

Scale-free adaptive PLANNING for deterministic dynamics & discounted rewards

Peter Bartlett, Victor Gabillon, Jennifer Healey, Michal Valko



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An MCTS setting

MDP with **starting state** $x_0 \in X$, action space A

n interactions: At time t playing a_t in x_t leads to

Deterministic dynamics $g: x_{t+1} \triangleq g(x_t, a_t)$,

Reward: $r_t(x_t, a_t) + \varepsilon_t$ with ε_t being the noise

Objective: Recommend action $a(n)$ that minimizes

$$r_n \triangleq \max_{a \in A} Q^*(x, a) - Q^*(x, a(n)) \quad \text{simple regret}$$

where $Q^*(x, a) \triangleq r(x, a) + \sup_{\pi} \sum \gamma^t r(x_t, \pi(x_t))$

Assumption: $r_t \in [0, R_{\max}]$ and $|\varepsilon_t| \leq b$

Approach: Trying to explore without the parameters R_{\max} and b

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OLOP (Bubeck and Munos, 2010)

OLOP implements Optimistic Planning using Upper Confidence Bound (UCB) on the Q value of a sequence of q actions a_1, \dots, a_q :

$$\hat{Q}_t^{UCB}(a_{1:q}) \triangleq \underbrace{\sum_{h=1}^q \left(\gamma^h \hat{r}_h(t) + \gamma^h b \sqrt{\frac{1}{T_{a_h}(t)}} \right)}_{\text{estimation of observed reward}} + \underbrace{\frac{R_{\max} \gamma^{q+1}}{1 - \gamma}}_{\text{unseen reward}}$$

in optimization under a fixed budget n , **excellent strategies** allocate samples to actions **without knowing** R_{\max} or b

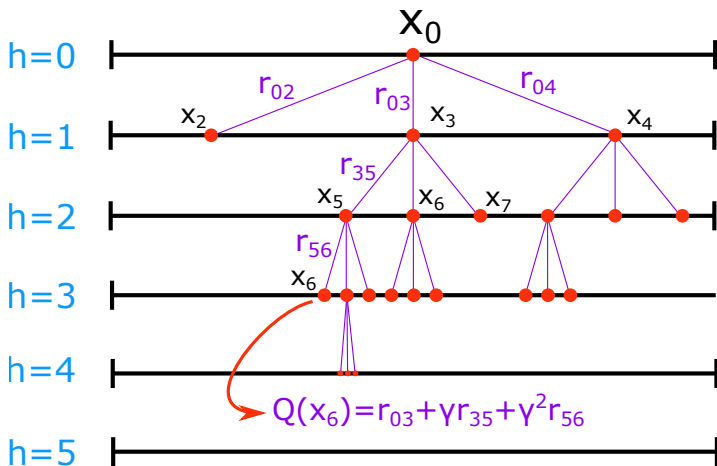
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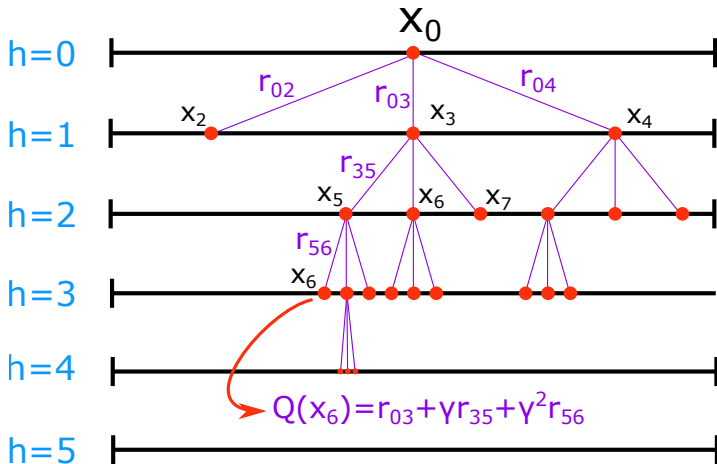
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Tree Search

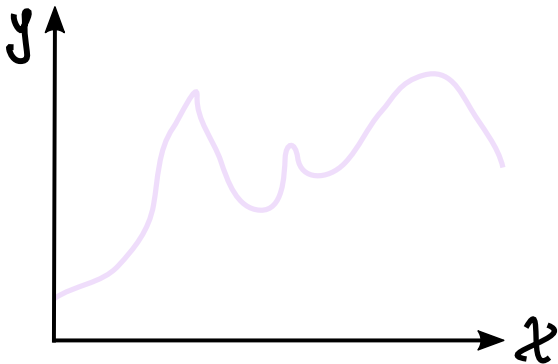


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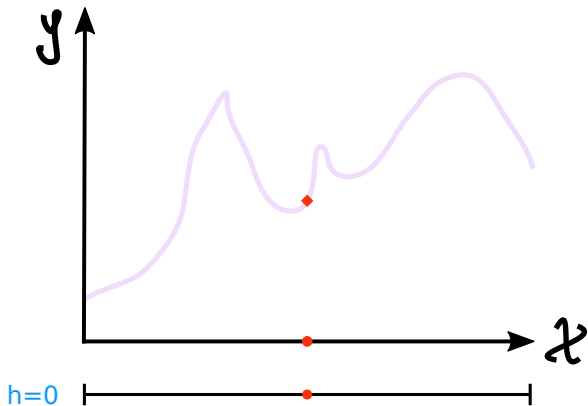


This is a zero order optimization!

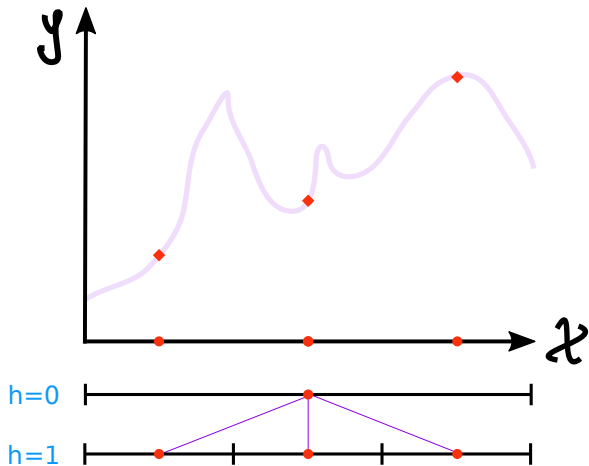
Black-box optimization: use the partitioning
to explore f (uniformly)



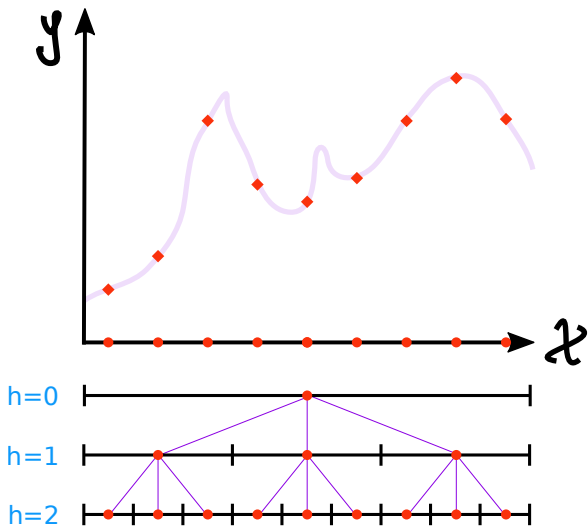
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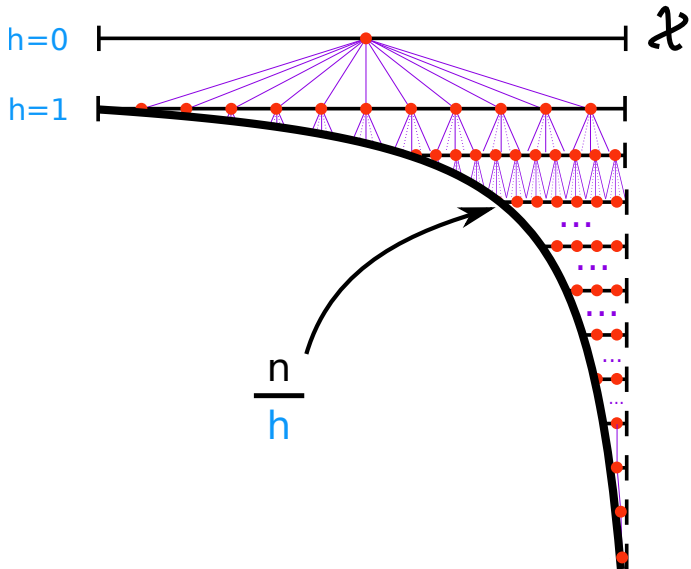
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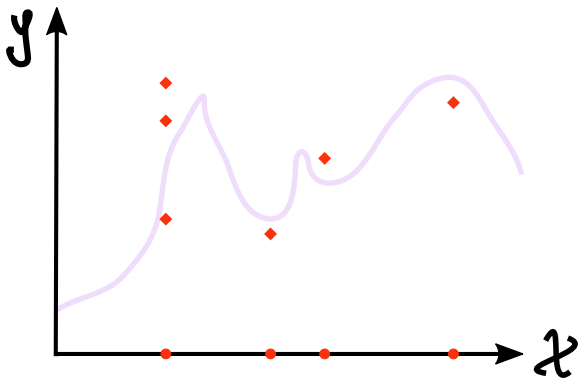
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Zipf exploration: Open best $\frac{n}{h}$ cells at depth h



Noisy case

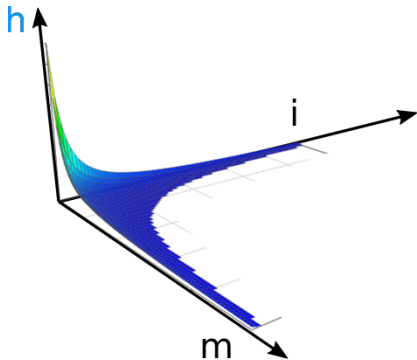


- need to pull more each x to limit uncertainty
- **tradeoff:** the more you pull each x the shallower you can explore

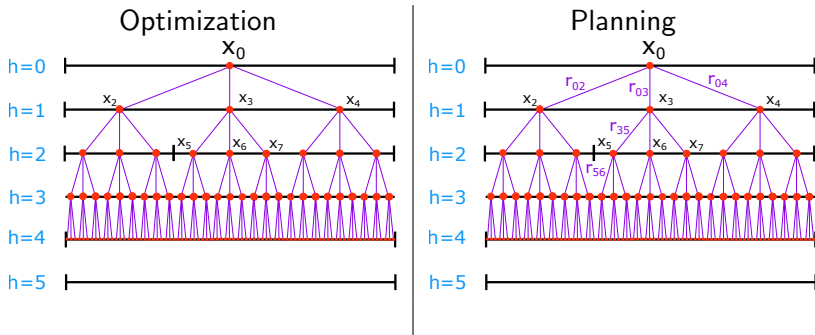
Noisy case: Stroqu00L (Bartlett et al. 2019)

At depth h :

- order the cells by decreasing value *and*
- open the i -th best cell with $m = \frac{n}{hi}$ estimations

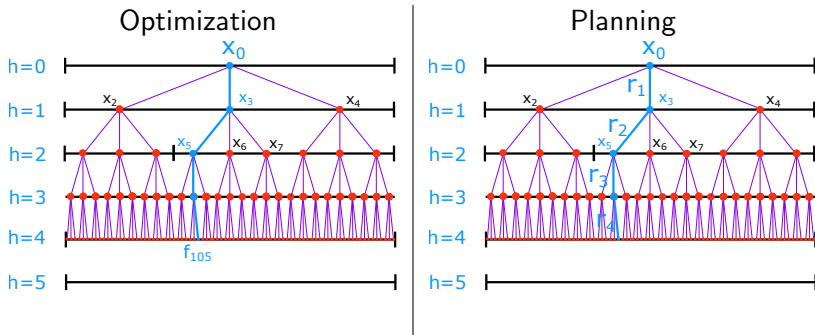


Black-box optimization vs planning: Reuse of samples and γ



Lower regret for planning! (Bubeck & Munos 2010)

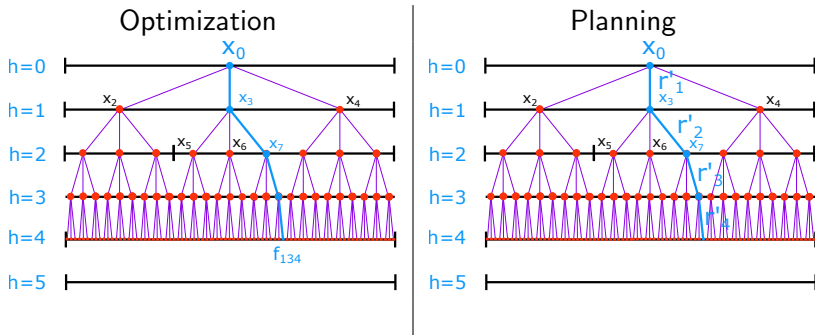
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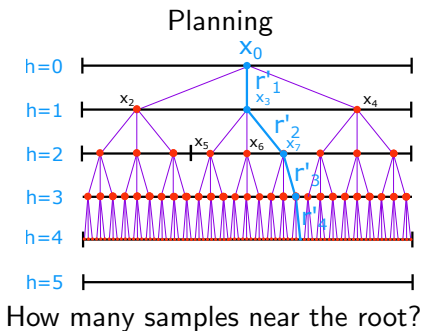
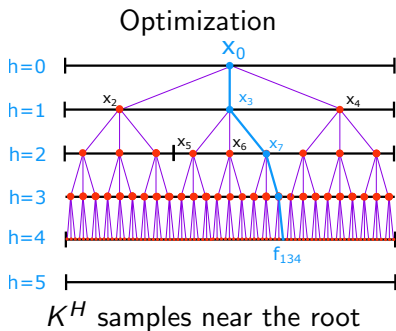
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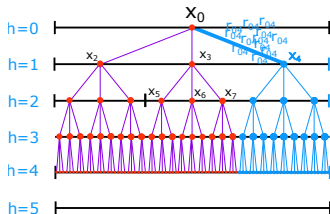
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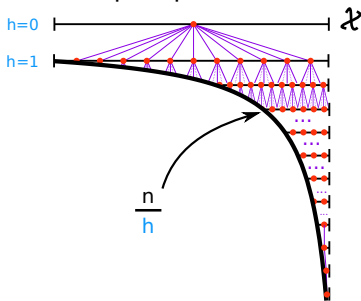
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Black-box optimization vs. planning: Reuse samples and take advantage of γ

Uniform exploration



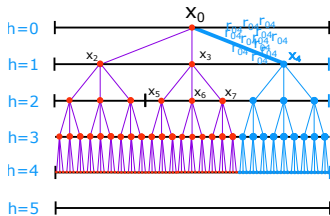
Zipf exploration



Bubeck & Munos: Only for uniform strategies ...
We figured the amount the samples needed!

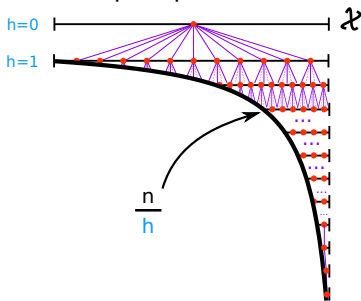
Black-box optimization vs. planning: Reuse samples and take advantage of γ

Uniform exploration



not sharing information

Zipf exploration



Sharing information

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The power of PlaT γ POOS

- implements **Zipf** exploration for MCTS Stroqu00L,
- explicitly pulls an action at depth $h + 1$, γ times less than action at depth h , ($Q^*(x, a) = r(x, a) + \sup_{\pi} \sum \gamma^t r(x_t, \pi(x_t))$),
- does not use UCB & no use of R_{\max} and b .)
- improves over OLOP with **adaptation to low noise** and **additional unknown smoothness**
- gets exponential speedups when no noise is present!