



# Fair Clustering

• Algorithmic Fairness

• Common Unsupervised Learning Task



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• Further Implication: e.g., feature engineering

# 



















- Collection of n points P in  $\mathbb{R}^d$
- Each point is colored either red or blue
- Each cluster S has to be (r,b)-balanced

$$\frac{b}{r} \le \frac{\# \operatorname{red} \operatorname{points} \operatorname{in} S}{\# \operatorname{blue} \operatorname{points} \operatorname{in} S} \le \frac{r}{b}$$



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#### $(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2})$ -balanced



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(**r**,**b**)-Fair *k*-median: Find *k* centers that partition *P* into (*r*,*b*)-balanced clusters s.t. average distance of points to their centers is minimized.





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**Outline of Algorithm** [Chierichetti et al, NeurIPS'17]

I. Compute an approximately optimal fairlet decomposition $\alpha$ -approxII. Cluster the centers of fairlets into k groups $\beta$ -approx

**Theorem.** The proposed algorithm is  $O(\alpha + \beta)$ -approximation

Limitations: 1) Quadratic runtime in step

2) Only works for (t, 1)-balanced (t is an integer)

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**Theorem.**  $O(d \cdot \log n)$ -approx.

for fairlet-decomposition in  $O(d \cdot n \cdot \log n)$  time

I. Runs in near-linear time

II. Works for all values of (r,b)



# **Empirical Results**

Dataset	Balance	Fairlet Decomposition Cost	
		Previous Work*	Ours
Diabetes	0.8	~9836	2971
Bank	0.5	$\sim 5.46 \times 10^{5}$	$5.24 \times 10^{5}$
Census	0.5	$\sim 3.59 \times 10^{7}$	$2.41 \times 10^{7}$

\*(Chierichetti et al., NeurIPS 2017)



Runtime scales **almost linearly** in the number of points while the **empirical quality** is as good as (Chierichetti et al., 2017)

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# **Thank You!**

Poster: @6:30 pm - Pacific Ballroom #84