

# CAPSANDRUNS: An Improved Method for Approximately Optimal Algorithm Configuration

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  - ▶ the chosen configuration; and
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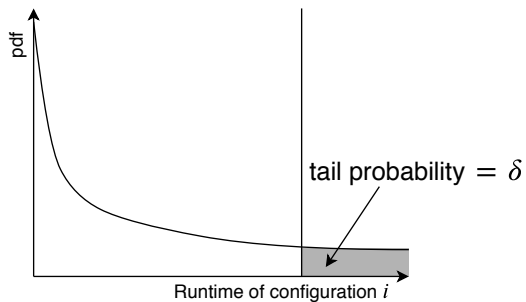
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  - ▶ the chosen configuration; and
  - ▶ the configuration process.
- **Goal:** find a near-optimal configuration solving  $1 - \delta$  fraction of the problems in the least expected time.
  - ▶ Since some instances ( $\delta$  fraction) are hopelessly hard; don't want to solve those.

## Problem formulation

Given:  $n$  configurations, distribution  $\Gamma$  of problem instances.

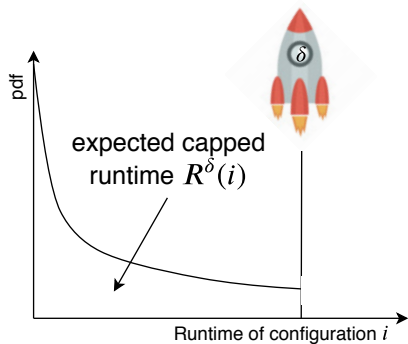
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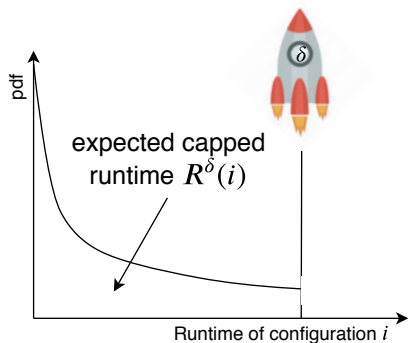
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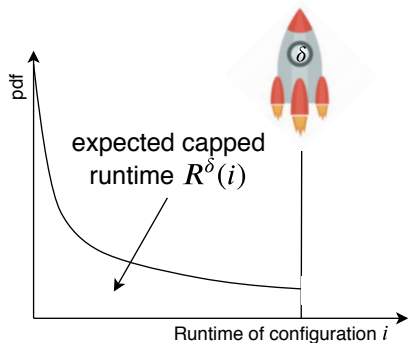
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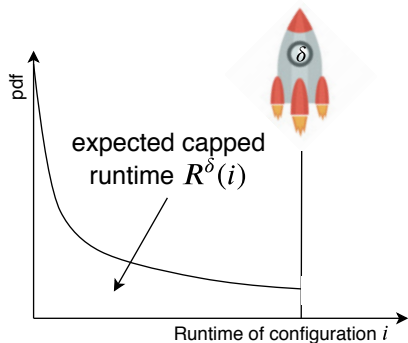
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Previous work (Kleinberg et al., 2017; Weisz et al., 2018): no capping of OPT: using  $\text{OPT}_0$  instead of  $\text{OPT}_{\delta/2}$ .

# Guarantees

- Previous work (Kleinberg et al., 2017; Weisz et al., 2018): with high probability,
  - (i) the algorithm finds an  $(\varepsilon, \delta)$ -optimal configuration;
  - (ii) with total work

$$\tilde{O}\left(\text{OPT}_0 \frac{n}{\varepsilon^2 \delta}\right).$$

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- This work with high probability finds an  $(\varepsilon, \delta)$ -optimal configuration:
  - ▶ Total work (simplified version):

$$\tilde{O}\left(n \text{OPT}_{\delta/2} \left(\frac{1}{\delta} + \max\left\{\frac{\sigma^2}{\max\{\varepsilon^2, \Delta^2\}}, \frac{r}{\max\{\varepsilon, \Delta\}}\right\}\right)\right),$$

where

- ★  $\Delta \sim$  gap between the best two configurations
- ★  $\sigma^2 \sim$  runtime variances,
- ★  $r \sim$  range of runtimes.

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## Phase I:

- For each configuration  $i$  find a runtime cap  $\tau_i$ 
  - ▶ that solves between  $1 - \delta$  and  $1 - \delta/2$  fraction of problem instances,
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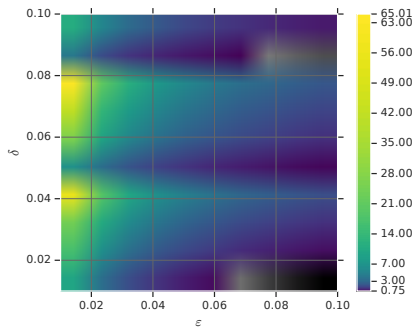
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## Phase II:

- Run a Bernstein race (Mnih et al., 2008) over the configurations.
  - ▶ Evaluate configurations in parallel, giving preference to better ones, shrinking confidence regions using Bernstein's inequality.

# Experiments

Configuring SAT solvers (Weisz et al., 2018):



Factor of total runtime improvement from LEAPSANDBOUNDS to CAPSANDRUNS for various values of  $\epsilon$  and  $\delta$ .

STRUCTURED PROCRASTINATION	LEAPSANDBOUNDS	CAPSANDRUNS
20643 ( $\pm 5$ ) days	1451 ( $\pm 83$ ) days	586 ( $\pm 7$ ) days

Thank you!

Poster #201