# From Importance Sampling to Doubly Robust Policy Gradient



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### Policy Gradient Estimators

## Off-Policy Evaluation Estimators



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PG with State Baselines 
$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \nabla \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big( \sum_{t'=t}^{T} \gamma^{t'} r_{t'} - \gamma^{t} b_{t} \Big)$$

OPE with State Baselines  $b_0 + \sum_{t=0}^{T} \gamma^t \rho_{[0:t]} \left( r_t + \gamma b_{t+1} - b_t \right)$ 



#### **MDP** Setting

- Episodic RL with discount factor  $\gamma$ , and maximum episode length T;
- Fixed initial state distribution;
- Trajectory is defined as  $s_0, a_0, r_0, s_1, ..., s_T, a_T, r_T$ .

#### Frequently used notations

- $\pi_{\theta}$ : Policy parameterized by  $\theta$ .
- $J(\pi_{\theta}) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi_{\theta}}[\sum_{t=0}^{T} \gamma^{t} r(s_{t}, a_{t})]$ : Expected discounted return of  $\pi_{\theta}$ .

 $\pi_{\theta}$  is the behavior policy and  $\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}$  as the target policy.  $r_t = r(s_t, a_t)$  and  $\pi_{\theta}^t = \pi_{\theta}(a_t|s_t)$ .

$$\widehat{J}(\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}) = \sum_{t=0}^{T} \gamma^{t} r_{t} \prod_{t'=0}^{t} \frac{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}^{t'}}{\pi_{\theta'}^{t'}}$$

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$$\begin{split} \widehat{J}(\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}) &= \sum_{t=0}^{T} \gamma^{t} r_{t} \prod_{t'=0}^{t} \frac{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}^{t'}}{\pi_{\theta}^{t'}} \\ &= \sum_{t=0}^{T} \gamma^{t} r_{t} \Big( 1 + \sum_{t'=0}^{t} \frac{\nabla_{\theta} \pi_{\theta}^{t'}}{\pi_{\theta}^{t'}} \Big) \Delta\theta + o(\Delta\theta) \end{split}$$

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Then

$$\lim_{\Delta\theta\to 0} \frac{\widehat{J}(\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}) - \widehat{J}(\pi_{\theta})}{\Delta\theta} = \sum_{t=0}^{T} \gamma^{t} r_{t} \sum_{t'=0}^{t} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t'}$$

which is known to be the standard PG.

Definition: Doubly-robust OPE estimator (unbiased) (Jiang and Li, 2016)

$$\widehat{J}(\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}) = \widetilde{V}_0^{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}} + \sum_{t=0}^{T} \gamma^t \Big(\prod_{t'=0}^t \frac{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}^{t'}}{\pi_{\theta}^{t'}}\Big) \Big(r_t + \gamma \widetilde{V}_{t+1}^{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_t^{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}}\Big).$$

where  $\widetilde{V}^{\theta+\Delta\theta} = \mathbb{E}_{a \sim \pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}}[\widetilde{Q}^{\theta+\Delta\theta}].$ 

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Theorem: Given DR-OPE estimator above, we can derive two unbiased estimators:

• If  $\widetilde{Q}^{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}} = \widetilde{Q}^{\pi_{\theta}}$  for arbitrary  $\Delta\theta$  [Traj-CV, (Cheng, Yan, and Boots., 2019)]

$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \left\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} + \sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} \Big( \widetilde{V}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} \Big) \Big] + \gamma^{t} \Big( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big) \Big\}.$$

• else [DR-PG (Ours)]

$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \left\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} + \sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} \Big( \widetilde{V}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} \Big) \Big] + \gamma^{t} \Big( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big) \right\}$$

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$$\widehat{J}(\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}) = \widetilde{V}_0^{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}} + \sum_{t=0}^T \gamma^t \Big(\prod_{t'=0}^t \frac{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}^{t'}}{\pi_{\theta}^{t'}}\Big) \Big(r_t + \gamma \widetilde{V}_{t+1}^{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_t^{\pi_{\theta+\Delta\theta}}\Big).$$

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**Remark 1:** The definitions of  $\nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V}$  are different. In Traj-CV,  $\nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V} = \mathbb{E}_{\pi_{\theta}} [\widetilde{Q}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}]$ , while in DR-PG,  $\nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V} = \mathbb{E}_{\pi_{\theta}} [\widetilde{Q}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta} + \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{Q}^{\pi_{\theta}}]$ 

**Remark 2:**  $\nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{Q}^{\pi_{\theta}}$  is not necessary a gradient but just an approximation of  $\nabla_{\theta} Q^{\pi_{\theta}}$ .

DR-PG

$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \Big\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} + \sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} \Big( \widetilde{V}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} \Big) \Big] + \gamma^{t} \Big( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big) \Big\}.$$

.

$$\mathsf{DR}\mathsf{-}\mathsf{PG}$$

$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \Big\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} + \sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} \Big( \widetilde{V}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} \Big) \Big] + \gamma^{t} \Big( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big) \Big\}.$$

$$\mathsf{Use} \ \widetilde{Q}^{\pi'} \text{ invariant to } \pi' \checkmark \mathsf{Traj-CV}$$

$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \Big\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} + \sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} \Big( \widetilde{V}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} \Big) \Big] + \gamma^{t} \Big( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big) \Big\}.$$

$$\mathsf{DR}\mathsf{-}\mathsf{PG}$$

$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \left\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \left[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} + \sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} \left( \widetilde{\mathsf{V}}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{\mathsf{Q}}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} \right) \right] + \gamma^{t} \left( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{\mathsf{V}}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{\mathsf{Q}}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{\mathsf{Q}}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \right) \right\}$$

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$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \left\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \left[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} + \sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} \left( \widetilde{\mathsf{V}}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{\mathsf{Q}}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} \right) \right] + \gamma^{t} \left( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{\mathsf{V}}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{\mathsf{Q}}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\mathbb{E}[\sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} \left( \widetilde{\mathsf{V}}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{\mathsf{Q}}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} \right) | s_{t+1} ] = 0 \text{ , dropped } \checkmark \mathsf{PG} \text{ with state-action baselines}$$

$$\sum_{t=0}^{'} \Big\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{'} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} \Big] + \gamma^{t} \Big( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big) \Big\}.$$

$$\mathsf{DR}\mathsf{-}\mathsf{PG}$$

$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \left\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} + \sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} \left( \widetilde{V}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} \right) \Big] + \gamma^{t} \left( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\mathsf{Use} \ \widetilde{Q}^{\pi'} \ \text{invariant to} \ \pi' \checkmark \mathsf{Traj-CV}$$

$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \left\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} + \sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} \left( \widetilde{V}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} \right) \Big] + \gamma^{t} \left( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\mathbb{E} [\sum_{t_{2}=t+1}^{T} \gamma^{t_{2}} (\widetilde{V}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t_{2}}^{\pi_{\theta}}) | s_{t+1} ] = 0, \ \text{dropped} \checkmark \mathsf{PG} \ \text{with state-action baselines}$$

$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \left\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} \Big] + \gamma^{t} \left( \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{V}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\mathsf{Use} \ \widetilde{V} \ as \ \widetilde{Q} \checkmark \mathsf{PG} \ \text{with state baselines}$$

$$\sum_{t=0}^{T} \left\{ \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \Big[ \sum_{t_{1}=t}^{T} \gamma^{t_{1}} r_{t_{1}} \Big] + \gamma^{t} \left( - \widetilde{V}_{t}^{\pi_{\theta}} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \right) \right\}.$$

Theorem The covariance matrix of the DR-PG estimator is

$$E\left[\sum_{n=0}^{T} \gamma^{2n} \left(\underbrace{\mathbb{V}_{n+1}[r_n] \left(\sum_{t=0}^{n} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t}\right) \left(\sum_{t=0}^{n} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t}\right)^{\mathsf{T}}}_{Randomness of reward} + \underbrace{\operatorname{Cov}_{n} \left[\nabla_{\theta} V_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}} + \left(\sum_{t=0}^{n-1} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t}\right) V_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}}\right]}_{Randomness of transition} + \underbrace{\operatorname{Cov}_{n} \left[\nabla_{\theta} Q_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{Q}_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}} + \left(\sum_{t=0}^{n} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t}\right) \left(Q_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}} - \widetilde{Q}_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}}\right) \left|s_{n}\right]\right)\right]}_{Randomness of policy}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{V}_n[\cdot] &:= \mathbb{V}[\cdot|s_0, a_0, \dots s_{n-1}, a_{n-1}] \\ \mathbb{E}_n[\cdot] &:= \mathbb{E}[\cdot|s_0, a_0, \dots s_{n-1}, a_{n-1}] \\ \operatorname{Cov}_n[\mathbf{V}] &:= \mathbb{E}_n[\mathbf{V}\mathbf{V}^\top] - \mathbb{E}_n[\mathbf{V}]\mathbb{E}_n[\mathbf{V}]^\top. \end{aligned}$$

**Theorem:** For tree-structured MDPs (i.e., each state only appears at a unique time step and can be reached by a unique trajectory), the Cramer-Rao lower bound of PG is

$$\mathbb{E}\Big[\sum_{t=0}^{T}\gamma^{2t}\underbrace{\left\{\mathbb{V}_{t+1}[r_t]\Big[\Big(\sum_{t_1=0}^{t}\frac{\partial\log\pi_{\theta}^{t_1}}{\partial\theta_i}\Big)\Big]^2}_{Randomness \ of \ reward} + \underbrace{\mathbb{V}_t\Big[\Big(V_t^{\pi_{\theta}}\sum_{t_1=0}^{t-1}\frac{\partial\log\pi_{\theta}^{t_1}}{\partial\theta_i} + \frac{\partial V_t^{\pi_{\theta}}}{\partial\theta_i}\Big)\Big]\right\}}_{Randomness \ of \ Transition}\Big]$$

which coincides with the variance of DR-PG when  $\widetilde{Q}^{\pi_{\theta}} \equiv Q^{\pi_{\theta}}$  and  $\nabla_{\theta} \widetilde{Q}^{\pi_{\theta}} \equiv \nabla_{\theta} Q^{\pi_{\theta}}$ .

### Covariance Comparison in Special Case

Deterministic environment with perfect value function estimation

Estimator	Covariance Matrices
PG with state baselines	$\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{n} \operatorname{Cov}_{n} \left[ \nabla_{\theta} Q_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}} + \left( \sum_{t=0}^{n-1} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \right) Q_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}} + \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{n} A_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}} \left  s_{n} \right] \right]$
PG with state-action baselines	$\left  \mathbb{E} \left[ \sum_{n} \operatorname{Cov}_{n} \left[ \nabla_{\theta} Q_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}} + \left( \sum_{t=0}^{n-1} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}^{t} \right) Q_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}} \middle  \mathbf{s}_{n} \right] \right]$
Trajwise-CV	$\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{n} \operatorname{Cov}_{n} \left[ \nabla_{\theta} Q_{n}^{\pi_{\theta}} \middle  s_{n} \right] \right]$
DR-PG	

### Experiments (Variance Reduction)



**Figure 1:** Variance reduction ratio.  $V_G$  denotes the sum of estimator *G*'s variance over all parameters of the neural network.

## Experiments (Algorithm Performance)



Figure 2: Performance in CartPole task. Average over 150 trials. Plot twice standard error.

## Experiments (Algorithm Time Complexity)



Figure 3: Comparison of GPU/CPU Usage .

Thank You! Welcome to our Q&A session!