

# Benefits and Pitfalls of the Exponential Mechanism

with Applications to Hilbert Spaces and Functional PCA

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## Definition (DMNS06)

A privacy mechanism  $\{\mu_X : X \in \mathcal{X}^n\}$  satisfies  $\epsilon$ -Differential Privacy ( $\epsilon$ -DP) if for all measurable  $B$  and adjacent  $X, X' \in \mathcal{X}^n$ ,

$$\mu_X(B) \leq \mu_{X'}(B) \exp(\epsilon).$$

- Distribution of outputs does not change much if the input changes in one entry

- Given an objective function  $\xi_X : \mathcal{Y} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  for any  $X \in \mathcal{X}^n$
- The Exponential Mechanism samples  $\tilde{b}$  from the density

$$f_X(b) \propto \exp \left[ \left( \frac{\epsilon}{2\Delta} \right) \xi_X(b) \right]$$

and satisfies  $\epsilon$ -DP.

# Utility of Exponential Mechanism

## Theorem

Let  $(X_i)_{i=1}^{\infty}$  such that  $X_i \in \mathcal{X}$ . Define  $\xi_n(b) := \xi_{X_1, \dots, X_n}(b)$  for any  $b \in \mathbb{R}^p$ . Assume that

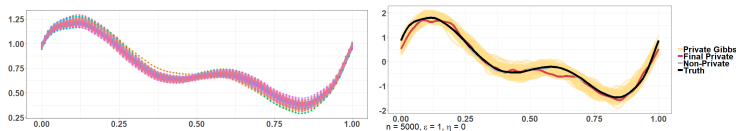
- $-\frac{1}{n}\xi_n$  is twice differentiable,  $\alpha$ -strongly convex, and has constant sensitivity  $\Delta$
- the minimizers  $\hat{b}$  converge to some  $b^*$
- $-\frac{1}{n}\xi''(\hat{b}) \rightarrow \Sigma$ , a positive definite matrix

Then,

$$\sqrt{n}(\tilde{b} - \hat{b}) \xrightarrow{d} N_p \left( 0, \left( \frac{2\Delta}{\epsilon} \right) \Sigma \right)$$

- Large class of objective functions
- Noise introduced by Exp Mech is asymptotically normal and  $O(1/\sqrt{n})$ .
- Same order as statistical estimation error
- Results in increased asymptotic variance compared to non-private estimator
- Unifies the results of [WZ10, WFS15, FGWC16]

- Require non-trivial base measure. Propose Gaussian process
- Give analogous utility result in infinite-dimensional spaces. GP must be chosen carefully.
- Apply Exp Mech to release DP functional principal components, extending [CSS13]



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