



HARVARD

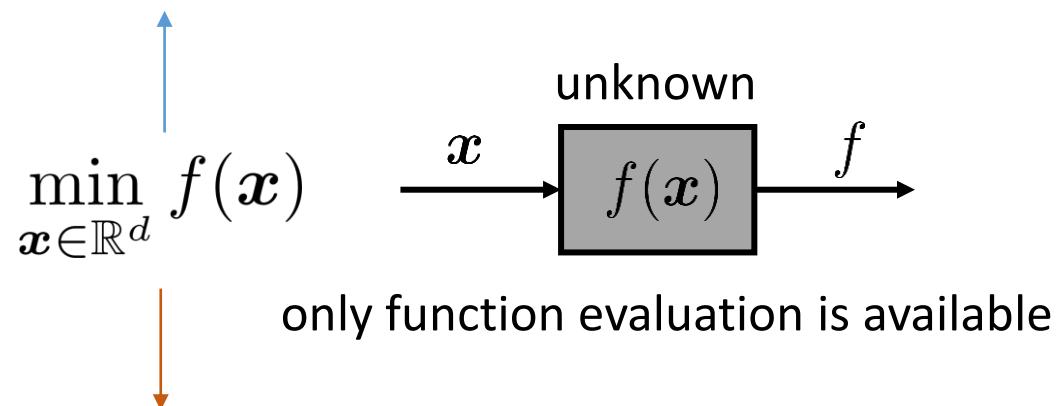
School of Engineering
and Applied Sciences

Improve Single-Point Zeroth-Order Optimization Using High-Pass and Low-Pass Filters

Xin Chen, Yujie Tang, Na Li

John A. Paulson School of Engineering and Applied Sciences, Harvard University
Email: xchen2@g.harvard.edu

Zeroth-Order Optimization (ZO)



Extremum Seeking (ES) Control

$$\dot{x} = -k \cdot \frac{2}{a} f(x + a \sin(\omega t)) \sin(\omega t)$$

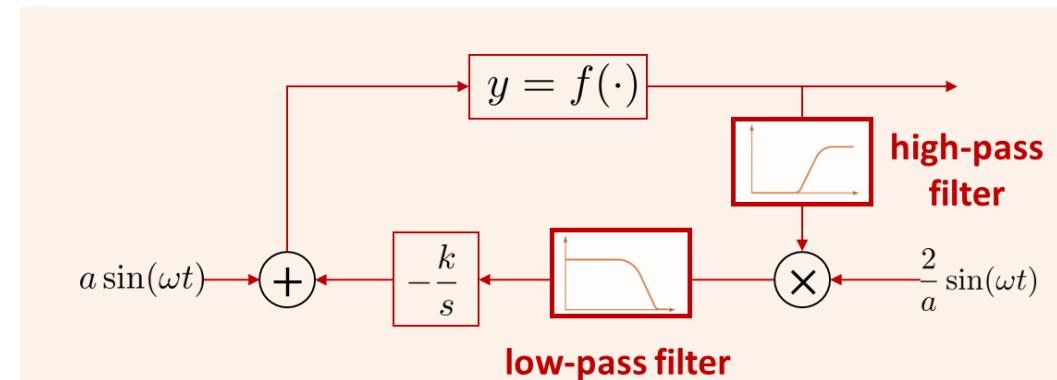
continuous-time dynamics

Single-Point ZO (SZO)

$$x_{k+1} = x_k - \eta \underbrace{\frac{d}{r} f(x_k + r u_k)}_{\text{single-point gradient estimator}} u_k$$

- ✓ one function evaluation → online problems
- ✗ large variance and slow convergence.

“Can we borrow the idea of high-pass and low-pass filters from ES control to improve SZO?”



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YES!

Vanilla **SZO**

$$\mathbf{x}_{k+1} = \mathbf{x}_k - \eta \frac{d}{r} f(\mathbf{x}_k + r \mathbf{u}_k) \mathbf{u}_k$$

High-pass Filter

$$\frac{s}{s + \omega_H}$$

Low-pass Filter

$$\frac{\omega_L}{s + \omega_L}$$

Our proposed **HLF-SZO**

$$\mathbf{x}_{k+1} = \mathbf{x}_k - \eta \cdot \frac{d}{r} \left(f(\mathbf{x}_k + r\mathbf{u}_k) - f(\mathbf{x}_{k-1} + r\mathbf{u}_{k-1}) \right) \mathbf{u}_k + \alpha(\mathbf{x}_k - \mathbf{x}_{k-1})$$

residual feedback [1]

“momentum”

[1] Yan Zhang, et al. A new one-point residual-feedback oracle for black-box learning and control. *Automatica*, 2021.

Performance Comparison

$$\min_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d} f(\mathbf{x})$$

Convex

Nonconvex

Vanilla SZO < Residual SZO < **HLF-SZO** < Two-Point

$$\mathcal{O}(d^2/\epsilon^3)$$

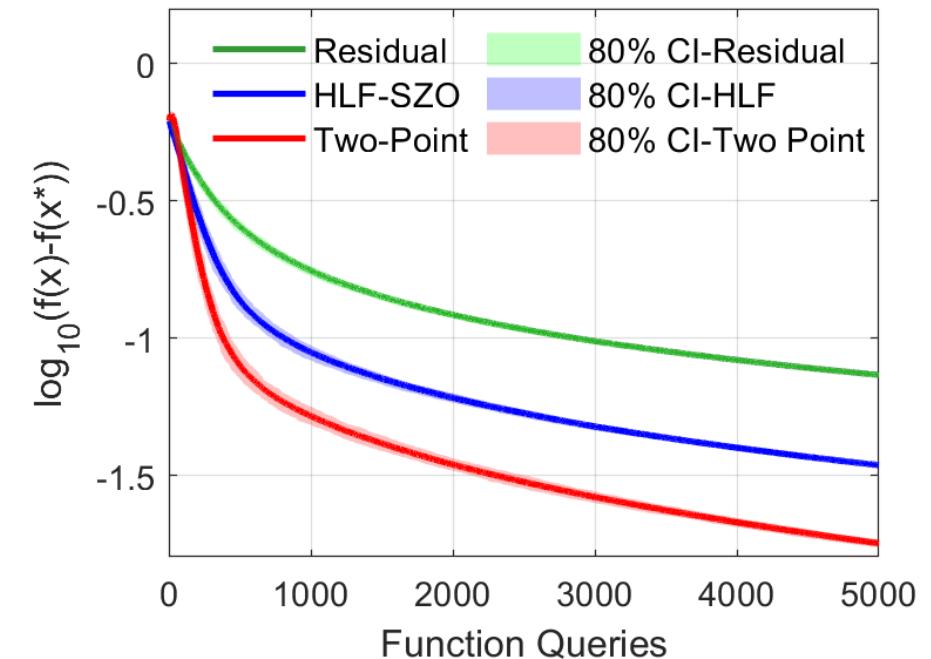
$$\mathcal{O}(d^2/\epsilon^{\frac{3}{2}})$$

$$\mathcal{O}(d^{\frac{3}{2}}/\epsilon^{\frac{3}{2}})$$

$$\mathcal{O}(d/\epsilon)$$

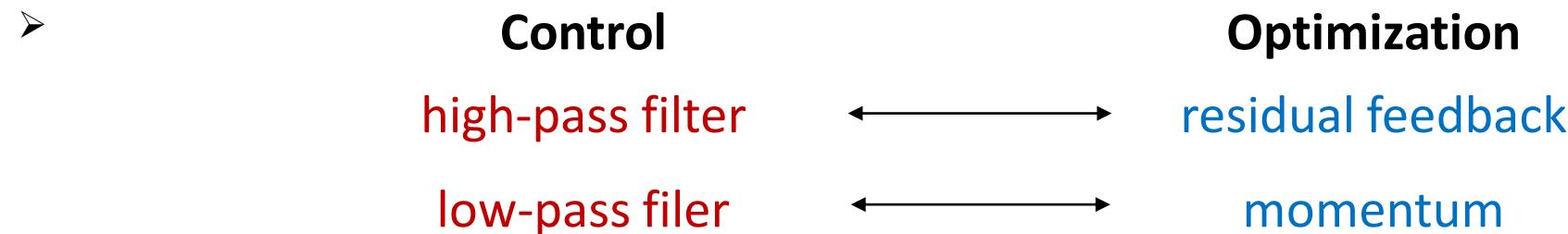
➤ Logistic Regression (d=50, N=1000)

$$\min_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d} f(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \log (1 + \exp(-y_i \cdot A_i^\top \mathbf{x}))$$



Takeaway

- We borrow high-pass and low-pass filters from ES control and develop **HLF-SZO** method with
 - ✓ **smaller variance**
 - ✓ **faster convergence**



- We explore a new direction to improve ZO schemes by leveraging the close connection between ZO and continuous-time ES control.