

Log-Euclidean Signatures for Intrinsic Distances Between Unaligned Datasets

Tal Shnitzer¹, Mikhail Yurochkin², Kristjan Greenewald², Justin Solomon¹

$$d\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{cloud of points} \\ \text{cloud of points} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \text{cloud of points} \end{array}\right)$$

¹ CSAIL, MIT

² IBM Research, MIT-IBM Watson AI Lab

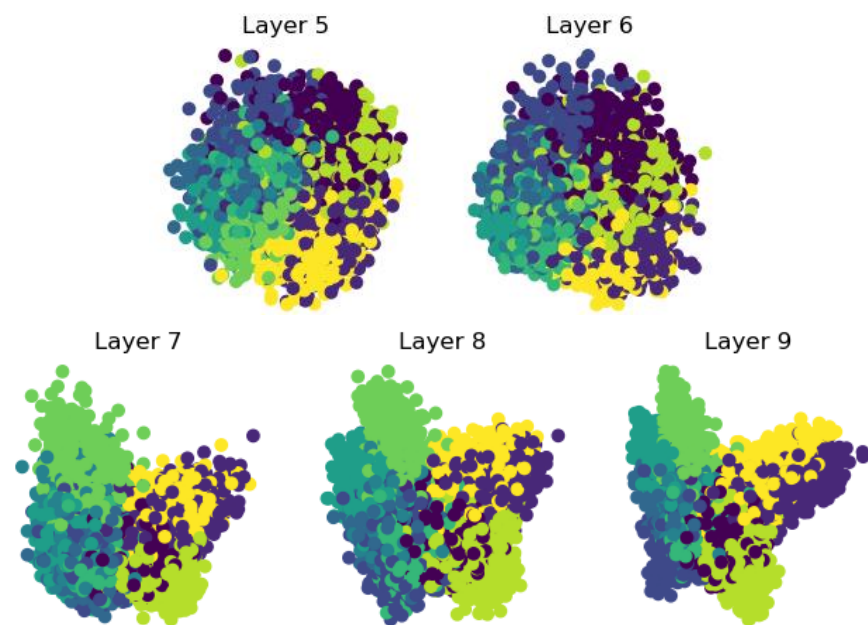
Comparing Unaligned High Dimensional Point Clouds

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Gene expression data from (Schiebinger et al., 2019)

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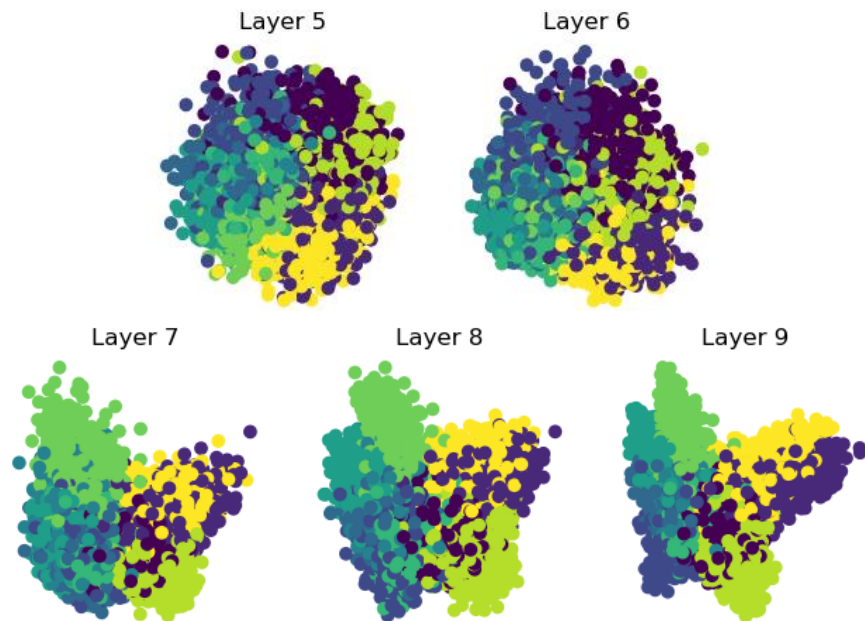
Neural networks layer embeddings



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Comparing Unaligned High Dimensional Point Clouds

$$d\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{cloud 1} \\ \text{cloud 2} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \text{cloud 3} \\ \text{cloud 4} \end{array}\right) \gg d\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{cloud 1} \\ \text{cloud 2} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \text{cloud 5} \\ \text{cloud 6} \end{array}\right)$$



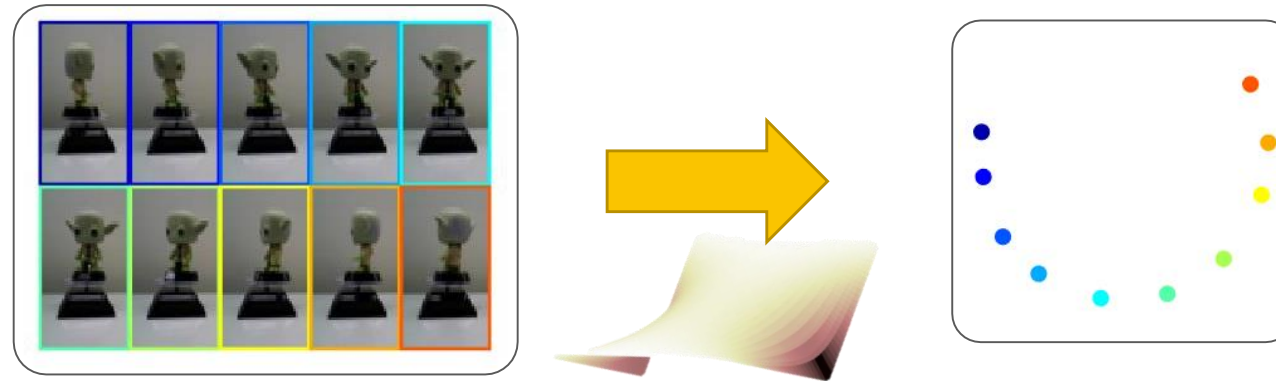
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Representations of High Dimensional Point Clouds

- Common approach: manifold learning – representing the underlying manifold of the data.



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- Diffusion maps (Coifman and Lafon, 2006): $\{x_i \in \mathbb{R}^d\}_{i=1}^N$

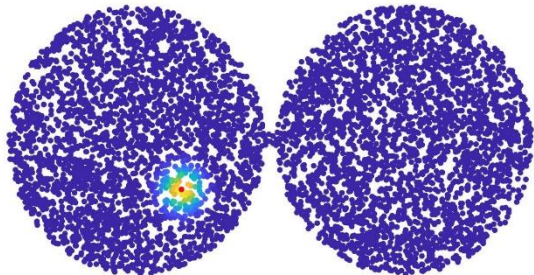
$$K(i, j) = \exp\left(-\frac{\|x_i - x_j\|^2}{\epsilon}\right)$$

$$\hat{K}(i, j) = \frac{K(i, j)}{\sum_{\ell} K(i, \ell) \cdot \sum_{\ell} K(\ell, j)}$$

$$W(i, j) = \frac{\hat{K}(i, j)}{\sqrt{\sum_{\ell} \hat{K}(i, \ell) \sum_{\ell} \hat{K}(\ell, j)}}$$



Relates to the
heat kernel of the
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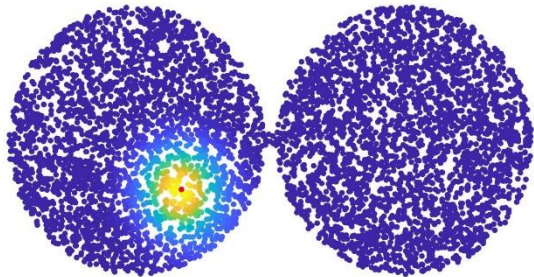
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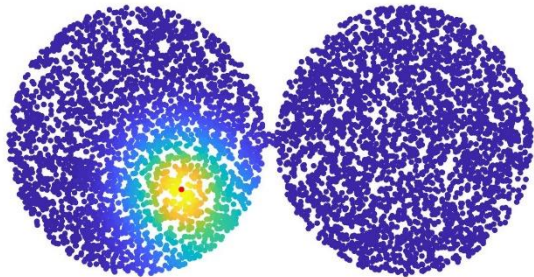
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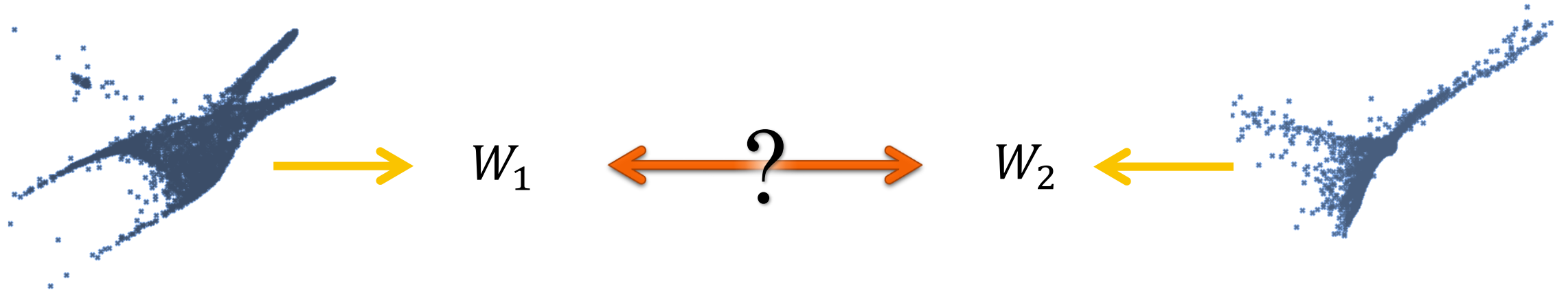
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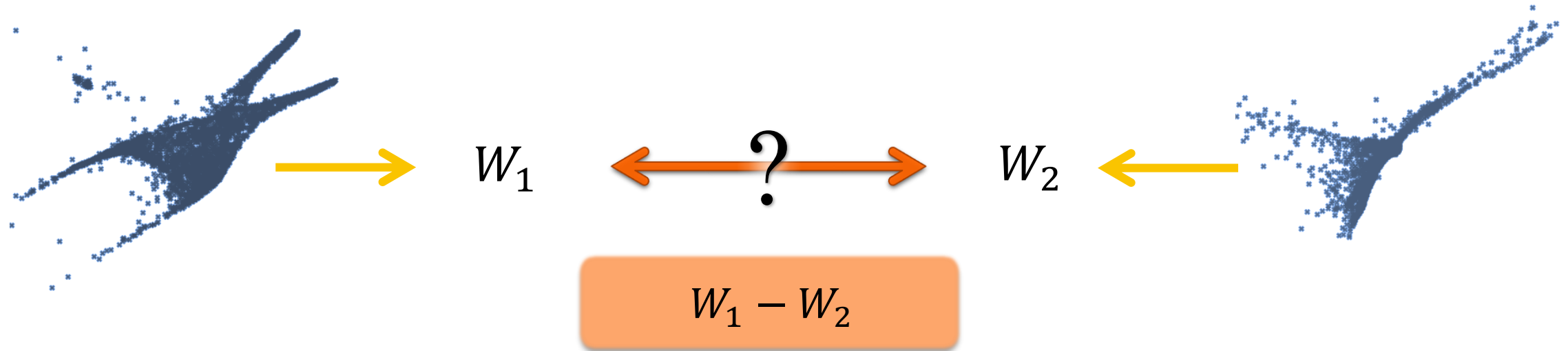
Comparing the Representations



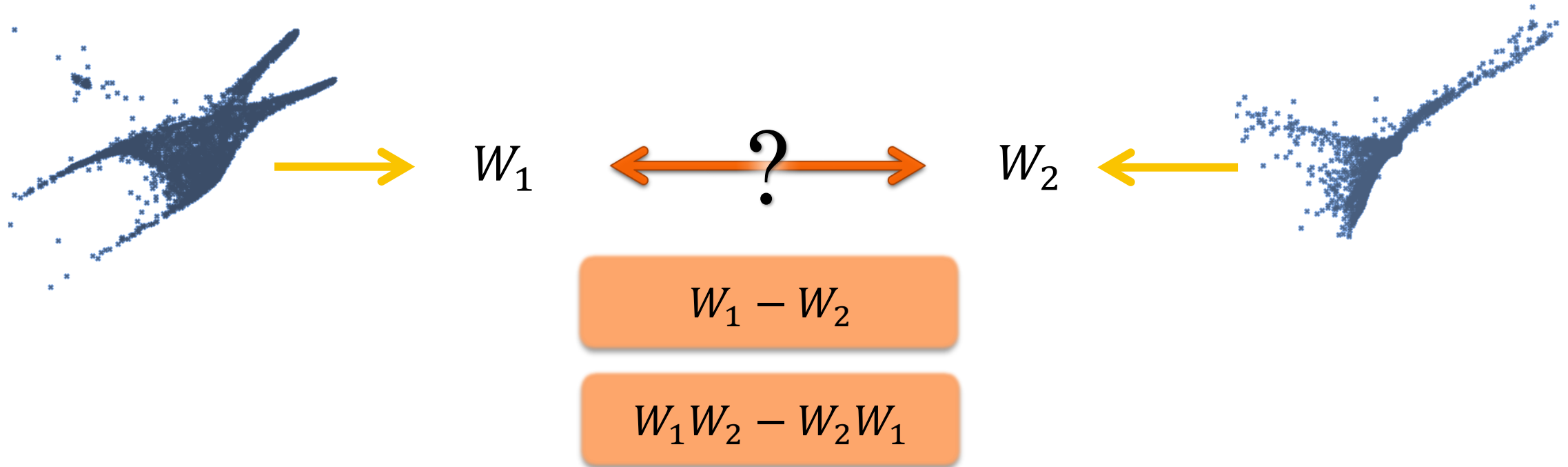
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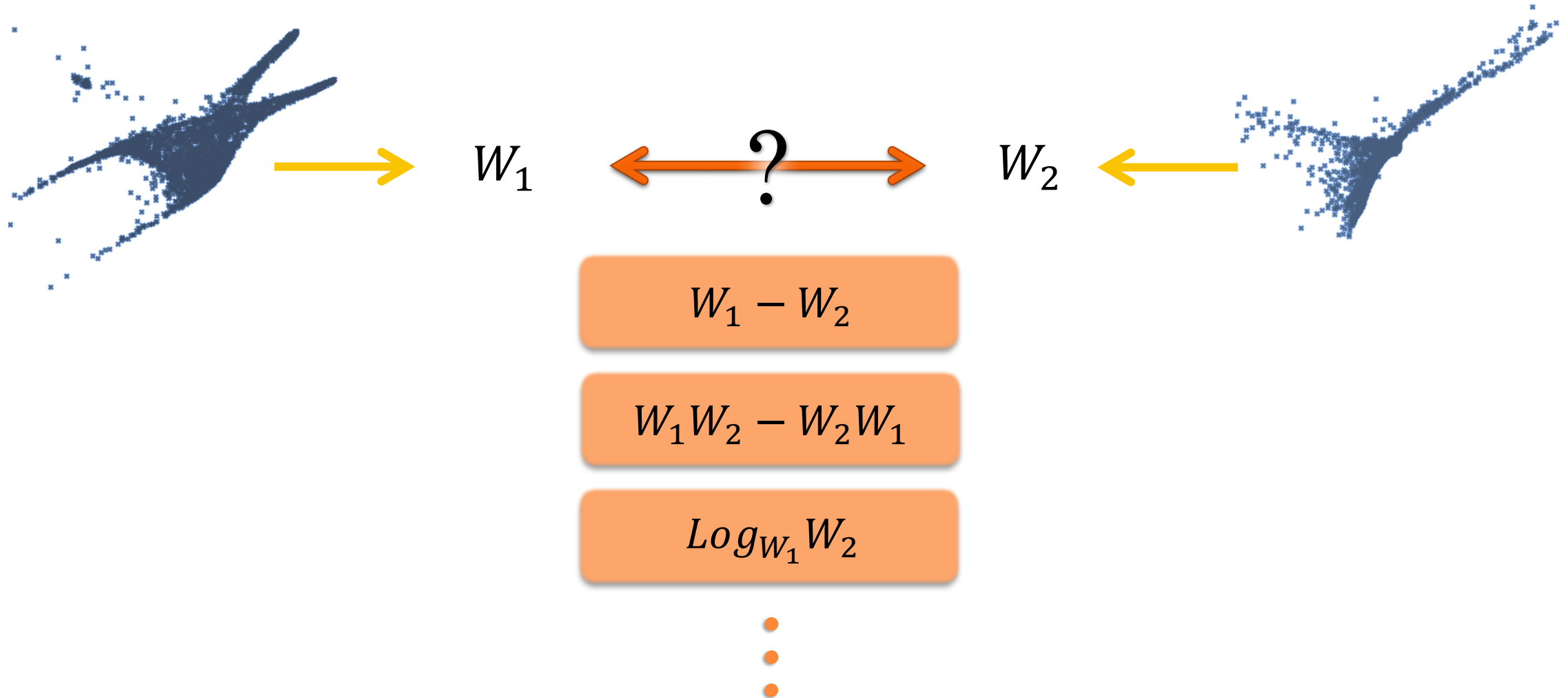
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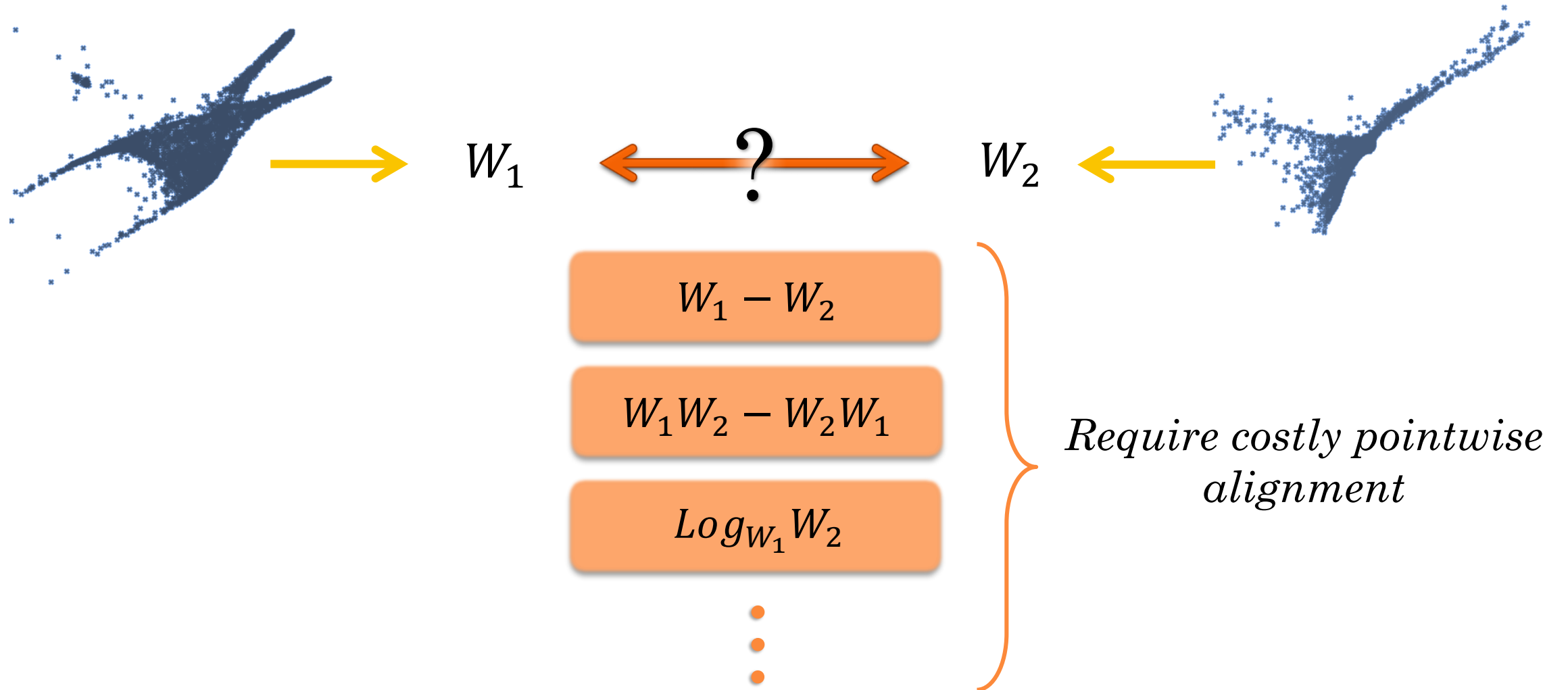
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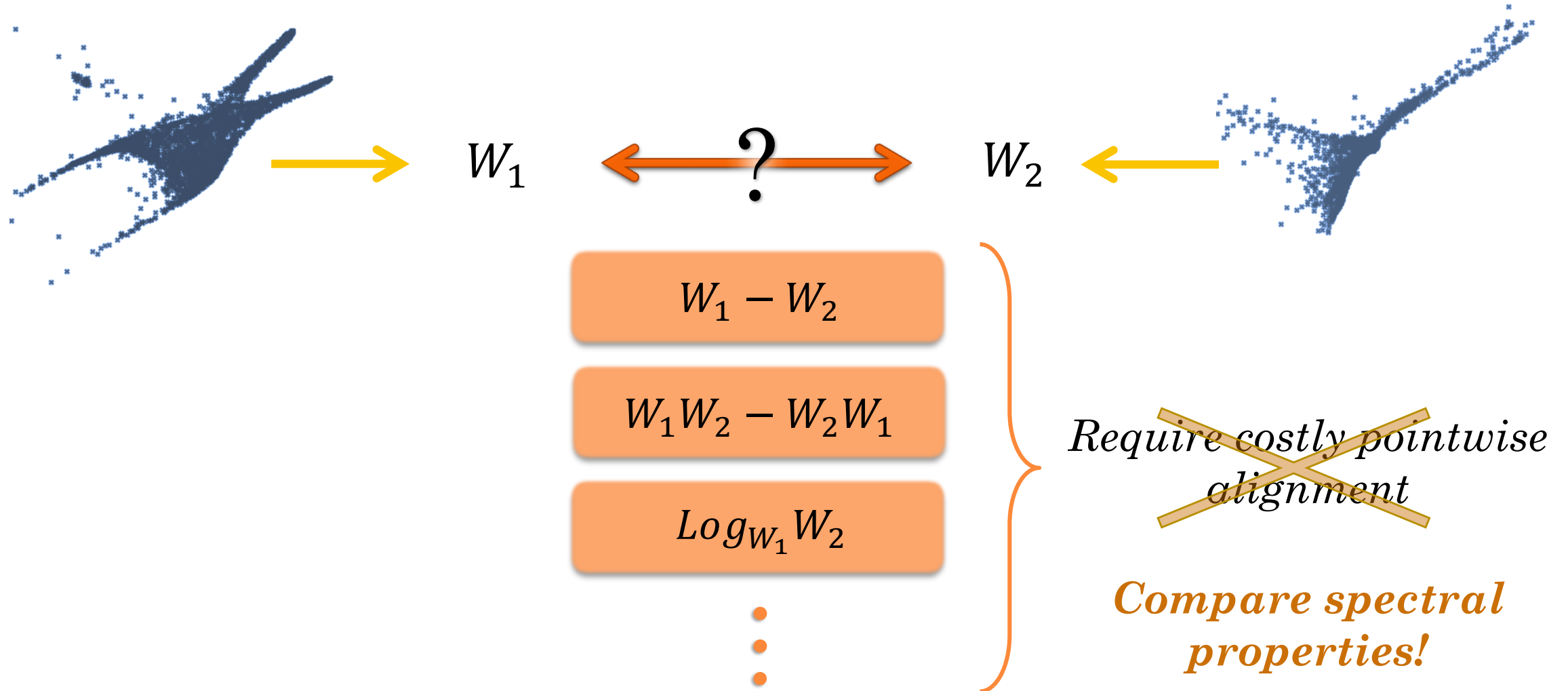
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Comparing *Unaligned* Representations

$$d_{LES}^2(W_1, W_2) = \sum_{i=1}^K \left(\log \left(\lambda_i^{(W_1)} + \gamma \right) - \log \left(\lambda_i^{(W_2)} + \gamma \right) \right)^2$$

$$K \ll N$$

Comparing *Unaligned* Representations

- Accounting for the symmetric positive definiteness of W_ℓ , we use the Log-Euclidean metric (Arsigny et al., 2006).

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Comparing *Unaligned* Representations

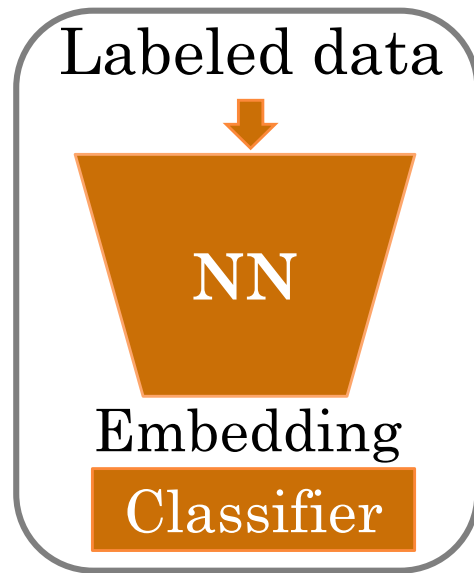
- Accounting for the symmetric positive definiteness of W_ℓ , we use the Log-Euclidean metric (Arsigny et al., 2006).
- Define a pseudo-metric by lower bounding the Log-Euclidean metric:

$$\|\log(W_1) - \log(W_2)\|_F^2 \geq \sum_i \left(\log \lambda_i^{(W_1)\downarrow} - \log \lambda_i^{(W_2)\downarrow} \right)^2$$

$$d_{LES}^2(W_1, W_2) = \sum_{i=1}^K \left(\log \left(\lambda_i^{(W_1)} + \gamma \right) - \log \left(\lambda_i^{(W_2)} + \gamma \right) \right)^2$$

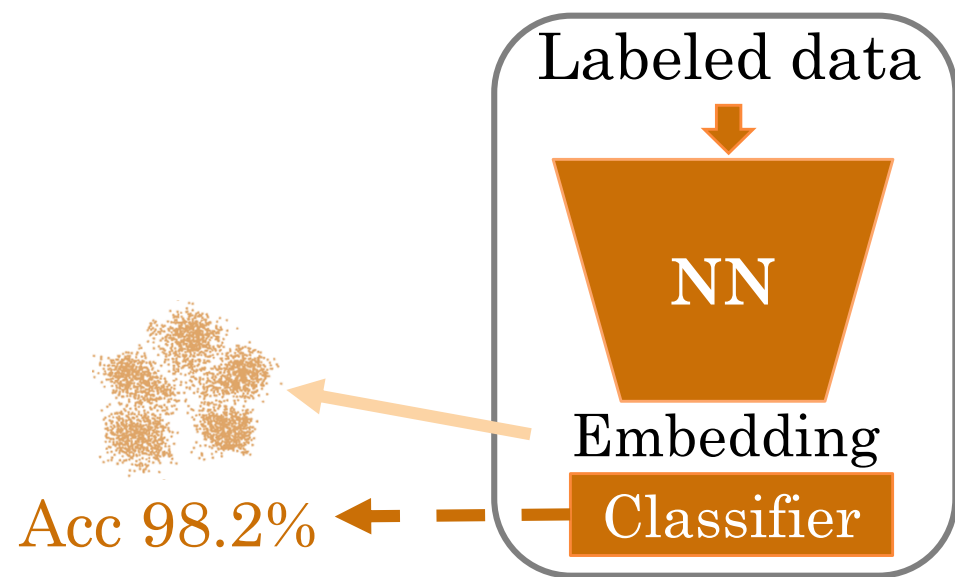
Predicting Success of NN Embedding in Few-Shot Learning

*Training the
full model*



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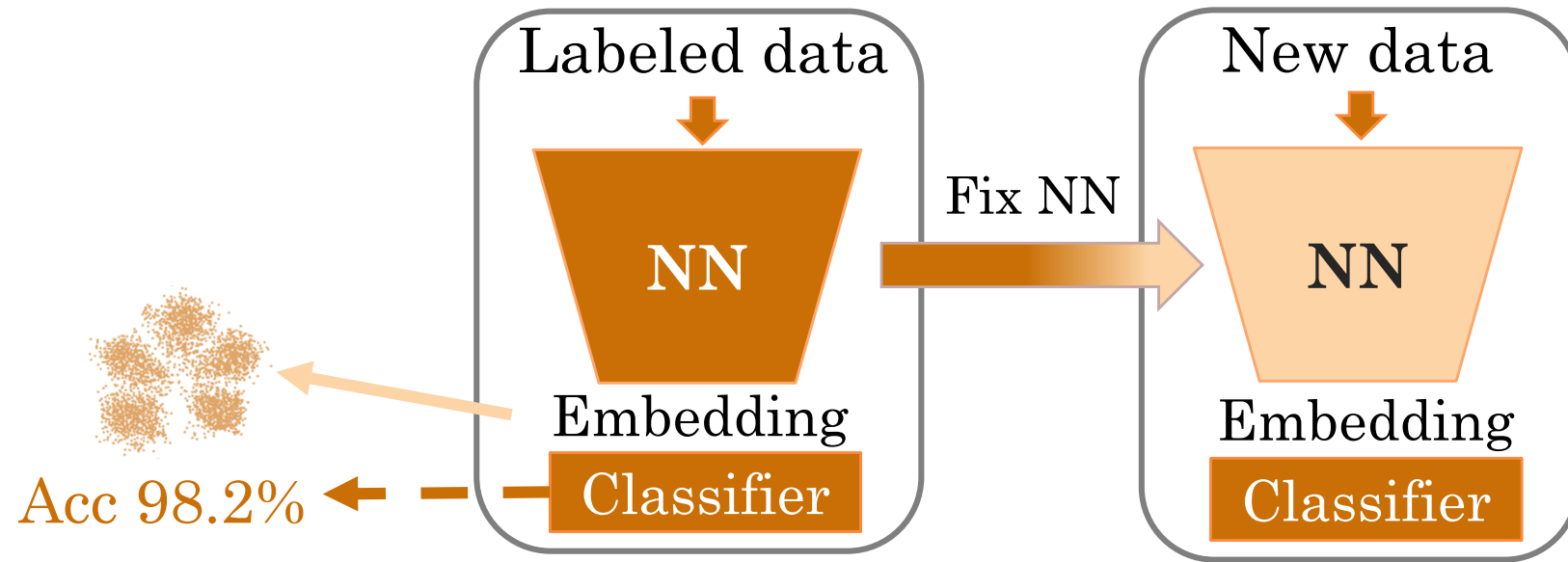
*Training the
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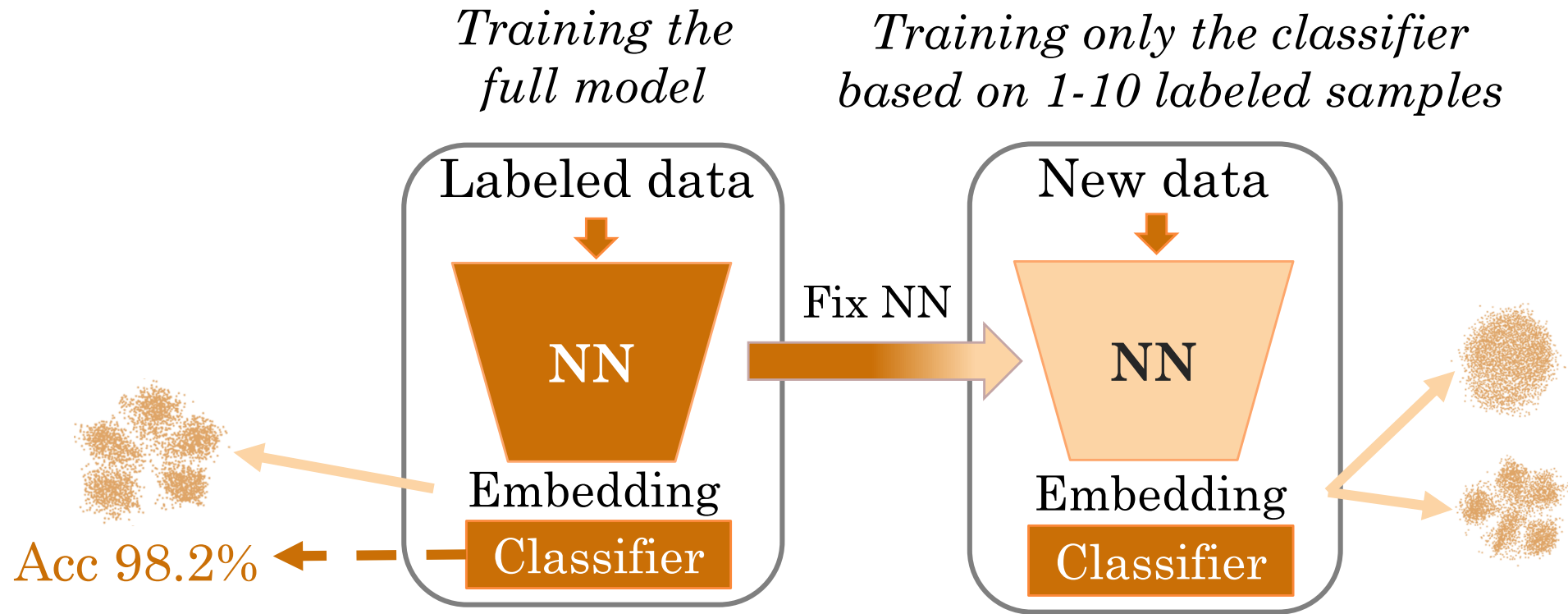
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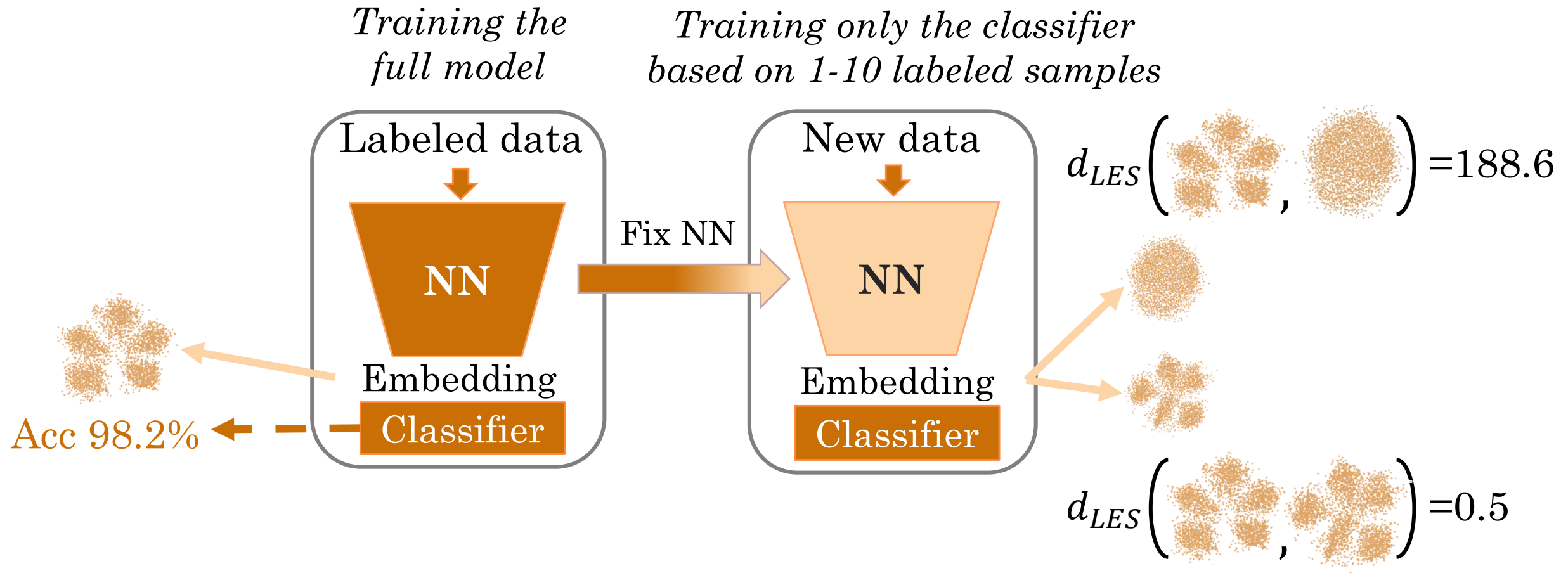
*Training only the classifier
based on 1-10 labeled samples*



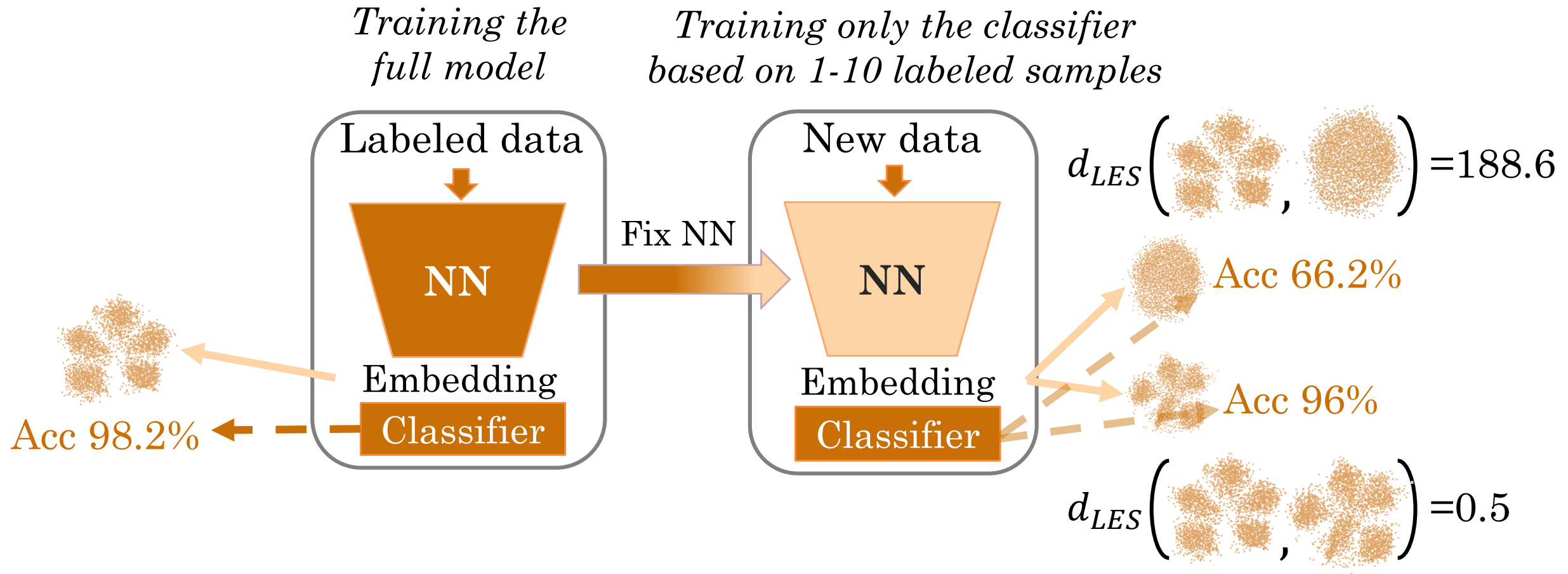
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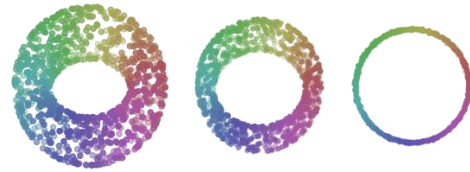


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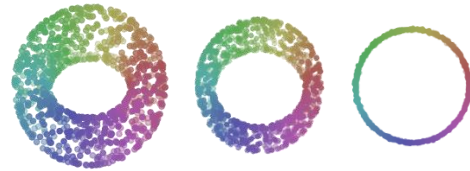
Additional Applications

- Geometric shape comparison



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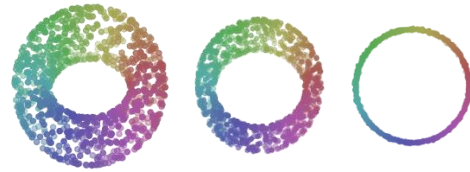


- NN layer embedding analysis

$$d_{LES}\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{point cloud 1} \\ \text{point cloud 2} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \text{point cloud 1} \\ \text{point cloud 2} \end{array}\right) \longleftrightarrow ? \longrightarrow d_{LES}\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{point cloud 1} \\ \text{point cloud 2} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \text{point cloud 1} \\ \text{point cloud 2} \end{array}\right)$$

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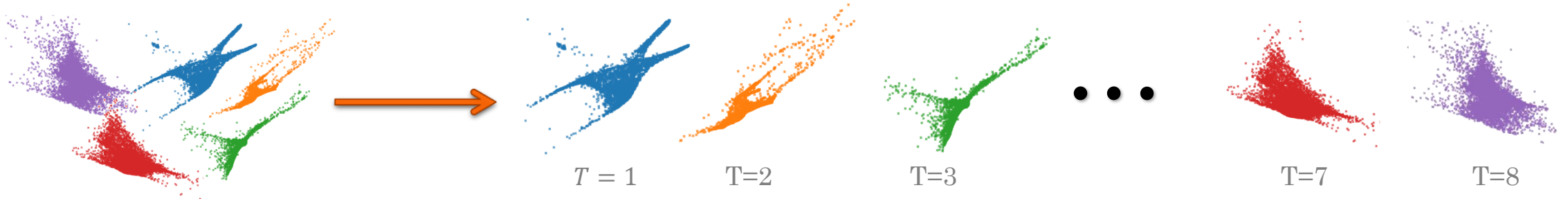
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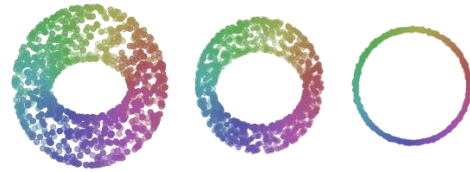
$$d_{LES}\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{[Point Cloud 1]} \\ \text{[Point Cloud 2]} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \text{[Point Cloud 3]} \\ \text{[Point Cloud 4]} \end{array}\right) \longleftrightarrow ? \longrightarrow d_{LES}\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{[Point Cloud 5]} \\ \text{[Point Cloud 6]} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \text{[Point Cloud 7]} \\ \text{[Point Cloud 8]} \end{array}\right)$$

- Evaluation of gene-expression data



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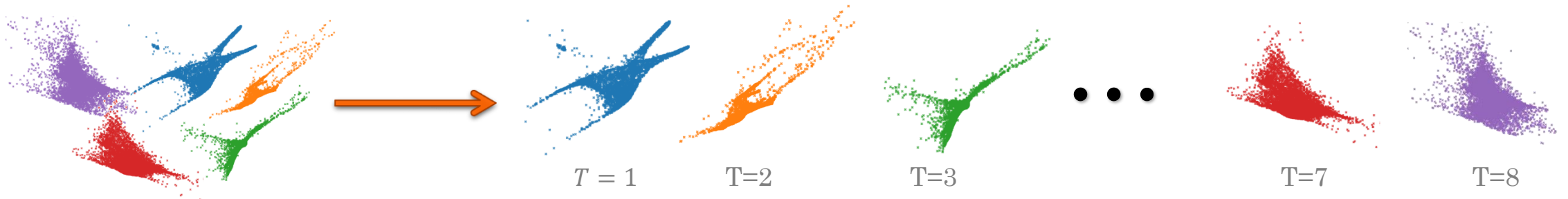
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$$d_{LES}\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{butterfly} \\ \text{butterfly} \end{array}\right) \longleftrightarrow ? \longrightarrow d_{LES}\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{butterfly} \\ \text{butterfly} \end{array}\right)$$

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Thank You!