(\omega_d x)]$$

2. **Hermite Features** (DP-HP):  $k(x, y) \simeq \frac{1}{d} \sum_{i=1}^d B_d H_d(x) e^{-\alpha x^2} H_d(y) e^{-\alpha y^2}$  for  $d$ -th

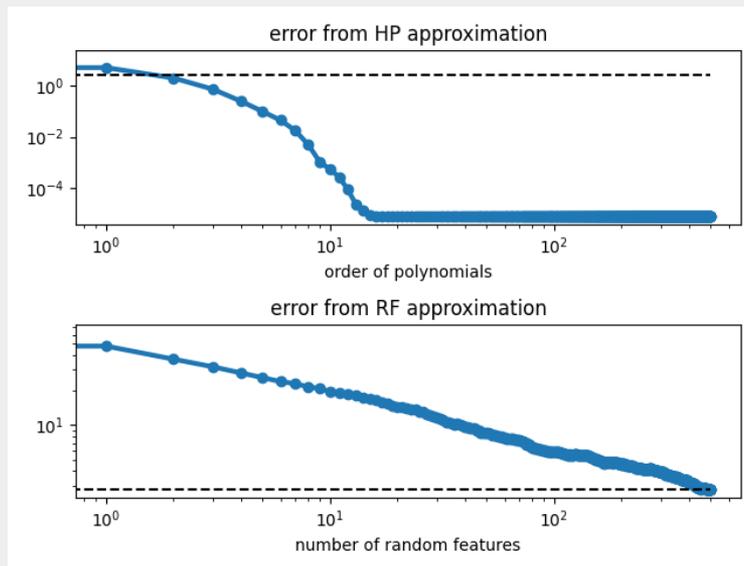
Hermite polynomials  $H_d(\cdot)$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{D}} \sqrt{B_d} e^{-\alpha x^2} [H_1(x), \dots, H_d(x)]$$

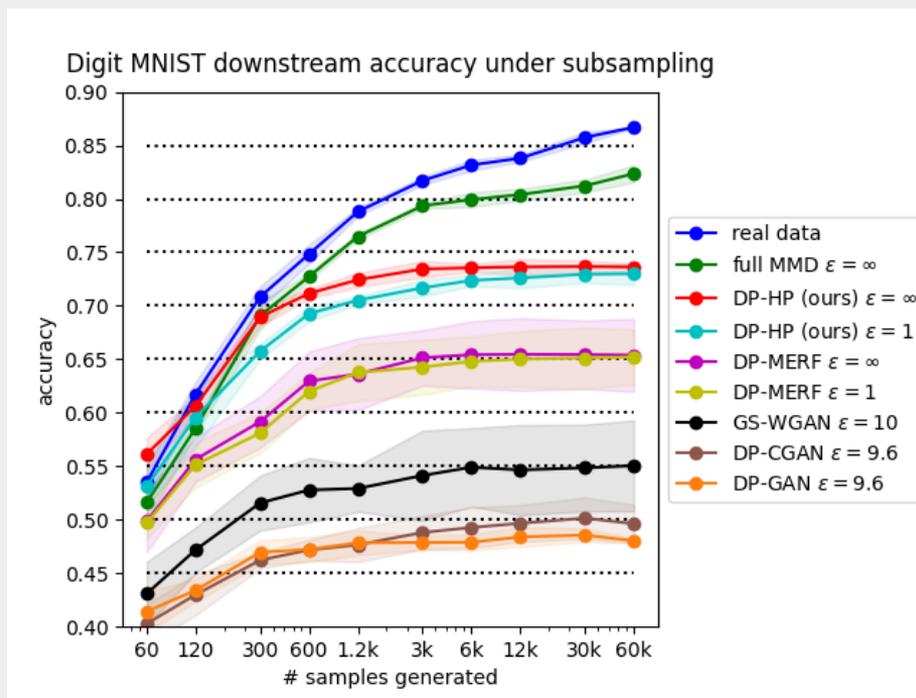
# Representation Dimension vs. Perturbation Effect



# Representation Dimension vs. Approximation Power



# Experiments



**Thank you!**