FEATURE AND PARAMETER SELECTION IN STOCHASTIC LINEAR BANDITS

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STOCHASTIC LINEAR BANDIT



Take Action $a_t \in \mathcal{A}_t$

Environment



Observe reward $y_t = \langle \phi(a_t), \theta_* \rangle + \eta_t$

Regret:
$$\mathcal{R}(T, \theta_*) = \sum_{t=1}^{T} \langle \phi(a_t^*), \theta_* \rangle - \langle \phi(a_t), \theta_* \rangle$$
 where $a_t^* = \arg\max_{a \in \mathcal{A}_t} \langle \phi(a), \theta_* \rangle$

MODEL SELECTION IN STOCHASTIC LINEAR BANDITS

- The LB problem at hand is selected as a set of M models.
- Customers of online marketing websites belong to a certain number of categories based on their search or history of shopping



TWO MODEL SELECTION SETTINGS STUDIED

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Feature selection

- The agent is given a set of M feature maps $\{\phi^i\}_{i=1}^M$
- Expected reward belongs to the linear span of at least one of these feature maps, i.e., $\exists i \in [M]$:

$$\mathbb{E}[y_t] = \langle \phi^i, \theta_*^i \rangle$$

We minimize the transfer regret:

$$\mathcal{R}(T) = \sum_{t=1}^{T} \langle \phi^{i_*}(a_t^*), \theta_*^{i_*} \rangle - \langle \phi^{i_*}(a_t), \theta_*^{i_*} \rangle$$

Here i_* is the true model.

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Parameter selection

• Reward parameter can be generated from M possible reward models each defined as a ball

$$B(\mu_i, b_i) = \{ \theta \in \mathbb{R}^d : \|\theta - \mu_i\| \le b_i \}$$

- We assume estimates of the centers $\{\widehat{\mu}_i\}_{i=1}^M$ with upper bound on the errors of these estimates are available $\|\mu_i \widehat{\mu}_i\| \leq c_i, \ \forall i \in [M]$
- We minimize the transfer regret:

$$\mathcal{R}(T) = \sup_{\theta_* \in \bigcup_{i=1}^M B(\mu_i, b_i)} \mathcal{R}(T, \theta_*)$$

where

$$\mathcal{R}(T, \theta_*) = \sum_{t=1}^{T} \langle \phi(a_t^*), \theta_* \rangle - \langle \phi(a_t), \theta_* \rangle$$

FS-SCB REGRET

Theorem 1. Let Assumption 1 hold and the regularization parameters λ_i , exploration parameter κ , and learning rate α set to the values described above. Then, for any $\delta \in [0, 1/4)$, with probability at least $1 - \delta$, the regret defined by (2) for FS-SCB is bounded as

$$\mathcal{R}_{\text{FS-SCB}}(T) \leq \mathcal{O}\bigg(\sqrt{2T\log(2/\delta)} + RLG\sqrt{KT(1 + \log(M)) \max_{i \in [M]} \left\{\lambda_i S^2 + 4d\log\left(\frac{1 + \frac{TL^2}{\lambda_i d}}{\delta}\right)\right\}}\bigg).$$

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 Logarithmic dependence on number of the models

PS-OFUL REGRET

Theorem 6. Let Assumption 2 hold and $\lambda_i = \frac{1}{(b_i + c_i)^2} \ge 1$, $\forall i \in [M]$. Then, for any $\delta \in (0, 1/4]$, with probability at least $1 - \delta$, the transfer-regret defined by (3) of PS-OFUL is bounded as

$$\mathcal{R}(T) = \mathcal{O}\left(dRL\max\{1,G\} + \sqrt{1 + \log(M)}\sqrt{T\log\left(1 + \frac{T}{d}\right)\log\left(\frac{1 + \frac{TL^2\max_{i \in [M]}(b_i + c_i)^2}{d}}{\delta}\right)}\right). \tag{10}$$

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Logarithmic dependence on number of the models

Logarithmic dependence on model misspecifications

Thank you! Q/A?